UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

		Form 10-K	
√	ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC	TION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITII	ES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the fiscal year ended or	December 31, 2022	
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECUE	RITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period from	to	
	Commission file number	001-36504	
	•	Weatherford Internation	al plc
	(Exact name of registrant as specified in it	s charter)
	Ireland		98-0606750
(S	tate or other jurisdiction of incorporation or org	ganization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	2000 St. James Place, Houston, Texas		77056
	(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
		nt's telephone number, including area courities registered pursuant to Section 12(b	
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
	Ordinary shares, \$0.001 par value per share	WFRD	The Nasdaq Global Select Market
	Securit	ties registered pursuant to Section 12(g) o	f the Act: None
equirer ndicate Regulat ndicate mergin	nents for the past 90 days. Yes 🗆 No 🗆 by check mark whether the registrant has so ion S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for by check mark whether the registrant is a lateral section of the sect	ubmitted electronically every Interactive r such shorter period that the registrant waterge accelerated filer, an accelerated filer	to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of as required to submit such files). Yes ☑ No ☐ or, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an 'smaller reporting company' and "emerging growth company'
	accelerated filer ☑ Accelerated filer □	Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller repo	orting company Emerging growth company
f an en evised ndicate over fin	nerging growth company, indicate by check material accounting standards provided pursual by check mark whether the registrant has file ancial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Streport. Yes No	ark if the registrant has elected not to use ant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. and a report on and attestation to its managarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) b	the extended transition period for complying with any new o gement's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued
eflect t ndicate	he correction of an error to previously issued fi by check mark whether any of those error cor	inancial statements. rections are restatements that required a new rections are restatements.	r the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by
ndicate	the registrant's executive officers during the relouded by check mark whether the registrant is a shell by check mark whether the registrant has file	l company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the	
Act of 1 The agg	934 subsequent to the distribution of securities gregate market value of the voting stock held	s under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes by non-affiliates of the registrant as of .	
			be set forth in, and will be incorporated by reference from

Weatherford with the Securities and Exchange December 31, 2022.	Commission ("SEC") p	oursuant to Regulation	14A within 120 days a	fter the registrant's fisc	al year ended

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PART I

Item 1. Business

Weatherford International plc, an Irish public limited company, together with its subsidiaries ("Weatherford," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our"), is a leading global energy services company providing equipment and services used in the drilling, evaluation, well construction, completion, production, intervention and responsible abandonment of wells in the oil and natural gas exploration and production industry as well as new energy platforms. Many of our businesses, including those of our predecessor companies, have been operating for more than 50 years.

We conduct operations in approximately 75 countries, answering the challenges of the energy industry with 345 operating locations including manufacturing, research and development, service, and training facilities. Our operational performance is reviewed and managed across the life cycle of the wellbore and we report in three segments (1) Drilling and Evaluation, (2) Well Construction and Completions, and (3) Production and Intervention.

On June 1, 2021, NASDAQ approved our application for the listing of our ordinary shares. In connection with the listing, we became subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (as amended, the "Exchange Act"). Our ordinary shares began trading on The Nasdaq Global Select Market on June 2, 2021 under the ticker symbol "WFRD".

Our principal executive offices are located at 2000 St. James Place, Houston, Texas 77056 and our telephone number at that location is +1.713.836.4000. Our internet address is www.weatherford.com. General information about us, including our corporate governance policies, code of business conduct and charters for the committees of our Board of Directors, can be found on our website, and such information provided on our website, is not incorporated by reference into this Form 10-K. On our website we make available, free of charge, our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, proxy statements and amendments to those reports filed or furnished as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file or furnish them to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The SEC maintains a website that contains our reports, proxy and information statements, and our other SEC filings. The address of that site is www.sec.gov.

Strategy

Our goal is to create and deliver value for our shareholders through industry cycles by creating sustainable profitability that enables cash flow generation in our products and services. We accomplish this goal by disciplined use of capital, rigor around safety and operations, and a strong customer focus.

Our customers' objectives are continually evolving and are currently focused on disciplined capital and operational expenditures, generating investor and shareholder returns, reducing emissions, participating in the energy transition, and enhancing safety. Weatherford has aligned our technology development and operations around these objectives and expanded its role as a market leading provider of solutions that assist our customers in addressing their key operational challenges not just in conventional reservoirs but also in mature fields, unconventionals, offshore, and in digitalization and automation.

We have driven this solution-based focus across our organization through a commitment to improving safety and service quality, embedding a returns-focused mindset in our organization, and developing and commercializing new technologies that add value to our customers' operations.

Markets

Demand for our industry's products and services is driven by many factors, including commodity prices, the number of oil and gas rigs and wells drilled, depth and drilling conditions of wells, number of well completions, age of existing wells, reservoir depletion, regulatory environment and the level of workover activity worldwide.

Technology is critical to the energy services marketplace as a result of the maturity of the world's oil and natural gas reservoirs, declining production rates and the focus on complex well designs, in both land and offshore markets. With energy security being a driver for many customers and countries, our technology serves as an enabler in that regard. Customers continue to seek, test and use production-enabling technologies at an increasing rate. We invest substantial resources into building our technology offerings, which enable our customers to evaluate, develop and produce from their oil and natural gas reservoirs more efficiently. Our products and services enable our customers to increase production rates while reducing their costs of drilling and production.

Reportable Segments

The Company's chief operating decision maker, our chief executive officer, regularly reviews information to make operating decisions, allocate resources and assess performance of the business. We offer our services and technologies in relation to the well life cycle and have three reportable segments: (1) Drilling and Evaluation (2) Well Construction and Completions, and (3) Production and Intervention. All of our segments are enabled by a suite of digital monitoring, control and optimization solutions using advanced analytics to provide safe, reliable and efficient solutions throughout the well life cycle, including responsible abandonment.

Products and Services

Drilling and Evaluation ("DRE") offers a suite of services including managed pressure drilling, drilling services, wireline and drilling fluids. DRE offerings range from early well planning to reservoir management through innovative tools and expert engineering to optimize reservoir access and productivity.

Managed Pressure Drilling helps to manage wellbore pressures to optimize drilling performance. We incorporate various technologies, including rotating control devices and advanced automated control systems, as well as several drilling techniques, such as closed-loop drilling, air drilling, managed-pressure drilling and underbalanced drilling.

Drilling Services includes directional drilling, logging while drilling, measurement while drilling and rotary-steerable systems. We provide a full range of downhole equipment, including high-temperature and high-pressure sensors, drilling reamers and circulation subs.

Wireline includes open-hole and cased-hole logging services that measure the geophysical properties of subsurface formations to determine production potential, locate resources and detect cement and casing integrity issues. We also execute well intervention and remediation operations by conveying equipment via cable into existing wells.

Drilling Fluids provides fluids and chemicals essential to the drilling process.

Well Construction and Completions ("WCC") offers products and services for well integrity assurance across the full life cycle of the well. The primary offerings are tubular running services, cementation products, completions, liner hangers and well services. WCC deploys conventional to advanced technologies, providing safe and efficient services in any environment during the well construction phase.

Tubular Running Services provides equipment, tubular handling, tubular management and tubular connection services for the drilling, completions and workover of various types of wells. We include conventional rig services, automated rig systems, real-time torque-monitoring and remote viewing of the makeup and breakout verification process.

Cementation Products enable operators to centralize the casing throughout the wellbore and control the displacement of cement and other fluids for proper zonal isolation. Specialized equipment includes plugs, float and stage equipment and torque-and-drag reduction technology. Our cementation engineers analyze customer requirements and provide software enabled design input from pre-job planning to installation.

Completions offer customers a comprehensive line of completion tools, such as safety valves, production packers, downhole reservoir monitoring, flow control, isolation packers, multistage fracturing systems and sand-control technologies that set the stage for maximum production with minimal cost per barrel.

Liner Hangers suspend a casing string within a previous casing string thereby eliminating the need to run casing to the surface. We offer a comprehensive liner-hanger portfolio, along with engineering and execution experience, for a wide range of applications that include high-temperature and high-pressure wells.

Well Services provides through tubing products and services which ensure consistent delivery of well solutions that extend the economic life of our customer's assets.

Production and Intervention ("PRI") offers production optimization technologies through the Company's ability to design and deliver a complete production ecosystem ranging from boosting productivity to responsible abandonment for our customers. The primary offerings are intervention services & drilling tools, artificial lift, digital solutions (previously production automation

& software), sub-sea intervention and pressure pumping services in select markets. PRI utilizes a suite of reservoir stimulation designs, and engineering capabilities that isolate zones and unlock reserves in conventional and unconventional wells, deep water, and aging reservoirs.

Intervention Services & Drilling Tools provides re-entry, fishing and well abandonment services as well as patented bottom hole, tubular-handling equipment, pressure-control equipment and drill pipe and collars for various types of wells.

Artificial Lift provides pressure enabling methods to produce reservoir fluids from wells lacking sufficient reservoir pressure for natural flow. We provide most forms of lift, including reciprocating rod lift systems, progressing cavity pumping, gas-lift systems, hydraulic-lift systems, plunger-lift systems and hybrid lift systems for special applications. We also offer related automation and control systems.

Digital Solutions (previously Production Automation & Software) provides software, automation and flow measurement solutions. For our customers' drilling operations, the solutions deliver data aggregation, engineering, and optimization including performance analytics in real-time. For our customers' production operations, the solutions provide flow measurement, surveillance and control to deliver production optimization by integrating workflows and data for the well, surface facilities and the reservoir.

Sub-Sea Intervention provides electrical and hydraulic power transmission to subsea equipment in order to facilitate workovers in deep and ultra-deep water operations in select markets.

Pressure Pumping Services offers advanced chemistry-based solutions and associated pumping services for safe and effective production enhancements. In select international markets, we provide pressure pumping and reservoir stimulation services, including acidizing, fracturing, cementing and coiled-tubing intervention.

Competition

We provide our products and services worldwide and compete in a variety of distinct segments with a number of global and regional competitors. Our principal competitors include SLB, Halliburton, Baker Hughes, National Oilwell Varco, Nabors Industries, ChampionX and Expro Group Holdings. We also compete with various other regional suppliers that provide a range of equipment and services typically focused on local or regional markets. Competition is based on a number of factors, including performance, safety, quality, reliability, service, price, response time and, in some cases, depth and breadth of products. The energy services business is highly competitive, which may adversely affect our ability to succeed. Additionally, the impact of consolidation and acquisitions of our competitors is difficult to predict and may harm our business as a result.

Raw Materials

We purchase a wide variety of raw materials, as well as parts and components. We integrate products and components produced by other parties into the products and systems we sell. We continually evaluate our supplier portfolio to reduce our risk from sole sourcing and to ensure the availability of resources and raw materials and in supporting our sustainability efforts.

Customers

Substantially all of our customers are engaged in the energy industry and include national oil companies, international and independent oil and natural gas companies as well as new energy companies.

Research, Development and Patents

We maintain world-class technology and training centers throughout the world. Additionally, we have research, development and engineering teams focused on developing new technologies and improving existing products and services to meet customer demands for improved drilling performance, well integrity, and enhanced reservoir productivity, with emphasis on efficiency, reliability, safety and the environment. Weatherford has significant expertise, trade secrets, intellectual property and know-how with respect to the design, manufacturing and use of our equipment and providing our services. As many areas of our business rely on patents and proprietary technology, we seek to protect and defend our intellectual property through trade secrets and patent protection both inside and outside the U.S. for products and methods that we believe to have commercial significance. Although in the aggregate our patents are important to the manufacturing and marketing of many of our products and services, we do not believe that the expiration of any one of our patents would have a materially adverse effect on our business.

Seasonality

The widespread geographical locations of our operations serve to mitigate the overall impact of the seasonal nature of our business in any particular geographic region. Weather and natural phenomena can temporarily affect the level of demand for our products and services. Spring months in Canada and winter months in the North Sea and Russia typically have lower demand, driving a negative impact on operations. Additionally, heavy rains, hurricanes, unusual extreme freezes or other climate changes may impact our results. Unpredictable or unusually harsh weather conditions could lengthen the periods of reduced activity and have a detrimental impact on our results of operations. In addition, customer spending patterns for our products and services may result in higher activity in the fourth quarter of each calendar year as our customers seek to fully utilize their annual budgets.

Russia Ukraine Conflict

On February 24, 2022, the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine ("Russia Ukraine Conflict") began and in response, we evaluated, and continue to evaluate, our operations, with the immediate priority being centered on the safety and well-being of our employees in the impacted regions, as well as operating in full compliance with applicable international laws and sanctions.

In response to the Russia Ukraine Conflict, the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom, Switzerland and other countries have imposed certain restrictions and broad sanctions against Russia, certain Russian individuals and entities and certain activities involving Russia or such persons or entities. We continue to monitor and intend to remain in full compliance with the evolving sanctions landscape and will continue to fulfill existing contractual obligations within applicable laws and sanctions.

Revenues in Russia were approximately 7% of our total revenues for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020. As of December 31, 2022, our Russia operations include \$30 million in cash, \$98 million in other current assets, \$65 million in property, plant and equipment and other non-current assets, and \$52 million in liabilities. As the Russia Ukraine Conflict and related sanctions persist or are escalated, our business may be negatively impacted, potentially lowering revenues or triggering asset impairments in Russia.

Federal Regulation and Environmental Matters

Our operations are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations in the U.S. and globally relating to the energy industry in general and the environment in particular. Our 2022 expenditures to comply with environmental laws and regulations were not material, and we currently do not expect the cost of compliance with environmental laws and regulations for 2023 to be material. We continuously monitor and strive to maintain compliance with changes in laws and regulations that impact our business.

We have obligations and expect to incur capital, operating and maintenance, and remediation expenditures, as a result of compliance with environmental laws and regulations. Among those obligations, are the current requirements imposed by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ") at a former facility in Midland, Texas where we are performing a TCEQ-approved Remedial Action Plan ("RAP") to address contaminated ground water. The performance of the RAP and related expenses are scheduled to be performed over a twenty to thirty-year period and, may cost as much as \$11 million, all of which is recorded as an undiscounted obligation on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2022. We recorded \$6 million as an undiscounted obligation on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2021.

Human Capital Management

Focus on People and Culture

At Weatherford, our global team is driven to further our mission – producing energy for today and tomorrow. Pivotal to our culture and ensuring we fulfill our mission and vision is our "One Weatherford" spirit – individually, we are impressive, and together, we are unstoppable. Our One Weatherford spirit motivates our global teams to collaborate for shared success and to seek out unique perspectives, fostering a culture where everyone can grow and contribute.

Our global team comprises experts in various disciplines, including engineering, oilfield services support, and multiple corporate functions. In addition to our commitment to operating sustainably with safety, quality, and integrity, our actions are driven by our Core Values:

- Passion: We are energized by our work and inspired to make a positive impact in our industry, for our customers, across our Company, and in our communities:
- Accountability: We operate with integrity, enable our people and teams to be successful, and aim to be true to our word;
- Innovation: We are driven to deliver advancements that propel our Company, industry, and customers forward; and
- Value Creation: We aspire to achieving long-term value for all our stakeholders by providing compelling and unique benefits through technology differentiation and operational excellence.

We believe that ensuring we have the right talent in place is essential to delivering positive results for the business. We remain focused on developing our talent through training, competency, and mentoring, as well as attracting diverse and qualified individuals who will bring a fresh perspectives and skill sets to the team. Through role-specific competency-based training and leadership development programs, we seek to expand our employees' skill sets and regularly reinforce important topics that align with our core values and strategic priorities.

Focus on Safety

Weatherford is committed to the health, safety, and well-being of our employees, customers, and the communities in which we operate. We strive to be a company that is incident free, delivers on our promises, and leaves the environments and communities in which we operate better than we found them. Our company values are built on the foundation of safety, and we realize that a safe operation is indeed an efficient operation. Our commitment to safety and service quality is embedded into every level of our organization. Our Operational Excellence and Performance System ("OEPS"), is our integrated quality, health, safety, security, and environmental management system. OEPS meets or exceeds criteria outlined by international management system standards such as ISO 45001, supports our employees in the field, and enables us to deliver on our customer commitments without sacrificing quality, health, safety, security, or environmental performance. In addition, we have safety programs that are designed to educate employees and our Stop Work Authority program empowers them to intervene when they see unsafe behaviors or conditions.

Throughout the past year, we continued to focus on the safety and well-being of our employees as we navigated challenging circumstances including geopolitical events and the continuation of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Compensation

We believe in aligning our employees' compensation with the positive performance of our Company and returns realized for our shareholders. The goal of our compensation programs is to provide competitive compensation opportunities to each of our employees that are well-balanced between our current and long-term strategic priorities, that discourage excessive or unnecessary risk taking, and that reward our employees appropriately for their efforts. We are committed to maintaining and fostering a culture grounded in the principles inherent in pay-for-performance over the short and long-term for our employees eligible to receive a bonus. Through this culture, we strive to attract, motivate, retain and reward our employees for their work that contributes to building our brand and to sustaining our success in the marketplace. We believe our culture of aligning our compensation programs with our strategic priorities supports a cohesive drive towards value creation for all our stakeholders. In the past year, our Company underwent a strategic project to implement a new job structure that provides a consistent methodology and framework to support our organizational goals. The new job structure creates a foundation for defined career paths, learning and development, total rewards (i.e., benefits, compensation, and other rewards), workforce planning, and succession planning. We will continue to build out this project throughout the next year as we focus on further enhancing our compensation programs.

Diversity, Equity and Inclusion

We understand the importance of operating in a collaborative and inclusive manner across all levels of our organization, embracing the full spectrum of diversity among our employees and recognizing the strength and competitive advantages that our differences afford us as a Company. Our Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion ("DE&I") Program is a core element of our One Weatherford culture. Through our DE&I efforts, we aim to provide learning, engagement, and philanthropic opportunities to help our people and our communities flourish.

Our commitment to embedding our DE&I Program into our organization is championed from the Executive team to the frontline employees. In 2022 we continued to advance our program and awareness throughout the organization, including creating

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DE&I strategies for each of our regions, rolling out unconscious bias training, and conducting celebrations across the Company that foster collaboration and important conversations regarding DE&I. We also expanded participation across all employee levels and regions in the Women of Weatherford employee resource group which seeks to engage, support, empower, and inspire women to foster professional growth, advancement, and leadership within Weatherford.

Community Impact and Volunteering

In addition to investing in our employees, we are committed to making a positive impact in the communities in which we live and work. Across the globe, our employees give back to organizations who need support in terms of donated items, volunteered time, and financial giving. For example, our team in Canada participates in an annual radiothon to support a local hospital, and our offices across the Latin America and Europe and Africa regions donate time and resources to orphanages, hospitals, and schools to support children and their families. In the United States, we continue to raise funds and awareness to find a cure for Multiple Sclerosis ("MS") through the MS Society and through our annual Weatherford Walks event, we raised more than \$400,000 benefiting a number of local organizations.

Employee Statistics

As of December 31, 2022, Weatherford had approximately 17,700 employees globally, located in 75 different countries. Some of our operations are subject to union contracts and these contracts cover approximately 13% of our employees.

Executive Officers of Weatherford

The following table sets forth, as of February 8, 2023, the names and ages of the executive officers of Weatherford, including all offices and positions held by each for at least the past five years. There are no family relationships between the executive officers of the Company or between any director and any executive officer of the Company.

Name	Age	Current Position and Five-Year Business Experience
Girishchandra K. Saligram	51	President and Chief Executive Officer of Weatherford International plc, since October 2020
		Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Exterran Corporation from August 2018 to September 2020
		Senior Vice President Global Services of Exterran Corporation from August 2016 to August 2018
Arunava Mitra	50	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Weatherford International plc, since January 2023
		Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Mitsubishi Power Americas Inc. from October 2021 to December 2022
		Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Mitsubishi Hitachi Power Systems of Americas Inc. from October 2014 to October 2021
Charles W. Davison, Jr. (a)	54	Executive Vice President and Chief Operations Officer of Weatherford International plc, since January 2023
		Executive Vice President of Operational Excellence of Weatherford International plc, from September 2022 to January 2023
		President and Chief Executive Officer of Strike, LLC from June 2021 to September 2022
		Chief Operating Officer of Oceaneering International from June 2019 to June 2021
		Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of Fairfield Geotechnologies from March 2018 to June 2019
		President and Chief Executive Officer of Fairfield Geotechnologies from June 2015 to March 2018
Scott C. Weatherholt (b)	45	Executive Vice President, General Counsel, and Chief Compliance Officer of Weatherford International plc, sinc July 2020
		Senior Vice President and General Counsel of Arena Energy, L.P., from September 2019 to July 2020
		Executive Vice President, General Counsel, and Corporate Secretary at Midstates Petroleum Company, Inc., fron February 2015 to August 2019
Joseph Mongrain	64	Executive Vice President and Chief People Officer of Weatherford International plc, since November 2021
		Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer of Weatherford International plc, from March 2021 to November 2021
		Vice President Human Resources of Anadarko Petroleum Corporation from September 2016 to August 2019
Desmond J. Mills	50	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of Weatherford International plc, since November 202 (Interim Chief Financial Officer August 2022 to January 2023)
		Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of Weatherford International plc, from March 2021 to Novembe 2021
		Segment Compliance Manager, Construction Industries Segment, Caterpillar Inc., from July 2020 to March 2021
		Division Chief Financial Officer, Integrated Components and Solutions Division, Caterpillar Inc., from Septembe 2018 to July 2020
		Finance Director, Caterpillar Brasil Ltda., Caterpillar Inc., from January 2015 to August 2018

⁽a) Prior to joining Weatherford, Mr. Davison was the President and Chief Executive Officer of Strike, LLC from June 2021 to September 2022 when the company filed for bankruptcy protection on December 6, 2021 in the Federal Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas (Houston Division) and served the company before, during and after its bankruptcy.

⁽b) Prior to joining Weatherford, Mr. Weatherholt was the General Counsel at Midstates Petroleum Company, Inc. when the company filed for bankruptcy protection on May 1, 2016 in the Federal Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas (Houston Division) and served the

company before, during and after its bankruptcy. In addition, he was the Senior Vice President & General Counsel of Arena Energy, LP, which filed for bankruptcy protection on August 20, 2020 in the Federal Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas (Houston Division) approximately 4 weeks after his departure from the company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

An investment in our securities involves various risks. You should consider carefully all the risk factors described below, the matters discussed herein under "Forward-Looking Statements" and other information included and incorporated by reference in this Form 10-K, as well as in other reports and materials that we file with the SEC. If any of the risks described below, or elsewhere in this Form 10-K, were to materialize, our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and or prospects could be materially adversely affected. In such case, the trading price of our ordinary shares could decline and investors could lose part or all of their investment. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also materially adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Energy Services Industry Risks

Our business is dependent on capital spending by our customers which is greatly affected by fluctuations in oil and natural gas prices and the availability and cost of capital; reductions in capital spending by our customers has had, and could continue to have, an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Demand for our products and services is tied to the level of exploration, development and production activity and the corresponding capital and operating spending by oil and natural gas exploration and production companies, including national oil companies. The level of exploration, development and production activity is directly affected by fluctuations in oil and natural gas prices, which historically have been volatile and are likely to continue to be volatile in the future, especially given current geopolitical and economic conditions. Low oil and natural gas prices and declines in global demand for oil and natural gas, including reduced demand as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, have previously led to our customers, including national oil companies and large oil and natural gas exploration and production companies, to greatly reduce planned future capital expenditures. Factors affecting the prices of oil and natural gas include, but are not limited to:

- the level of supply and demand for oil and natural gas;
- the ability or willingness of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") and the expanded alliance ("OPEC+") and other high oil exporting non-OPEC+ nations to set and maintain oil production levels;
- the level of oil and natural gas production in the U.S. and by other non-OPEC+ countries;
- · oil refining capacity;
- · shifts in end-customer preferences toward sustainable energy sources, fuel efficiency and the use of natural gas;
- the cost of, and constraints associated with, producing and delivering oil and natural gas;
- governmental regulations, including the policies of governments regarding the exploration for and production and development of their oil and natural gas reserves;
- · weather conditions, natural disasters, and health or similar issues, such as pandemics or epidemics;
- · worldwide political, military, and economic conditions (including impacts from the Russia Ukraine Conflict); and
- increased demand for alternative energy and electric vehicles, including government initiatives to promote the use of sustainable, renewable energy sources and public sentiment around alternatives to oil and natural gas.

Reductions in capital spending or reductions in the prices we receive for our products and services provided to our customers could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Spending by exploration and production companies can also be impacted by conditions in the capital markets, which may be volatile at times. Limitations on the availability of capital or higher costs of capital may cause exploration and production companies to make additional reductions to their capital budgets even if oil and natural gas prices increase from current levels. In addition, the transition of the global energy sector from primarily a fossil fuel-based system to renewable energy sources could affect our customers' levels of expenditures. Any such reductions in spending could curtail drilling programs, as well as discretionary spending on well services, which may result in a reduction in the demand for certain of our products and services, the rates we can charge for and the utilization of our assets, any or all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our fulfillment system relies on a global network of external suppliers and service providers, which may be impacted by macroeconomic conditions and geopolitical conflict and instability. Shortages, supplier capacity constraints, supplier production disruptions, supplier quality and sourcing issues or price increases could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We purchase a variety of raw materials, as well as parts and components made by other manufacturers and suppliers for use in our manufacturing facilities. Our global supply chain is also subject to macroeconomic conditions and political risks. Adverse macroeconomic conditions, including inflation, slower growth or recession and higher interest rates could create disruptions in our supply chain. Similarly, geopolitical risks, including instability resulting from civil unrest, political demonstrations, strikes and armed conflict or other crises in the oil and gas producing regions, such as the Russia Ukraine Conflict and the resulting sanctions could change the global supply chain dynamics and demand. A disruption in deliveries to or from suppliers or decreased availability of materials could have an adverse effect on our ability to meet our commitments to customers or increase our operating costs. Also, certain parts and equipment that we use in our operations may be available only from a small number of suppliers, manufacturers or service providers, or in some cases may be sourced through a single supplier, manufacturer or service provider. A disruption in the deliveries from such third-party suppliers, manufacturers or service providers, capacity constraints, production disruptions, price increases, quality control issues, recalls or other decreased availability of parts and equipment could adversely affect our ability to meet our commitments to customers and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Climate change, environmental, social and governance and sustainability initiatives may result in regulatory or structural industry changes that could require significant operational changes and expenditures, reduce demand for our products and services and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, stock price or access to capital markets.

Climate change, environmental, social and governance ("ESG") and sustainability are a growing global movement. Continuing political and social attention to these issues has resulted in both existing and pending international agreements and national, regional and local legislation, regulatory measures, reporting obligations and policy changes. Also, there is increasing societal pressure in some of the areas where we operate, to limit greenhouse gas emissions as well as other global initiatives. These agreements and measures, including the Paris Climate Accord, may require, or could result in future legislation, regulatory measures or policy changes that would require, significant equipment modifications, operational changes, taxes, or purchases of emission credits to reduce emission of greenhouse gases from our operations or those of our customers, which may result in substantial capital expenditures and compliance, operating, maintenance and remediation costs. As a result of heightened public awareness and attention to these issues as well as continued political and regulatory initiatives to reduce the reliance upon oil and natural gas, demand for hydrocarbons may be reduced, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations. The imposition and enforcement of stringent greenhouse gas emissions reduction requirements could severely and adversely impact the oil and natural gas industry and therefore significantly reduce the value of our business.

Certain financial institutions, institutional investors and other sources of capital have begun to limit or eliminate their investment in financing of conventional energy-related activities due to concerns about climate change, which could make it more difficult for our customers and for us to finance our respective businesses. Increasing attention to climate change, ESG and sustainability has resulted in governmental investigations, and public and private litigation, which could increase our costs or otherwise adversely affect our business or results of operations.

In addition, organizations that provide information to investors on corporate governance and related matters have developed ratings processes for evaluating companies on their approach to ESG matters. Such ratings are used by some investors to inform their investment and voting decisions. Unfavorable ESG ratings may lead to increased negative investor sentiment toward us and our industry and to the diversion of investment to other companies or industries, which could have a negative impact on the price of our securities and our access to and costs of capital.

Any or all of these ESG and sustainability initiatives may result in significant operational changes and expenditures, reduced demand for our products and services, and could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, stock price or access to capital markets.

Failure to effectively and timely address the need to operate more sustainably and with a lower carbon footprint and impact could adversely affect our business, results of operations and cash flows.

Our long-term success may depend on our ability to effectively lower the carbon impact of how we deliver our products and services to our customers as well as adapting our technology portfolio for potentially changing government requirements and customer preferences towards more sustainable competitors. We may also consider engaging with our customers to develop solutions to decarbonize our customers' oil and natural gas operations. We could potentially lose engagement with customers, investors and/or certain financial institutions if we fail or are perceived to fail at effectively and timely addressing the need to conduct our operations and provision of services to our customers more sustainably and with a lower carbon footprint which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Failure to effectively and timely address the energy transition could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our long-term success depends on our ability to effectively participate in the energy transition, which will require adapting our technology portfolio to potentially changing market demand for products and services and to support the production of energy from sources other than hydrocarbons (e.g., geothermal, carbon capture, responsible abandonment, wind, solar and hydrogen). If the energy transition landscape changes faster than anticipated or in a manner that we do not anticipate, demand for our products and services could be adversely affected. Furthermore, if we fail or are perceived to not effectively implement an energy transition strategy, or if investors or financial institutions shift funding away from companies focused primarily or solely in fossil fuel-related industries, it could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of reparations and our access to capital or the market for our securities.

Severe weather, including extreme weather conditions, has in the past, and could in the future, adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our business has been, and in the future will likely be, affected by severe weather in areas where we operate, which could materially adversely affect our operations. In addition, the frequency and severity of extreme weather conditions may also materially affect our operations and financial results. Any such extreme weather-related events could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Liability claims resulting from catastrophic incidents could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations

Drilling for and producing hydrocarbons, and the associated products and services that we provide, include inherent dangers that may lead to property damage, personal injury, death or the discharge of hazardous materials into the environment. Many of these events are outside our control. Typically, we provide products and services at a well site where our personnel and equipment are located together with personnel and equipment of our customer and third parties, such as other service providers. At many sites, we depend on other companies and personnel to conduct drilling and other operations in accordance with appropriate safety standards. From time to time, personnel are injured or equipment or property is damaged or destroyed, as a result of accidents, equipment failures, faulty products or services, failure of safety measures, uncontained formation pressures or other dangers inherent in drilling for or producing oil and natural gas. Any of these events can be the result of human error. With increasing frequency, our products and services are deployed on more challenging prospects both onshore and offshore, where the occurrence of the types of events mentioned above can have an even more catastrophic impact on people, equipment or the environment. Such events may expose us to significant potential losses which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Business and Operational Risks

A significant portion of our revenue is derived from our operations outside the U.S., which exposes us to risks inherent in doing business in each of the 75 countries in which we operate.

The U.S. accounted for 20%, 19% and 20% of revenues in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The rest of our revenues were from non-U.S. operations. Operations in countries other than the U.S. are subject to various risks, including:

• global political, economic and market conditions, political disturbances, war, terrorist attacks, changes in global trade policies, weak local economic conditions and international currency fluctuations (including the Russia Ukraine Conflict);

- general global economic repercussions related to U.S. and global inflationary pressures and potential recessionary concerns;
- failure to ensure on-going compliance with current and future laws and government regulations, including but not limited to those related to the Russia Ukraine Conflict, and environmental and tax and accounting laws, rules and regulations;
- changes in, and the administration of, treaties, laws, and regulations, including in response to issues related to the Russia Ukraine Conflict and the potential for such issues to exacerbate other risks we face;
- exposure to expropriation of our assets, deprivation of contract rights or other governmental actions;
- social unrest, acts of terrorism, war or other armed conflict;
- · fraud and political corruption;
- varying international laws and regulations;
- adequate responses to the COVID-19 pandemic and related restrictions;
- confiscatory taxation or other adverse tax policies;
- trade and economic sanctions or other restrictions imposed by the European Union, the United Kingdom, the U.S. or other countries, including in response to the Russia Ukraine Conflict;
- · exposure under the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act or similar governmental legislation in other countries; and
- restrictions on the repatriation of income or capital.

Our business could be negatively affected by cybersecurity incidents and other technology disruptions.

We rely heavily on information systems and other digital technology to conduct and protect our business. These information systems and other digital technology may become increasingly more susceptible to sophisticated cybersecurity attacks, incursions or other incidents such as unauthorized access to data and systems, loss or destruction of data (including confidential customer, supplier and employee information), computer viruses, or other malicious code, phishing and cyberattacks, and other similar events. These incidents could arise from numerous sources, not all of which would necessarily be within our control, including fraud or malice on the part of third parties, governmental actors, accidental technological failure, electrical or telecommunication outages, failures of computer servers or other damage to our property or assets, human error, complications encountered as existing systems are maintained, repaired, replaced, or upgraded or outbreaks of hostilities or terrorist acts.

Given the rapidly evolving nature of cybersecurity incidents, there can be no assurance that the controls we have designed and implemented to prevent or limit the effects of cybersecurity incidents or attacks will be sufficient in preventing all such incidents or attacks, or be able to avoid a material impact to our systems as such incidents or attacks occur. Recent widespread ransomware attacks and cybersecurity breaches in the U.S. and elsewhere have affected many companies. To date, none of these have had a material impact on us. Cybersecurity incidents can result in the disclosure of confidential or proprietary customer, supplier or employee information; theft or loss of intellectual property; impairment in our ability to operate or conduct our business; damage to our reputation with our customers, suppliers, employees and the market; failure to meet customer requirements or result in customer dissatisfaction; legal and regulatory exposure, including fines or legal proceedings (including as a result of our failure to make adequate or timely disclosures to the public, government agencies or affected individuals, whether due to delayed discovery or the time it takes to investigate or remediate); damage to equipment (which could cause environmental or safety issues) and other financial costs and losses, including as a result of any remediation efforts. While Weatherford imposes strict controls on third-party system connectivity to our systems, the threat of an attack via a third-party system is never null.

The occurrence of any cybersecurity incident can go unnoticed for a period of time despite efforts to detect and respond in a timely manner. Any investigation of a cybersecurity incident is inherently unpredictable, and it takes time before the completion of any investigation and before there is availability of full and reliable information. During such time we are not necessarily able to know the extent of the harm or how best to remediate it, and certain errors or actions could be repeated or compounded before they are discovered and remediated, all or any of which further increase the costs and consequences of a cybersecurity event or other security incident. As cybersecurity incidents and attacks continue to evolve, we may be required to expend significant additional resources and incur significant expenses to continue to modify or enhance our protective measures or to investigate, respond to or remediate any information security vulnerabilities.

Any cybersecurity incident could have a material adverse effect on our business, reputation, financial condition and results of operations.

The COVID-19 pandemic significantly weakened demand for our products and services and had a substantial negative impact on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. A future pandemic may result in similar impacts.

The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2021, including actions taken by businesses and governments to contain the spread of the virus, resulted in a significant reduction in international and U.S. economic activity and severely impacted our business and our industry. The effects included adverse revenue and net income impacts; disruptions to our operations; customer shutdowns of oil and natural gas exploration and production; employee impacts from illness, school closures and other community response measures; and temporary closures of our facilities or the facilities of our customers and suppliers.

The COVID-19 pandemic, and the volatile regional and global economic conditions stemming from the pandemic, exacerbated the potential negative impact from many of the other risks we face. We believe that in addition to the impacts described above, other impacts included or could in the future include, but are not limited to:

- Structural shift in the global economy and its demand for oil and natural gas as a result of changes in the way people work, travel and interact, or in connection with a global or regional recession or depression;
- Reduction of our global workforce to adjust to market conditions, including severance payments, retention issues, and an inability to hire employees
 when market conditions improve;
- Infections and quarantining of our employees and the personnel of our customers, suppliers and other third parties in areas in which we operate;
- Our insurance policies may not cover losses associated with pandemics or similar global health threats;
- Litigation risk and possible loss contingencies related to a pandemic and its impact, including with respect to commercial contracts, employment
 matters, personal injury and insurance arrangements; and
- Cybersecurity incidents, as our reliance on digital technologies increases, those digital technologies may become more vulnerable and experience a
 higher rate of cybersecurity attacks, intrusions or incidents in the current environment of remote connectivity, as well as increased geopolitical
 conflicts and tensions.

Our business is dependent upon our on our ability to efficiently and effectively perform and provide products and services to our customers. As such, we continue to find ways to improve and invest in our people, processes and systems. Our inability to efficiently and effectively execute for our customers and our inability to make timely investments in our people, processes and systems could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our customers rely on our ability to efficiently perform and execute on the delivery of our products and services, and a low success rate could adversely impact margins and our ability to obtain market share. Additionally, we continuously identify opportunities to invest in our people, processes and systems, however, we may not be able to adjust quickly enough to capitalize on market share during times of industry growth, or the returns on our investments may not outpace margin deterioration at times of slower activity.

Our operational and financial growth, in part, is dependent upon our liquidity requirements and the adequacy of our capital resources.

Our liquidity, including our ability to meet our ongoing operational obligations, as well as service our debt, is dependent upon, among other things: (i) our ability to maintain adequate cash on hand; (ii) our ability to generate cash flow from operations; (iii) our ability to access the capital markets; and (iv) changes in market conditions that would negatively impact our revenue or our profits.

At times, the energy industry has faced negative sentiment in the capital markets which has impacted the ability of participants to access appropriate amounts of capital upon suitable terms. This negative sentiment has not only impacted our customers in North America, it has also affected the availability and the pricing for most credit lines and other capital resources extended to participants in the industry, including us.

We utilize letters of credit and performance and bid bonds to provide credit support to our customers. If the beneficiaries were to call the letters of credit issued under our committed and or uncommitted facilities, our available cash balance may be reduced by the amount called and it could have an adverse impact on our business, operations, and financial condition.

As of December 31, 2022, we had \$395 million of letters of credit outstanding, consisting of the \$195 million under our senior secured letter of credit agreement, as amended (the "Credit Agreement") and another \$200 million under various uncommitted bi-lateral facilities (of which there was \$199 million in cash collateral held and recorded in "Restricted Cash" on the Consolidated Balance Sheets).

In Latin America we utilize surety bonds as part of our customary business practice. As of December 31, 2022, we had \$415 million of surety bonds outstanding. Any of our outstanding letters of credit or surety bonds could be called by the beneficiaries should we breach certain contractual or performance obligations and could reduce our available liquidity if we are unable mitigate the issue.

We may not be fully indemnified against financial losses in all circumstances where damage to or loss of property, personal injury, death or environmental harm occur.

As is customary in our industry, our contracts typically require that our customers indemnify us for claims arising from the injury or death of their employees (and those of their other contractors), the loss or damage of their equipment (and that of their other contractors), damage to the well or reservoir and environmental impacts originating from the customer's equipment or from the reservoir (including uncontained oil flow from a reservoir), claims arising from catastrophic events, such as a well blowout, fire, explosion and from environmental impacts below the surface. Conversely, we typically indemnify our customers for claims arising from the injury or death of our employees, the loss or damage of our equipment (other than equipment lost in the hole) or environmental impacts originating from our equipment above the surface of the earth or water.

Our indemnification arrangements may not protect us in every case. For example, our indemnity arrangements may be held to be overly broad in some courts and/or contrary to public policy in some jurisdictions, and to that extent may be unenforceable. Additionally, some jurisdictions which permit indemnification nonetheless limit its scope by applicable law, rule, order or statute. We may be subject to claims brought by third parties or government agencies with respect to which we are not indemnified. Furthermore, the parties from which we seek indemnity may not be solvent, may become bankrupt, may lack resources or insurance to honor their indemnities or may not otherwise be able to satisfy their indemnity obligations to us. The lack of enforceable indemnification could expose us to significant potential losses.

Further, our assets generally are not insured against loss from political violence such as war, terrorism or civil unrest. If any of our assets are damaged or destroyed as a result of an uninsured cause, we could recognize a loss of those assets.

Our indebtedness and liabilities could limit cash flow available for our operations, expose us to risks that could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and impair our ability to satisfy our financial obligations.

As of December 31, 2022, we had \$45 million of short-term and \$2.2 billion of long-term debt, all accruing interest. If business activity declines, or otherwise does not increase, our level of indebtedness could have negative consequences for our business, financial condition and results of operations, including:

- limiting our ability to obtain additional financing, or refinance our existing debt, on terms that are commercially acceptable to us;
- requiring the dedication of a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to service our indebtedness, thereby reducing our free cash flow and the amount of our cash flow available for other purposes;
- limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business;
- placing us at a possible competitive disadvantage with less leveraged competitors or competitors that may have better access to capital resources; and
- · increasing our vulnerability to adverse economic and industry conditions.

Our ability to make scheduled payments on our debt obligations will depend on our financial and operating performance, which is subject to prevailing economic and competitive conditions and certain financial, business and other factors beyond our control. In the past, lower commodity prices and in turn lower demand for our products and services have negatively impacted our revenues, earnings and cash flows, and as a result, could adversely impact our liquidity position. Any harm to our business and operations resulting from our current or future level of indebtedness could adversely affect our ability to pay amounts due to our lenders and noteholders.

Our business may be exposed to uninsured claims and, as a result, litigation might result in significant potential losses. The cost of our insured risk management program may increase.

In the ordinary course of business, we become the subject of various claims and litigation. We maintain liability insurance, which includes insurance against damage to people, property and the environment, in commercially reasonable amounts, subject to self-insured retentions and deductibles.

Our insurance policies are subject to exclusions, limitations and other conditions and may not apply in all cases, for example where willful wrongdoing on our part is alleged. It is possible an unexpected judgment could be rendered against us in cases in which we could be uninsured and beyond the amounts we currently have reserved or anticipate incurring, and in some cases those potential losses could be material.

Our insurance may not be sufficient to cover any particular loss or our insurance may not cover all losses. For example, although we maintain product liability insurance, this type of insurance is limited in coverage and it is possible an adverse claim could arise in excess of our coverage. Additionally, insurance rates have in the past been subject to wide fluctuation and may be unavailable on terms that we or our customers believe are economically acceptable. Reductions in coverage, changes in the insurance markets and accidents affecting our industry may result in further increases in our cost and higher deductibles and retentions in future years and may also result in reduced activity levels in certain markets. As a result, we may not be able to continue to obtain insurance on commercially reasonable terms. Any of these events could have an adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

There may be circumstances in which the interests of our significant shareholders could be in conflict with the interests of our other shareholders.

In the aggregate, certain funds associated with our eight largest shareholders currently own in excess of 66% of our outstanding Ordinary Shares. Circumstances may arise in which these shareholders may have an interest in pursuing or preventing acquisitions, divestitures or other transactions, including the issuance of additional equity or debt, that, in their judgment, could enhance their investment in us or another company in which they invest. Such transactions might adversely affect us or could be in conflict with the interest of our other shareholders. In addition, our significant concentration of share ownership may adversely affect the trading price of our securities because investors may perceive disadvantages in owning securities in companies with significant shareholders and may restrict the trading volume in our ordinary shares.

The terms of our indebtedness restrict our current and future operations, particularly our ability to respond to changes or to pursue our business strategies.

The Credit Agreement and the indentures governing our 11.0% Senior Notes maturing on December 1, 2024 ("Exit Notes") and 6.5% Senior Secured Notes maturing on September 15, 2028 ("2028 Senior Secured Notes") and our 8.625% Senior Notes maturing April 30, 2030 (the "2030 Senior Notes"), contain certain restrictive covenants that may impose significant operating and financial restrictions on us and may limit our ability to engage in acts that we may believe to be in our long-term best interest, including restrictions on our ability to:

- incur additional indebtedness;
- · pay dividends and make other distributions;
- · prepay, redeem or repurchase certain debt;
- · make loans and investments; and
- sell assets and incur liens.

These covenants and other restrictions may limit our ability to effectively operate our business, and to execute our growth strategy or take advantage of new business opportunities. These covenants and restrictions include minimum liquidity covenants, minimum interest coverage ratio, maximum ratio of funded debt, and certain other financial ratios, which may apply in certain circumstances, and other restrictions. Our ability to meet the liquidity thresholds or those financial ratios could be affected by events beyond our control.

A breach of the covenants and other restrictions in any of our indebtedness could result in an event of default thereunder. Such a default may allow the lenders, holders or the trustee, as applicable, to accelerate the related indebtedness which may result in the acceleration of any other indebtedness or to foreclose on our assets, of which substantially all of our assets are secured by certain lenders. In addition, an event of default under the Credit Agreement would permit the lenders thereunder to terminate all commitments.

Failure to attract, retain and develop qualified personnel could impede our operations.

Our future success depends on our ability to attract, retain and develop qualified personnel to operate and to provide services and support for our business. We may experience employee turnover or labor shortages if our business requirements and/or expectations are inconsistent with the expectations of our employees or if our employees or potential employees decide to pursue employment in fields with less volatility than in the energy industry. Additionally, during periods of increased demand for products and services in our industry, competition for qualified personnel may increase and the availability of qualified personnel may be further constrained. Failure to attract, retain and develop qualified personnel could have an adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Legal, Tax and Regulatory Risks

Our operations are subject to numerous current and future social and governance related legislative and regulatory measures both globally and in the specific geographic regions in which we and our customers operate, including treaties and international agreements related to "sustainability" initiatives like greenhouse gases, climate change and renewable energy sources. Our ability to comply with, and respond to current and future changes may expose us to significant liabilities, result in additional compliance costs and could reduce our business opportunities and revenues.

We are subject to various laws and regulations applicable to the energy industry related to pollution, protection of the environment and natural resources, public and worker health and safety, and treaties and international agreements related to climate change and the regulation of greenhouse gasses. These laws and regulations sometimes provide for strict liability for remediation costs, damages to natural resources, or threats to public health and safety. Strict liability can render us liable for damages without regard to our degree of care or fault. Some environmental laws also provide for joint and several strict liability for remediation of spills and releases of hazardous substances, and, as a result, we could be liable for the actions of others. Thus, an environmental claim could arise with respect to one or more of our current or former businesses, operations, products or services, or a business or property that one of our predecessors owned or used, and such claims could involve material expenditures. Generally, environmental laws have in recent years become more stringent and have sought to impose greater liability on a larger number of potentially responsible parties and have required increased costs to comply with their requirements. The scope of regulation of our industry and our products and services may increase further, including possible increases in liabilities, financial assurance, or funding requirements imposed by governmental agencies. Additional regulations on deepwater drilling in the Gulf of Mexico and elsewhere in the world could be imposed, and those regulations could limit our business where they are imposed.

In addition, members of the U.S. Congress, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and various agencies of several states within the U.S. frequently review, consider and propose more stringent regulation of hydraulic fracturing, a stimulation treatment routinely performed on oil and natural gas wells in low-permeability reservoirs. We previously provided (and may, in the future, resume providing) fracturing services to customers. Regulators periodically investigate whether any chemicals used in the hydraulic fracturing process might adversely affect groundwater or whether the fracturing processes could lead to other unintended effects or damages. In recent years, local and national governments (including several cities and states within the U.S.) passed new laws and regulations restricting or banning hydraulic fracturing. A significant portion of North American service activity today is directed at prospects that require hydraulic fracturing in order to produce hydrocarbons. Therefore, additional regulation could increase the costs of conducting our business by subjecting fracturing to more stringent regulation. Regulation of hydraulic fracturing could increase our cost of providing services or materially reduce our business opportunities and revenues if customers decrease their levels of activity or we cannot pass along cost to customers. We are unable to predict whether changes in laws or regulations or any other governmental proposals or responses will ultimately occur, and accordingly, we are unable to assess the potential financial or operational impact they may have on our business.

Our environmental, social and governance commitments and disclosures may expose us to reputational risks and legal liability.

Increasing focus on ESG factors has led to enhanced interest in, and review of performance results by investors and other stakeholders, and the potential for litigation and reputational risk. In 2022, we made certain public commitments to various corporate ESG initiatives, including our commitment to achieve net-zero emissions by 2050 and signing on to the UN Global Compact. Any failure, or perceived failure, to achieve or accurately report on our commitments in our disclosures, including our annual Sustainability Report and our other disclosures on these matters, could harm our reputation and adversely affect our client relationships or our recruitment and retention efforts, as well as expose us to potential legal liability. In addition, positions we take or do not take on social issues may be unpopular with some of our employees, our clients or potential clients, shareholders, investors, governments or advocacy groups, which may impact our ability to attract or retain employees or the demand for our services.

Increasing focus on ESG matters has resulted in the adoption of legal and regulatory requirements designed to mitigate the effects of climate change on the environment, as well as legal and regulatory requirements requiring climate, human rights and supply chain-related disclosures. We expect these types of regulatory requirements related to ESG matters to continue to expand globally. If new laws or regulations are more stringent than current legal or regulatory requirements or involve reporting information according to differing standards and frameworks in the countries in which we operate, we may experience increased compliance burdens and costs to meet such obligations. In addition, our selection of voluntary disclosure frameworks and standards, and the interpretation or application of those frameworks and standards, may change from time to time or may not satisfy varying regulatory requirements or the expectations of investors or other stakeholders.

Our ability to achieve our ESG commitments, including our goals relating to sustainability and inclusion and diversity, is subject to numerous risks, many of which are outside of our control. Examples of such risks include: (1) our ability to operate more sustainably and with a lower carbon footprint; (2) the availability and cost of low- or non-carbon-based energy sources and technologies; (3) evolving and potentially conflicting global regulatory requirements affecting ESG standards or disclosures; (4) the availability of suppliers that can meet our sustainability, diversity and other standards; and (5) our ability to recruit, develop, and retain diverse talent.

In addition, standards for tracking and reporting on ESG matters, including climate change and human rights related matters, have not been harmonized and continue to evolve. Methodologies for reporting ESG data may be updated requiring that previously reported ESG data be adjusted to reflect improvement in availability and quality of third-party data, changing assumptions, changes in the nature and scope of our operations and other changes in circumstances. Our processes and controls for reporting ESG matters across our operations and supply chain are evolving to address obtaining information that resides in multiple internal systems and responding to multiple disparate standards for identifying, measuring, and reporting ESG metrics, including ESG-related disclosures that may be required by the SEC, European and other regulators. Such standards are currently not consistent and may change over time, which could result in significant revisions to our current goals, reported progress in achieving such goals, or ability to achieve such goals in the future.

Adverse changes in tax laws both in the U.S. and abroad, changes in tax rates or exposure to additional income tax liabilities could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

Changes in tax laws could significantly increase our tax expense and require us to take actions, at potential significant expense, to seek to preserve our current level of tax expense.

In 2002, we reorganized from the U.S. to a foreign jurisdiction. There are frequent legislative proposals in the United States that attempt to treat companies that have undertaken similar transactions as U.S. corporations subject to U.S. taxes or to limit the tax deductions or tax credits available to United States subsidiaries of these corporations. Our tax expense could be impacted by changes in tax laws, tax treaties or tax regulations or the interpretation or enforcement thereof or differing interpretation or enforcement of applicable law by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service and other taxing jurisdictions, acting in unison or separately. The inability to reduce our tax expense could have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

The Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development ("OECD"), which represents a coalition of member countries, issued various white papers addressing Tax Base Erosion and Jurisdictional Profit Shifting. The recommendations in these white papers are generally aimed at combating what they believe is tax avoidance. Numerous jurisdictions in which we operate have been influenced by these white papers as well as other factors and are increasingly active in evaluating changes to their tax laws. In addition, the OECD has advanced reforms focused on global profit allocation, and implementing a global minimum tax rate of at least 15% for large multinational corporations on a jurisdiction-by-jurisdiction basis, known as the "two pillar plan." On October 8, 2021, the OECD announced an accord endorsing and providing an implementation plan for the two pillar plan agreed

upon by 136 nations. On December 15, 2022, the European Council formally adopted a European Union directive on the implementation of the plan by January 1, 2024. While the implementation of the accord is uncertain, if legislation is enacted to implement the accord in some or all of the jurisdictions in which we have operations, it could materially increase the amount of taxes we owe, on a retroactive or prospective basis, thereby negatively affecting our results of operations and our cash flows from operations.

Our effective tax rate has fluctuated in the past and may fluctuate in the future. Future effective tax rates could be affected by changes in the composition of earnings in countries in which we operate with differing tax rates, non-income-based taxes, changes in tax laws, or changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities. We assess our deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis to determine whether a valuation allowance may be required. We have recorded a valuation allowance on substantially all of our deferred tax assets.

If a U.S. person is treated as owning at least 10% of our shares, such holder may be subject to adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences.

As a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, many of our non-U.S. subsidiaries are now classified as "controlled foreign corporations" for U.S. federal income tax purposes due to the expanded application of certain ownership attribution rules within a multinational corporate group. If a U.S. person is treated as owning (directly, indirectly or constructively) at least 10% of the value or voting power of our shares, such person may be treated as a "U.S. shareholder" with respect to one or more of our controlled foreign corporation subsidiaries. In addition, if our shares are treated as owned more than 50% by U.S. shareholders, we would be treated as a controlled foreign corporation. A U.S. shareholder of a controlled foreign corporation may be required to annually report and include in its U.S. taxable income, as ordinary income, its pro rata share of "Subpart F income," "global intangible low-taxed income" and investments in U.S. property by controlled foreign corporations, whether or not we make any distributions to such U.S. shareholder. An individual U.S. shareholder generally would not be allowed certain tax deductions or foreign tax credits that would be allowed to a corporate U.S. shareholder with respect to a controlled foreign corporation. A failure by a U.S. shareholder to comply with its reporting obligations may subject the U.S. shareholder to significant monetary penalties and may extend the statute of limitations with respect to the U.S. shareholder's U.S. federal income tax return for the year for which such reporting was due. We cannot provide any assurances that we will assist investors in determining whether we or any of our non-U.S. subsidiaries are controlled foreign corporations or whether any investor is a U.S. shareholder with respect to any such controlled foreign corporations. We also cannot guarantee that we will furnish to U.S. shareholders information that may be necessary for them to comply with the aforementioned obligations. U.S. investors should consult their own advisors regarding the potential application of these rules to their investments in us. The risk of being subject to increased taxation may deter our current shareholders from increasing their investment in us and others from investing in us, which could impact the demand for, and value of, our shares.

The United States could treat Weatherford International plc (parent corporation) as a United States taxpayer under IRC Section 7874.

Following the emergence from bankruptcy on December 13, 2019, Weatherford continues to operate under Weatherford International plc ("PLC"), an Irish tax resident. The IRS may, however, assert that PLC should be treated as a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes pursuant to IRC Section 7874. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, a corporation generally is classified as either a U.S. corporation or a foreign corporation by reference to the jurisdiction of its organization or incorporation. Because PLC is an Irish incorporated entity, it would generally be classified as a foreign corporation under these rules. IRC Section 7874 provides an exception to this general rule under which a foreign incorporated entity may, in certain circumstances, be treated as a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Under IRC Section 7874, a corporation created or organized outside the United States (i.e., a foreign corporation) will nevertheless be treated as a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes when (i) the foreign corporation directly or indirectly acquires substantially all of the assets held directly or indirectly by a U.S. corporation (including the indirect acquisition of assets of the U.S. corporation by acquiring the outstanding shares of the U.S. corporation), (ii) the shareholders of the acquired U.S. corporation hold, by vote or value, at least 80% (or 60% in certain circumstances if the Third Country Rule applies) of the shares of the foreign acquiring corporation after the acquisition by reason of holding shares in the U.S. acquired corporation, and (iii) the foreign corporation's "expanded affiliated group" does not have substantial business activities in the foreign corporation's country of organization or incorporation relative to such expanded affiliated group's worldwide activities. Although it is not free from doubt, we believe that as a result of the implementation of the plan of reorganization in 2019, PLC should not be treated as acquiring directly or indirectly substantially all of the properties of a U.S. corporation and, as a result, PLC is not expected to be treated as a U.S. corporation or otherwise subject to the adverse tax consequences of IRC Section 7874. The law and the Treasury Regulations promulgated under IRC Section 7874 are, however, unclear and there can be no assurance that the IRS will agree with this conclusion. If it is determined that IRC Section 7874 is

applicable, PLC would be a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the taxable year of Weatherford US consolidated group could end on or prior to the emergence from bankruptcy, which could result in additional adverse tax consequences. In addition, although PLC would be treated as a U.S. corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, it would generally also be considered an Irish tax resident for Irish tax and other non-U.S. tax purposes.

The rights of our shareholders are governed by Irish law; Irish law differs from the laws in effect in the United States and may afford less protection to holders of our securities.

As an Irish company, we are governed by the Irish Companies Act, which differs in some material respects from laws generally applicable to U.S. corporations and shareholders, including, among others, provisions relating to interested directors, mergers and acquisitions, takeovers, shareholder lawsuits and indemnification of directors. Likewise, the duties of directors and officers of an Irish company generally are owed to the company only. Shareholders of Irish companies generally do not have a personal right of action against directors or officers of the company and may exercise such rights of action on behalf of the company only in limited circumstances. Accordingly, holders of our securities may have more difficulty protecting their interests than would holders of securities of a corporation incorporated in a jurisdiction of the United States.

We are incorporated in Ireland and a significant portion of our assets are located outside the United States. As a result, it might not be possible for shareholders to enforce civil liability provisions of the federal or state securities laws of the United States.

We are organized under the laws of Ireland, and a significant portion of our assets are located outside the United States. The United States currently does not have a treaty with Ireland providing for the reciprocal recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters. As such, a shareholder who obtains a court judgment based on the civil liability provisions of U.S. federal or state securities laws may be unable to enforce the judgment against us in Ireland. In addition, there is some doubt as to whether the courts of Ireland and other countries would recognize or enforce judgments of U.S. courts obtained against us or our directors or officers based on the civil liabilities provisions of the federal or state securities laws of the United States or would hear actions against us or those persons based on those laws. The laws of Ireland do, however, as a general rule, provide that the judgments of the courts of the United States have the same validity in Ireland as if rendered by Irish Courts. Certain important requirements must be satisfied before the Irish Courts will recognize the U.S. judgment. The originating court must have been a court of competent jurisdiction, the judgment must be final and conclusive, and the judgment may not be recognized if it was obtained by fraud or its recognition would be contrary to Irish public policy. Any judgment obtained in contravention of the rules of natural justice or that is irreconcilable with an earlier foreign judgment would not be enforced in Ireland.

Similarly, judgments might not be enforceable in countries other than the United States where we have assets.

General Risks

Interruptions in the proper functioning of our information systems or other issues with our enterprise resource systems could cause disruption to our operations.

We rely extensively on our information systems to manage our business, data, communications, supply chain, ordering, pricing, billing, inventory replenishment, accounting functions, and other processes. Our enterprise resource systems are subject to damage or interruption from various sources, including obsolescence, power outages, computer and telecommunications failures, computer viruses, cyber security breaches, vandalism, severe weather conditions, catastrophic events, terrorism, and human error, and our disaster recovery planning cannot account for all eventualities. Our disaster recovery measures may or may not address all potential contingencies. If our systems are damaged, fail to function properly, or otherwise become compromised or unavailable, we may incur substantial costs to repair or replace them, and we may experience loss of critical data or interruptions or delays in our ability to perform critical functions, which could adversely affect our business, operating results, or financial condition.

Furthermore, certain of our information systems are aged and may require periodic modifications, upgrades, and replacements which may subject us to risks, including operating disruptions, substantial capital expenditures, or additional cost to implement new systems. The failure to properly or efficiently modify, upgrade, replace or implement such systems on a timely basis could materially disrupt our operations, and have a material adverse effect on our financial results.

If our long-lived assets and other assets are impaired, we may be required to record significant non-cash charges to our earnings.

We recognize impairments of long-lived assets when we determine the carrying amount of certain long-lived asset groups exceed their respective fair values. Our impairment assessment includes analysis of the undiscounted cash flow of our asset groups, which include property, plant and equipment, definite-lived intangible assets, and operating lease assets. Based on the uncertainty of forecasted revenue, forecasted operating margins, and discount rate assumptions used to estimate our asset groups' fair value, future reductions in our expected cash flows could cause a material non-cash impairment charge of long-lived assets, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 2. Properties

Our operations are conducted in approximately 75 countries and we have manufacturing facilities, research and technology centers, fluids and processing centers and sales, service and distribution locations throughout the world. Our principal executive offices are in Houston, Texas, U.S. We own or lease numerous other facilities such as service centers, shops, sales and administrative offices throughout the geographic regions in which we operate. The major service centers we operate to support our segment operations are located specifically in Villahermosa, Mexico; Villavicencio, Colombia; Dhahran, Saudi Arabia; North Rumaila, Iraq; Mina Abdulla, Kuwait; Williston, North Dakota, U.S. and Odessa, Texas, U.S. We operate research and technology centers in Houston, Texas, U.S.; Loughborough, United Kingdom and major manufacturing centers in JiangSu, China; Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates; Huntsville, Texas, U.S.; Houston, Texas, U.S.; Vadodara, India and Hannover, Germany.

All of our material U.S. and United Kingdom properties are mortgaged to the lenders under our 2028 Senior Secured Notes and Credit Agreement. All of our remaining owned properties are unencumbered, however the lenders could require we mortgage certain of these properties as well. We believe the facilities that we currently occupy are suitable for their intended use.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, we are the subject of various claims and litigation. We maintain insurance to cover many of our potential losses, and we are subject to various self-retention limits and deductibles with respect to our insurance. Please see the following:

- If we are the subject of governmental and internal investigations related to alleged misconduct and violations of U.S. or international laws in the future, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. For additional information, see "Item 1A. Risk Factors Legal, Tax and Regulatory Risks."
- See also "Item 1. Business" and "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Note 14 Disputes, Litigation and Legal Contingencies."

It is possible that an unexpected judgment could be rendered against us, or we could decide to resolve a case or cases that would result in a liability that could be uninsured and beyond the amounts we currently have reserved and in some cases those losses could be material.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

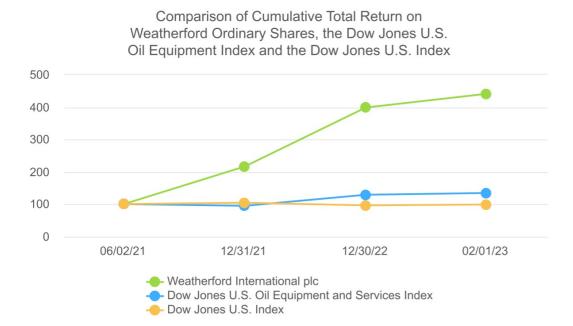
PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

On June 1, 2021, NASDAQ approved our application for the listing of our ordinary shares. In connection with the listing, we became subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (as amended, the "Exchange Act"). Our ordinary shares began trading on The Nasdaq Global Select Market on June 2, 2021 under the ticker symbol "WFRD". As of February 1, 2023, we had 71 shareholders of record. The actual number of shareholders is considerably greater than the number of shareholders of record and includes shareholders who are beneficial owners but whose shares are held in street name by brokers and other nominees.

We intend to retain future earnings and/or repay debt and do not expect to pay cash dividends in the near future.

The following graph shows a comparison of cumulative total shareholder return on our ordinary shares, the Dow Jones U.S. Oil Equipment and Services Index and the Dow Jones U.S. Index from June 2, 2021 (date we began trading on NASDAQ) to December 30, 2022 (last day of trading in 2022), and an update as of February 1, 2023. The graph assumes \$100 was invested in each of the Company's ordinary shares, and aforementioned indices. Note that past stock price performance is not necessarily indicative of future stock price performance.



	06	5/02/21	12/31/21	12/30/22	02/01/23
Weatherford International plc	\$	100 \$	216 \$	398 \$	440
Dow Jones U.S. Oil Equipment and Services Index	\$	100 \$	95 \$	130 \$	135
Dow Jones U.S. Index	\$	100 \$	105 \$	96 \$	99

Item 6. [Reserved]

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

As used in this item, "Weatherford", "the Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Weatherford International plc, a public limited company organized under the laws of Ireland, and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data." Our discussion includes various forward-looking statements about our markets, the demand for our products and services and our future results. These statements include certain risks and uncertainties. For information about these risks and uncertainties, refer to the section entitled "Forward-Looking Statements" and the section entitled "Item 1A. Risk Factors."

Consolidated Statements of Operations - Operating Income Summary

2022 vs 2021

Revenues totaled \$4.33 billion in 2022, an increase of \$686 million, or 19% compared to 2021. The year-over-year improvement was due to increased activity across all reporting segments. This activity increase was the result of increased customer demand, market share improvements, pricing improvements and operational focus. Revenues in 2022 reflect a 15% increase in service revenues and a 26% increase in product revenues. The revenue increase was led by the Drilling and Evaluation ("DRE") and Production and Intervention ("PRI") segments, and geographically, by improvements in Latin America, the Middle East/North Africa/Asia and the North America regions. Service and product quality excellence allowed us to benefit from a robust market with customers focusing on delivering energy supply with minimal disruption, globally. Imbalance across geographies driven by geopolitical conflicts, investment variances and supply disruptions caused a greater focus on energy security, globally. Our operational initiatives, put in place over the past couple of years, enabled us to regain share in a few product lines and geographies, as well as improve pricing through differentiation.

Cost of products and services of \$3.02 billion increased \$304 million, or 11%, compared to 2021, to support the increased overall activity across our segments. Our cost of products and services as a percentage of revenues was 69.7% in 2022, an improvement compared to 74.5% in 2021, reflecting improved utilization on a more efficient operating cost structure, and pricing improvements to customers to offset impacts from supply chain disruptions and inflation. Additionally, higher gains on asset sales and lower inventory charges contributed to the lower cost structure as a percentage of revenues.

Selling, general, administrative and research and development costs of \$868 million increased \$45 million, or 5%, to keep up with increased activity and demand across our segments. These costs as a percentage of revenues were 20.0% in 2022, an improvement compared to 22.6% in 2021, reflecting our focus on cost control initiatives.

Operating income of \$412 million improved 255% in 2022 compared to 2021, due to reasons noted above.

2021 vs 2020

Revenues totaled \$3.65 billion in 2021, a decline of 1% compared to 2020. We experienced significant declines in activity after the start of the pandemic in March of 2020 and although revenues are slightly lower in 2021, our revenues in 2021 reflect the ongoing recovery in business activity. Revenues in 2021 reflect a 5% increase in service revenues, which was offset by a 10% decline in product revenues. The revenue increases were related to higher demand for DRE and PRI businesses, primarily for managed pressure drilling, wireline, intervention and pressure pumping services. These improvements were partially offset by lower demand for products from our Well Construction and Completions ("WCC"), primarily for cementation products and liner hangers, and a decline in demand for the artificial lift within our PRI business.

Cost of products and services of \$2.72 billion decreased \$91 million, or 3%, compared to 2020, primarily due to cost improvement initiatives that were implemented during 2020 and early 2021. Our costs declined despite higher service activity and increased cost for supplies and logistics. Our cost of products and services as a percentage of revenues was 74.5% in 2021, an improvement compared to 76.2% in 2020, reflecting our cost initiative improvements and operational efficiency gains.

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Selling, general, administrative and research and development costs in 2021 of \$823 million decreased \$111 million, or 12%, when compared to 2020 due to cost improvement initiatives to reduce overhead and corporate costs that were implemented during 2020 and early 2021. These costs as a percentage of revenues were 22.6% in 2021, an improvement compared to 25.3% in 2020, reflecting our cost initiative improvements.

Operating income of \$116 million improved \$1.6 billion in 2021 compared to 2020, due to reasons noted above.

Consolidated Statements of Operations - Non-Operating Summary

Interest Expense, Net

Interest expense, net primarily represented for each year, the interest on our outstanding long-term debt (see "Note 10 – Borrowings and Other Debt Obligations" to our Consolidated Financial Statements for additional details). Interest expense, net, of \$179 million in 2022, decreased \$81 million, or 31%, compared to 2021 primarily due to the early repayments of principal amounts on our 11.00% Senior Notes maturing on December 1, 2024. Interest expense, net, of \$260 million in 2021, increased \$9 million compared to \$251 million in 2020 due to a combination of the various notes we carried and the interest on their outstanding principal.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt and Bond Redemption Premium

The loss on extinguishment of debt was related to charges on unamortized debt issuance costs and bond redemption premiums, both upon the early redemption of debt. During 2022, we repaid \$175 million in principal on our Exit Notes and incurred a \$5 million bond redemption premium. During 2021, we repaid in full our 2024 Senior Secured Notes, repaid \$200 million of Exit Notes, and refinanced \$1.6 billion of Exit Notes. As such, we recognized a \$170 million loss, comprised of a \$39 million loss on extinguishment of debt and a \$131 million bond redemption premium. See "Note 10 – Borrowings and Other Debt Obligations" for additional details.

Loss on Termination of ABL Credit Agreement

During 2020, we recorded a \$15 million charge upon the termination of our senior secured asset-based lending agreement related to unamortized deferred debt issuance costs.

Other Expense, Net

Other expense, net is primarily comprised of letter of credit fees, other financing charges and foreign exchange losses, primarily attributed to currency losses in countries with no or limited markets to hedge. Other expense, net, of \$90 million in 2022 increased \$61 million compared to 2021 expense of \$29 million primarily attributable to currency losses in the Argentinian Peso, Russian Ruble and various other currencies. When economically advantageous, we enter into foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate the risk of future cash flows denominated in a foreign currency. Additionally, we enter into certain short-term investments which partially offset our foreign exchange losses, and certain of those amounts are recorded in "Interest Expense, Net".

Other expense, net, in 2021 decreased \$24 million compared to the 2020 expense of \$53 million due to lower currency volatility, as there had been significant volatility following the start of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020.

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Income Taxes

We provide for income taxes based on the laws and rates in effect in the countries in which operations are conducted, or in which we or our subsidiaries are considered resident for income tax purposes. The relationship between our pre-tax income or loss from continuing operations and our income tax benefit or provision varies from period to period as a result of various factors, which include changes in total pre-tax income or loss, the jurisdictions in which our income is earned, the tax laws in those jurisdictions, the impacts of tax planning activities and the resolution of tax audits. On September 26, 2019, our parent company ceased to be a Swiss tax resident and became an Irish tax resident subject to tax under the Irish tax regime. As a result, our effective rate differs from the Irish statutory tax rate as the majority of our operations are taxed in jurisdictions with different tax rates. In addition, we are unable to recognize tax benefit on our losses.

We record deferred tax assets for net operating losses and temporary differences between the book and tax basis of assets and liabilities that are expected to produce tax deductions in future periods. The realizability of the deferred tax assets is dependent upon judgments and assumptions inherent in the determination of future taxable income, including factors such as future operation conditions (particularly as related to prevailing oil prices and market demand for our products and services). The Company concluded it was not able to realize the benefit of its deferred tax assets and has established a valuation allowance. Continued performance improvement in certain jurisdictions could result in a change in our realization of deferred tax asset assessment in the near future, which would release valuation allowance.

The income tax provision and respective effective tax rate was \$87 million and 63%, \$86 million and (25)%, and \$85 million and (5)%, for 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Our income tax provisions in 2022 and 2021 are primarily driven by income in certain jurisdictions, deemed profit countries and withholding taxes on intercompany and third-party transactions that do not directly correlate to ordinary income or loss. Impairments and other charges recognized do not result in significant tax benefit as a result of our inability to forecast realization of the tax benefit of such losses.

We are continuously under tax examination in various jurisdictions. We cannot predict the timing or outcome regarding resolution of these tax examinations or if they will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. As of December 31, 2022, we anticipate that it is reasonably possible that the amount of our uncertain tax positions of \$191 million may decrease by up to \$4 million in the next twelve months due to expiration of statutes of limitations, settlements and/or conclusions of tax examinations.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, many countries have enacted tax relief measures to provide aid and economic stimulus to companies impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, there were no material tax impacts to our financial statements as it relates to COVID-19 tax relief measures.

Outlook

Growth and spending in the energy services industry is highly dependent on many external factors. These include but are not limited to; the impact from geopolitical conflicts; global response to any ongoing pandemics; our customers' capital expenditures; environmental, social and governance ("ESG") initiatives; world economic, political and weather conditions; the price of oil and natural gas; and, member-country quota compliance within the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and the expanded alliance. Imbalance across geographies driven by geopolitical conflicts, investment variances and supply disruptions is driving a greater focus on energy security, which in turn is creating a shift towards national oil companies. We expect continued improvements in our customer activity levels and generally positive macroeconomic conditions that may offset inflationary pressures and potential recessionary concerns, all of which are expected to continue to provide a pathway to a multi-year energy demand expansion. We continue to closely monitor the recessionary concerns in the global market, ongoing supply chain disruptions, escalating costs, logistical constraints and travel restrictions.

Our customers continue to face challenges in balancing the cost of extraction activities with securing desired rates of production while achieving acceptable rates of return on investment. These challenges increase our customers' requirements for technologies that improve productivity and efficiency and pressures us to deliver our products and services at competitive rates. Over the long-term, we expect demand for oil and natural gas exploration and production industry as well as new energy platforms to continue to require more advanced technology from the energy service industry. Weatherford delivers innovative energy services that integrate proven technologies with advanced digitalization to create sustainable offerings for maximized value and return on investment. During the COVID-19 pandemic, there was substantial negative impact on the global economy and demand in our industry in 2021 and 2021, with impacts carrying into 2022, including inflationary pressures, logistical delays and service and supply shortages. We managed to face these challenges by evolving our offerings, increasing the breadth of our digital portfolio and enhancing our applications to offer more fully integrated digital energy services solutions. We also increased our offerings of automated well construction and remote monitoring and predictive analytics related to our product offerings. As such, we believe we are well positioned to satisfy our customers' needs, but the level of improvement in our businesses in the future will continue to depend heavily on pricing, volume of work, our ability to offer cost efficient, innovative and effective technology solutions, and our success in gaining market share in new and existing markets.

Our company performance, industry conditions and related perception, could make it more difficult to obtain our targeted cost reduction benefits and to recruit, motivate and retain employees, including key personnel. The implementation of new or escalation of existing sanctions imposed against countries in which we operate, including any further escalation of sanctions and other events around the Russia Ukraine Conflict, including increased exposure to cyberattacks, increasing investor and government focus on ESG factors, supply chain challenges and disruptions, and the cyclicality of the energy industry may negatively impact demand for our products and services. The Russia Ukraine Conflict, or other future geopolitical conflicts, could also have the effect of heightening many other risks disclosed in our public filings, any of which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. Such risks include, but are not limited to, adverse effects on global macroeconomic conditions; increased volatility in the price and demand of oil and natural gas, increased exposure to cyberattacks; limitations in our ability to implement and execute our business strategy; risks to employees and contractors that we have in the region; disruptions in global supply chains; exposure to foreign currency fluctuations; potential nationalizations and assets seizures in Russia or elsewhere; constraints or disruption in the capital markets and our sources of liquidity; our potential inability to service our remaining performance obligations and potential contractual breaches and litigation.

We continue to follow our long-term strategy, aimed at achieving sustainable profitability and cash flow generation in our businesses, servicing our customers and creating value for our shareholders. Our long-term success will be determined by our ability to effectively manage the cyclicality of our industry, including growth during up-cycles and potential prolonged industry downturns, our ability to respond to industry changes and demands, while managing through risks we may be exposed to, and ultimately our ability to generate consistent positive cash flow and positive returns on invested capital.

Oil and Natural Gas Prices

The table below shows the average oil and natural gas prices for West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") and Brent North Sea ("Brent") crude oil and Henry Hub ("HH") natural gas.

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2022	2021	2020	
Oil price - WTI (1)	\$ 94.79 \$	67.99 \$	39.23	
Oil price - Brent (1)	\$ 100.78 \$	70.68 \$	41.76	
Natural Gas price - HH (2)	\$ 6.42 \$	3.91 \$	2.04	

⁽¹⁾ Oil price measured in dollars per barrel (rounded to the nearest \$0.01); average WTI and Brent as of January 31, 2023 was \$78.08 and \$82.44 respectively.

Commodity prices increased during 2022 due to demand outpacing supply as demand recovery built toward pre-pandemic levels with increased vaccination rates and increased global economic activity. WTI and Brent average oil prices for 2022 were approximately 39% and 43% higher than 2021, respectively, and natural gas prices increased by 64% over the same period.

Rig Count

Rig count is an indicator of the level of spending for the exploration and production of oil and natural gas reserves. The table below shows historical average rig counts based on the weekly Baker Hughes Company rig count information.

		Year Ended December 31,			
	2022		2021	2020	
North America		898	610	522	
International		851	755	825	
Worldwide		1,749	1,365	1,347	

⁽²⁾ Natural gas price measured in dollars per million British thermal units (Btu), or MMBtu; average HH as of January 31, 2023 was \$3.27.

Segment Results of Operations

									orable vorable)			orable vorable)
		Yea	ır En	ided Deceml	er 3	1,	-	\$	% or bps		\$	% or bps
(Dollars in millions)		2022		2021		2020		2022	vs 2021		2021	vs 2020
Revenues:												
Drilling and Evaluation ("DRE")	\$	1,328	\$	1,066	\$	1,044	\$	262	25%	\$	22	2%
Well Construction and Completions ("WCC")		1,521		1,353		1,414		168	12%		(61)	(4)%
Production and Intervention ("PRI")		1,395		1,127		1,106		268	24%		21	2%
Segment Revenues		4,244		3,546		3,564		698	20%		(18)	(1)%
All Other		87		99		121		(12)	(12)%		(22)	(18)%
Total Revenues		4,331		3,645		3,685		686	19%		(40)	(1)%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA:												
Drilling and Evaluation	\$	324	\$	186	\$	132	\$	138	74%	\$	54	41%
Well Construction and Completions	Ψ	299	Ψ.	256	4	273		43	17%	Ψ	(17)	(6)%
Production and Intervention		261		191		154		70	37%		37	24%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA		884		633		559		251	40%		74	13%
Corporate and Other		(67)		(62)		(100)		(5)	(8)%		38	38%
Depreciation and Amortization		(349)		(440)		(503)		91	21%		63	13%
Shared-based Compensation Expense		(25)		(25)		<u> </u>		_	<u> </u> %		(25)	n/m
Other Adjustments:												
Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment		_		_		(1,053)		_	<u>%</u>		1,053	100%
Restructuring Charges		(22)		_		(206)		(22)	<u>_%</u>		206	100%
Other (Charges) Credits		(9)		10		(183)		(19)	(190)%		193	105%
Other Adjustments	\$	(31)	\$	10	\$	(1,442)	\$	(41)	(410)%	\$	1,452	101%
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	412	\$	116	\$	(1,486)	\$	296	255%	\$	1,602	108%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margins[1]:												
Drilling and Evaluation		24.4	%	17.4 %	/o	12.6 %		n/m	700 bps	2	n/m	480 bps
Well Construction and Completions		19.7		18.9 %		19.3 %		n/m	80 bps		n/m	(40) bps
Production and Intervention		18.7		16.9 %		13.9 %		n/m	180 bps		n/m	300 bps
Segment Adjusted EBITDA		20.8 %		17.9 %		15.7 %		n/m	290 bps		n/m	220 bps

^[1] bps calculates off rounding in this table

Segment Revenues

2022 vs 2021

Revenues totaled \$4.3 billion in 2022, an increase of 19% compared to 2021, and the primary drivers were discussed in the above consolidated section. The breakdown by segment revenues is as follows:

DRE revenues of \$1.3 billion in 2022, increased 25% compared to 2021 due to higher demand and activity across all DRE product lines, and led primarily by managed pressure drilling and drilling services. Improvement in DRE was across all regions, and led primarily by the Latin America, North America and Middle East North Africa/Asia regions.

WCC revenues of \$1.5 billion in 2022, increased 12% compared to 2021 due to higher demand and activity across all WCC product lines, and led primarily by cementation products. Improvement in WCC was across all regions and led primarily by the Middle East North Africa/Asia, Latin America and North America regions.

PRI revenues of \$1.4 billion in 2022, increased 24% compared to 2021 due to higher demand and activity across all PRI product lines, and led primarily by artificial lift and pressure pumping. Improvement in PRI was across all regions.

2021 vs 2020

Revenues totaled \$3.65 billion in 2021, a decline of 1% compared to 2020, and the primary drivers were discussed in the above consolidated section. The breakdown by segment revenues is as follows:

DRE revenues of \$1.1 billion in 2021, increased 2% compared to 2020 primarily due to higher demand for managed pressure drilling and wireline products and services, partially offset by a decline in drilling services and drilling fluids. The decline in drilling services revenue reflects the exit of certain drilling services in North America in the fourth quarter of 2020.

WCC revenues of \$1.4 billion in 2021 decreased 4% compared to 2020 primarily due to lower activity for cementation products, liner hangers and tubular running services. Internationally we experienced lower well construction and completions activity in the Middle East North Africa/Asia region, which was partially offset by higher activity in the North America and Latin America regions.

PRI revenues of \$1.1 billion in 2021, increased 2% compared to 2020 primarily due to higher demand for pressure pumping, intervention services and drilling tools, and digital solutions, partially offset by a decline in demand for artificial lift services.

Segment Adjusted EBITDA

2022 vs 2021

Segment adjusted EBITDA was \$884 million in 2022, an increase of 40% compared to 2021, reflecting improved utilization on a more efficient operating cost structure, pricing improvements to customers to offset impacts from supply chain disruptions and inflation, and a proactive focus on higher margin offerings. This is reflected in our segments as follows:

DRE segment adjusted EBITDA of \$324 million in 2022, increased 74% compared to 2021 primarily due to higher demand across all DRE product lines and contract pricing improvements, led by the Latin America and the Middle East North Africa/Asia regions, increase in services versus product mix, and a higher adoption of our technology offerings.

WCC segment adjusted EBITDA of \$299 million in 2022, increased 17% compared to 2021 primarily due to higher demand for cementation products. The year-over-year segment adjusted EBITDA improvement was driven by pricing and increased activity levels in the North America and Latin America regions.

PRI segment adjusted EBITDA of \$261 million in 2022, increased 37% compared to 2021 primarily due to higher demand for artificial lift and pressure pumping services. The year-over-year segment adjusted EBITDA improvement was driven by increased activity levels across all regions.

2021 vs 2020

Segment adjusted EBITDA was \$633 million in 2021, an increase of 13% compared to 2020, which is reflected in our segments as follows:

DRE segment adjusted EBITDA of \$186 million in 2021, increased 41% compared to 2020 primarily due to higher demand for managed pressure drilling and wireline and lower operating costs as a result of cost improvement initiatives that were implemented during 2020 and early 2021, partially offset by a decline in drilling fluids. Positively impacting DRE segment adjusted EBITDA was the exit of certain drilling services in North America in the fourth quarter of 2020. The year-over-year segment adjusted EBITDA improvement was driven by increased activity levels, increase in services versus product mix, higher adoption of our technology offerings and greater demand for services globally.

WCC segment adjusted EBITDA of \$256 million in 2021, decreased 6% compared to 2020 primarily due to lower activity for cementation products, liner hangers and tubular running services, which was partially offset by improvements in completions margins and cost efficiencies as a result of initiatives implemented during 2020 and early 2021. Internationally we experienced lower well construction and completions activity in the Middle East North Africa/Asia and Europe/Sub-Sahara Africa/Russia regions, which was partially offset by higher margin activity in North America and Latin America.

PRI segment adjusted EBITDA of \$191 million in 2021, increased 24% compared to 2020 primarily due to higher demand for intervention services & drilling tools, pressure pumping and software services, and lower operating costs as a result of cost improvement initiatives that were implemented during 2020 and early 2021, partially offset by a decline in artificial lift services. The year-over-year segment adjusted EBITDA improvement was driven by increased activity levels, increase in services versus product mix, and a higher adoption of our technology offerings.

Corporate and Other

Corporate and other primarily includes corporate and other expenses (overhead support and centrally managed or shared facilities costs) and all other businesses that do not individually meet the criteria for segment reporting. Corporate and other expense of \$67 million in 2022 increased slightly over the 2021 expense of \$62 million, primarily due to lower profit on other businesses that did not individually meet the criteria for segment reporting (due to timing of certain projects). Corporate and other expense in 2021 improved \$38 million compared to the 2020 expense of \$100 million primarily due to losses incurred in other businesses that did not individually meet the criteria for segment reporting in 2020, as they were negatively impacted by COVID-19.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense of \$349 million decreased \$91 million in 2022 compared to 2021 primarily from a lower asset base. Depreciation and amortization expense of \$440 million decreased \$63 million in 2021 compared to 2020 primarily due to the decrease in carrying value of assets after impairments taken in 2020. See "Note 2 – Segment Information", "Note 7 – Property, Plant and Equipment, Net", and "Note 8 – Intangible Assets, Net" for additional information.

Shared-based Compensation

We record shared-based compensation expense in "Selling, General and Administrative" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. We recognized \$25 million in each of 2022 and 2021, and an immaterial amount during 2020. The changes between years were from a combination of additional awards granted and changes in our share price. See "Note 15 – Share-Based Compensation" for additional information.

Other Adjustments

Other adjustments include goodwill and long-lived asset impairments, restructuring charges, and other charges (credits), as applicable to the periods presented. See "Note 4 – Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment", "Note 5 – Restructuring Charges" and "Note 6 – Inventories, Net" for additional information.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At December 31, 2022, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$910 million and \$202 million in restricted cash, compared to \$951 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$162 million of restricted cash at December 31, 2021. The following table summarizes cash provided by (used in) each type of business activity in the periods presented:

	Year Er	ided December 31,	
(Dollars in millions)	2022	2021	2020
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 349 \$	322 \$	210
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(54)	(83)	(75)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	(248)	(403)	348

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities in 2022 was \$349 million, and in 2021 was \$322 million. The primary sources of cash from operating activities were from higher operating income as well as effective working capital management, partially offset by interest payments.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$210 million during 2020. The primary sources of cash from operating activities were collections on our accounts receivables, partially offset by interest payments.

Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities in 2022 was \$54 million. The primary uses of cash from investing activities were capital expenditures of \$132 million, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of assets of \$82 million.

Cash used in investing activities in 2021 was \$83 million. The primary uses of cash from investing activities were for capital expenditures of \$85 million and investments in marketable securities in Argentina of \$39 million. The primary source of cash from investing activities was \$41 million of proceeds from asset dispositions. The amount we spend for capital expenditures varies each year and is based on the types of contracts we enter, our asset availability and our expectations with respect to activity levels.

Cash used in investing activities in 2020 was \$75 million. The primary uses of cash from investing activities were for capital expenditures of \$154 million. The primary sources of cash from investing activities were \$22 million from asset dispositions and \$50 million from the maturity of our Angolan government bonds.

Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities in 2022 was \$248 million. The primary uses of cash from financing activities were for repayments of long-term debt of \$198 million, which included finance leases, a repurchase of \$8 million of our 2028 Senior Secured Notes and a \$175 million early redemption of our Exit Notes. Additionally, we paid dividends to noncontrolling interests of \$30 million. The remaining financing cash uses were primarily for financing fees paid on the Credit Agreement.

Cash used in financing activities in 2021 was \$403 million. The primary uses of cash from financing activities were repayments of long-term debt of \$2.3 billion associated with the partial redemption of our Exit Notes and full redemption of our 2024 Senior Secured Notes as well as finance lease obligations. Other primary uses of cash from financing activities were \$131 million in bond redemption premium payments as a result of the early redemptions and \$28 million, primarily for \$21 million in dividends to noncontrolling interests that were settled in cash (as certain dividends in the year were settled in other noncash methods). The primary sources of cash from financing activities were net proceeds of \$2.1 billion from the issuance of our 2030 Senior Notes and 2028 Senior Secured Notes.

Cash provided by financing activities in 2020 was \$348 million, primarily sourced from borrowings of long-term debt of \$453 million related to the net proceeds from the issuance of our 2024 Senior Secured Notes. The primary uses of cash from financing activities were \$24 million of deferred consideration for the 2018 acquisition of our Qatari joint venture \$27 million repayments of short-term debt, and \$28 million for dividends to noncontrolling interests. The remaining uses were primarily for financing fees paid on the Credit Agreement at the time.

See "10 – Borrowings and Other Debt Obligations" for additional information.

Sources of Liquidity

Our sources of available liquidity include cash generated by our operations, cash and cash equivalent balances, and periodic accounts receivable factoring. From time to time, we may enter into transactions to dispose of businesses or capital assets that no longer fit our long-term strategy. We historically have accessed banks for short-term loans and the capital markets for debt and equity offerings. Based upon current and anticipated levels of operations and our recent refinancing transactions, we expect to have sufficient cash from operations and cash on hand to fund our cash requirements (discussed below) and financial obligations, both in the short-term and long-term.

Cash Requirements

Our cash requirements will continue to include payments for principal and interest on our long-term debt, capital expenditures, payments on our finance and operating leases, payments for short-term working capital needs, operating costs and restructuring payments. As business activity continues to rise, we expect to continue to utilize cash on capital assets and working capital growth. Our cash requirements also include personnel costs including awards under our employee incentive programs and other amounts to settle litigation related matters.

As of December 31, 2022, we had outstanding debt of \$125 million in aggregate principal amount for our Exit Notes maturing on December 1, 2024, \$482 million in aggregate principal amount for our 2028 Senior Secured Notes and \$1.6 billion in aggregate principal amount for our 2030 Senior Notes. For these notes, we expect \$182 million in interest payments annually in 2023 and 2024 and approximately \$169 million in interest payments, annually beginning in 2025, until the maturity of these obligations. Subsequent to year-end 2022 we paid down an additional \$20 million in aggregate principal amount of our Exit Notes and \$11 million on our 2028 Senior Secured Notes. See "Note 10 – Borrowings and Other Debt Obligations" for additional information.

Our capital spending for 2023 is projected to be between \$200 million to \$230 million. Our payments on our operating and finance leases in 2023 are expected to be approximately \$73 million and \$247 million in the years thereafter. See "Note 9 – Leases" for additional information.

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash are held by subsidiaries outside of Ireland. At December 31, 2022 we had approximately \$177 million of our cash and cash equivalents that cannot be immediately repatriated from various countries due to country central bank controls or other regulations. Based on the nature of our structure, other than the restrictions noted above, we foresee we will be able to redeploy cash with minimal to no incremental tax.

Ratings Services' Credit Ratings

Our credit ratings at December 31, 2022 were maintained or improved since December 31, 2021:

- Standard and Poor's ("S&P") upgraded our corporate family and senior unsecured notes ratings from B- to B, and upgraded our senior secured notes and Credit Agreement ratings from B+ to BB-. The outlook was maintained at stable.
- Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") maintained our corporate family rating at B2, our senior unsecured notes rating at B3, and our senior secured notes and Credit Agreement ratings at Ba3. The outlook was upgraded from negative to stable.

Customer Receivables

We may experience delayed customer payments and payment defaults due to, among other reasons, a weaker economic environment, reductions in our customers' cash flow from operations, our customers' inability to access credit markets, as well as unsettled political conditions. Allowances have been recorded for receivables believed to be uncollectible, including amounts for the resolution of potential credit and other collection issues such as disputed invoices. Adjustments to the allowance are made depending on how potential issues are resolved and the financial condition of our customers. See "Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" for additional information. In addition, our customers are primarily in fossil fuel-related industries and broad declines might impact the collections of our customer receivables.

Accounts Receivable Factoring and Monetization

From time to time, we participate in factoring arrangements to sell accounts receivable to third-party financial institutions for cash proceeds net of discount and hold-back. During 2022, we sold accounts receivable balances of \$96 million and received cash proceeds of \$93 million. During 2021, we sold accounts receivable balances of \$100 million and received cash proceeds of \$85 million. During 2020, we sold accounts receivable of \$90 million and received cash proceeds of \$79 million.

Additionally, during 2022, we entered into a short-term monetization transaction on accounts receivable balances of \$77 million and received cash proceeds of \$75 million.

The above factoring and monetization proceeds are included as operating cash flows in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. These transactions are uncommitted and thus we cannot assure they will be available as a future source of liquidity.

Derivative Instruments

We enter into foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate the risk of future cash flows denominated in a foreign currency. The amounts will fluctuate, depending on exchange rate volatility, the volume of our foreign currency transactions, and our decisions to hedge. At December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, we had outstanding foreign currency forward contracts with notional amounts aggregating to \$147 million and \$349 million, respectively. The total estimated fair value of these contracts and amounts owed associated with closed contracts resulted in an immaterial net asset and net liability as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. See "Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" and "Note 12 – Derivative Instruments" for additional information.

Guarantees

Our Exit Notes and 2028 Senior Secured Notes were issued by Weatherford International Ltd., a Bermuda exempted company ("Weatherford Bermuda"), and guaranteed by the Company and Weatherford International, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Weatherford Delaware") and other subsidiary guarantors party thereto.

Our 2030 Senior Notes were originally issued by Weatherford Bermuda and guaranteed by the Company and Weatherford Delaware and other subsidiary guarantors party thereto. On December 1, 2022, the indenture related to our 2030 Senior Notes was amended and supplemented to add Weatherford Delaware as co-issuer and co-obligor, and concurrently releases the guarantee of Weatherford Delaware.

Credit Agreement, Letters of Credit and Surety Bonds

We had a senior secured letter of credit agreement dated as of December 13, 2019 (the "LC Agreement") in an aggregate amount of \$215 million maturing on May 29, 2024, which was used by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries for the issuance of bid and performance letters of credit.

On October 17, 2022, we amended our LC Agreement (as amended and restated, the "Credit Agreement") to assign the administrative agent role to Wells Fargo Bank National Association and to provide for a \$370 million revolving credit agreement, comprised of \$280 million for bid and performance letters of credit, and \$90 million for revolving loans and bid, performance and financial letters of credit. The current revolving loan capacity is \$45 million.

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The maturity date under the Credit Agreement is October 17, 2026; provided, that if more than \$50 million of our Exit Notes are outstanding on such date, the maturity date will be August 30, 2024. The Credit Agreement also has (i) a minimum liquidity covenant of \$250 million, (ii) a minimum interest coverage ratio of 2.00 to 1.00 for the testing period ended September 30, 2022 and 2.50 to 1.00 for each testing period thereafter and (iii) a maximum ratio of funded debt (net of unrestricted cash in excess of \$400 million) to consolidated adjusted EBITDA of 4.00 to 1.00 for each testing period ending prior to June 30, 2023 and 3.50 to 1.00 for each testing period thereafter. The obligations under the Credit Agreement, as with our prior LC Agreement, are guaranteed by the Company and certain of our subsidiaries and secured by substantially all of the personal property of the Company and these subsidiaries.

On November 22, 2022, we amended our Credit Agreement to include (i) Weatherford Canada Ltd. as a borrower, and (ii) increased the total commitment to \$400 million. On January 6, 2023, we further amended the Credit Agreement to clarify certain definitions related to fees associated with certain letters of credit. The material terms of the Credit Agreement are otherwise unchanged.

At December 31, 2022, we had approximately \$195 million in outstanding letters of credit under the Credit Agreement and availability of \$160 million.

As of December 31, 2022, we had \$395 million of letters of credit outstanding, consisting of the \$195 million mentioned above under the Credit Agreement and another \$200 million under various uncommitted bi-lateral facilities (of which there was \$199 million in cash collateral held and recorded in "Restricted Cash" on the Consolidated Balance Sheets).

In Latin America we utilize surety bonds as part of our customary business practice. As of December 31, 2022, we had \$415 million of surety bonds outstanding. Any of our outstanding letters of credit or surety bonds could be called by the beneficiaries should we breach certain contractual or performance obligations and could reduce our available liquidity if we are unable mitigate the issue.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operation is based upon our Consolidated Financial Statements. We prepare these consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). As such, we are required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. We base our estimates on historical experience and available information and various other assumptions we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates; however, actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The accounting policies we believe require management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments and are the most critical to our reporting of results of operations and financial position are as follows:

Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, which include property, plant and equipment ("PP&E"), definite-lived intangibles and operating lease assets, comprise a significant amount of our assets. The carrying value of our long-lived assets at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was approximately \$1.5 billion and \$1.8 billion, respectively. The cost of the long-lived assets is then amortized over its expected useful life. A change in the estimated useful lives of our long-lived assets would have an impact on our results of operations. We estimate the useful lives of our long-lived asset groups as follows:

Asset Category	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings and Leasehold improvements	10 – 40 years or lease term
Rental and Service Equipment	3-10 years
Machinery and Other	2 – 12 years
Intangible Assets	5-10 years

In estimating the useful lives of our PP&E, we rely primarily on our actual experience with the same or similar assets. The useful lives of our intangible assets are determined by the years over which we expect the assets to generate a benefit based on legal, contractual or regulatory terms.

Long-lived assets to be held and used by us are reviewed to determine whether any events or changes in circumstances, known as triggering events, indicate that we may not be able to recover the carrying amount of the asset or asset group. Triggering events include, but are not limited to, reduced or expected sustained decreases in cash flows generated by an asset or asset group, negative changes in industry conditions (such as global rig count, commodity prices, and the global economy), a significant change in the long-lived assets' use or physical condition, the introduction of competing technologies, and legal and regulatory challenges. The Company groups individual assets at the lowest level of identifiable cash flows and, if impairment triggers are present, performs an undiscounted cash flow analysis to identify assets or asset groups that may not be recoverable. If the undiscounted cash flows do not exceed the carrying value of the long-lived asset group, the asset group is not recoverable and impairment is recognized to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair value of the asset group. A fair value assessment is performed on assets or asset groups identified as not being recoverable using a discounted cash flow analysis or Level 3 fair value analysis, to determine if an impairment has occurred. The discounted cash flow analysis consists of estimating the future cash flows that are directly associated with, and are expected to arise from, the use and eventual disposition of the asset over its remaining useful life. These estimated discounted cash flows are inherently subjective and includes significant assumptions, specifically the forecasted revenue, forecasted operating margins, and the discount rate assumptions and require estimates based upon historical experience and future expectations. The fair value of the asset or asset group is measured using market prices, or in the absence of market prices, is based on an estimate of discounted cash flows. Cash flows are discounted at an intere

If an impairment has occurred, the Company recognizes a loss for the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of the asset or asset group.

We generally group long-lived assets by product line. We have long-lived assets, such as facilities, utilized by multiple operating divisions that do not have identifiable cash flows and impairment testing for these long-lived assets is based on the consolidated entity. We did not recognize long-lived assets impairments during 2022 and 2021.

During 2020, the unprecedented global economic and industry conditions resulting from the decline in demand and impact from the COVID-19 pandemic were identified as impairment indicators. As a result, we performed quarterly impairment assessments of our asset groups, which include PP&E, definite-lived intangible assets, goodwill and operating lease assets. Based on our impairment tests, we determined the carrying amount of certain long-lived asset groups exceeded their respective fair values and we recognized of long-lived asset impairments as further described in "Note 4 – Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment".

Management cannot predict the occurrence of future impairment-triggering events, so we continue to assess whether indicators of impairment to long-lived assets exist due to the current business conditions in the energy services industry.

Income Taxes

We take into account the differences between the financial statement treatment and tax treatment of certain transactions. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of a change in tax rates is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment date. See "Note 18 – Income Taxes" for detailed discussion of results.

We recognize the impact of an uncertain tax position taken or expected to be taken on an income tax return in the financial statements at the largest amount that is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the relevant taxing authority.

We operate in approximately 75 countries through hundreds of legal entities. As a result, we are subject to numerous tax laws in the jurisdictions, and tax agreements and treaties among the various taxing authorities. Our operations in these jurisdictions in which we operate are taxed on various bases: income before taxes, deemed profits (which is generally determined using a percentage of revenues rather than profits), withholding taxes based on revenue, and other alternative minimum taxes. The calculation of our tax liabilities involves consideration of uncertainties in the application and interpretation of complex tax regulations in a multitude of jurisdictions across our global operations. We recognize potential liabilities and record tax liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues in the tax jurisdictions based on our estimate of whether, and the extent to which, additional taxes will be due. The tax liabilities are reflected net of realized tax loss carryforwards. We adjust these reserves upon specific events; however, due to the complexity of some of these uncertainties, the ultimate resolution may result in a payment that is different from our current estimate of the tax liabilities.

If our estimate of tax liabilities proves to be less than the ultimate assessment, an additional charge to expense would result. If payment of these amounts ultimately proves to be less than the recorded amounts, the reversal of the liabilities would result in tax benefits being recognized in the period when the contingency has been resolved and the liabilities are no longer necessary. Changes in tax laws, regulations, agreements and treaties, foreign currency exchange restrictions or our level of operations or profitability in each taxing jurisdiction could have an impact upon the amount of income taxes that we provide during any given year.

Valuation Allowance for Deferred Tax Assets

We record a valuation allowance to reduce the carrying value of our deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that a portion or all of the deferred tax assets will expire before realization of the benefit. The ultimate realization of the deferred tax assets depends on the ability to generate sufficient taxable income of the appropriate character and in the related jurisdiction in the future. In evaluating our ability to recover our deferred tax assets, we consider the available positive and negative evidence, including our past operating results, the existence of cumulative losses in the most recent years and our forecast of near-term future taxable income and various tax planning strategies.

When the likelihood of the realization of existing deferred tax assets changes, adjustments to the valuation allowance are charged to our income tax provision in the period in which the determination is made. The Company concluded it was not able to realize the benefits of all of its deferred tax assets and has established a valuation allowance. Our valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets was \$1.3 billion and \$1.5 billion as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains various statements relating to future financial performance and results, business strategy, plans, goals and objectives, including certain projections, business trends and other statements that are not historical facts. These statements constitute forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words "believe," "project," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "budget," "strategy," "plan," "guidance," "outlook," "may," "should," "could," "will," "would," "will be," "will continue," "will likely result," and similar expressions, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words.

Forward-looking statements reflect our beliefs and expectations based on current estimates and projections. While we believe these expectations, and the estimates and projections on which they are based, are reasonable and were made in good faith, these statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, our actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what we have expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements included herein are only made as of the date of this report, or if earlier, as of the date they were made, and we undertake no obligation to correct, update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except to the extent required under federal securities laws. The following, together with disclosures under "Part I – Item 1A. Risk Factors", sets forth certain risks and uncertainties relating to our forward-looking statements that may cause actual results to be materially different from our present expectations or projections:

- global political, economic and market conditions, political disturbances, war, terrorist attacks, changes in global trade policies, weak local economic
 conditions and international currency fluctuations (including the Russia Ukraine Conflict);
- general global economic repercussions related to U.S. and global inflationary pressures and potential recessionary concerns;
- failure to ensure on-going compliance with current and future laws and government regulations, including but not limited to those related to the Russia Ukraine Conflict, and environmental and tax and accounting laws, rules and regulations.
- changes in, and the administration of, treaties, laws, and regulations, including in response to issues related to the Russia Ukraine Conflict and the potential for such issues to exacerbate other risks we face, including those related to the other risks and uncertainties listed or referenced;
- cybersecurity incidents, as our reliance on digital technologies increases, those digital technologies may become more vulnerable and/or experience a higher rate of cybersecurity attacks, intrusions or incidents in the current environment of remote connectivity, as well as increased geopolitical conflicts and tensions, including as a result of the Russia Ukraine Conflict;
- our ability to comply with, and respond to, climate change, environmental, social and governance and other "sustainability" initiatives and future legislative and regulatory measures both globally and in the specific geographic regions in which we and our customers operate;
- our ability to effectively and timely address the need to conduct our operations and provision of services to our customers more sustainably and with a lower carbon footprint;
- risks associated with disease outbreaks and other public health issues, including the COVID-19 pandemic, their impact on the global economy and the business of our company, customers, suppliers and other partners;
- further spread and potential for a resurgence of a pandemic in a given geographic region and related disruptions to our business, employees, customers, suppliers and other partners and additional regulatory measures or voluntary actions that may be put in place to limit the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, including vaccination requirements and the associated availability of vaccines, restrictions on business operations or social distancing requirements, and the duration and efficacy of such restrictions;
- the price and price volatility of, and demand for, oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids;
- member-country quota compliance within the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries;
- · our ability to realize expected revenues and profitability levels from current and future contracts;
- our ability to generate cash flow from operations to fund our operations;
- our ability to effectively and timely adapt our technology portfolio, products and services to address and participate in changes to the market demands for the transition to alternate sources of energy such as geothermal, carbon capture and responsible abandonment, including our digitalization efforts;
- increases in the prices and lack of availability of our procured products and services;
- our ability to timely collect from customers;
- our ability to realize cost savings and business enhancements from our revenue and cost improvement efforts;
- our ability to attract, motivate and retain employees, including key personnel;
- our ability to access to capital markets on terms that are commercially acceptable to the Company;
- our ability to manage our workforce, supply chain challenges and disruptions, business processes, information technology systems and technological
 innovation and commercialization, including the impact of our organization restructure, business enhancements, improvement efforts and the cost
 and support reduction plans;
- our ability to service our debt obligations;
- potential non-cash asset impairment charges for long-lived assets, intangible assets or other assets; and
- · adverse weather conditions in certain regions of our operations

Many of these factors are macro-economic in nature and are, therefore, beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, affect us in ways or to an extent that we currently do not expect or consider to be significant, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results, performance or achievements may vary materially from those described in this report as anticipated, believed, estimated, expected, intended, planned or projected.

Finally, our future results will depend upon various other risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those detailed in our current and past filings with the SEC under the Exchange Act and the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

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Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Information related to market risk is included earlier in Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – "Other Expense, Net" and "Derivatives" and later, in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, in "Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies", "Note 11 – Fair Value of Financial Instruments, Assets and Other Assets" and "Note 12 – Derivative Instruments".

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors Weatherford International plc:

Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Weatherford International plc and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2022, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and our report dated February 8, 2023 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Assessment of impairment triggering events related to certain long-lived assets

As discussed in Notes 1 and 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company evaluates long-lived assets, consisting of property, plant and equipment, definite-lived intangible assets, and operating lease right-of use assets, for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances, known as triggering events, indicate that the carrying amount of an asset or asset group may not be recoverable. The triggering events evaluated by the Company include reduced or expected sustained decreases in cash flows generated by an asset or asset group, negative changes in industry conditions (such as global rig count, commodity prices, and the global economy), a significant change in the long-lived asset's use or physical condition, the introduction of competing technologies, and legal and regulatory challenges. The carrying value of long-lived assets as of December 31, 2022 was \$1.5 billion.

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We identified the assessment of impairment triggering events related to certain long-lived asset groups as a critical audit matter. The assessment of whether (i) reduced or expected sustained decreases in cash flows generated by an asset group and (ii) negative changes in industry conditions represented a triggering event required a higher degree of subjective auditor judgment.

The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls related to the Company's triggering events assessment. This included a control related to the Company's process to identify and evaluate triggering events that indicate the carrying value of an asset or asset group may not be recoverable. We evaluated the Company's identification of triggering events related to the evaluation of cash flow trends for certain asset groups by comparing historical cash flow trends to the asset groups' carrying values. Further, we evaluated the Company's assessment of changes in industry conditions by comparing them to changes in global rig count, commodity prices, and economic outlook using data obtained from publicly available industry and market information.

/s/ KPMG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2013.

Houston, Texas February 8, 2023

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors Weatherford International plc:

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited Weatherford International plc and subsidiaries' (the Company) internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements), and our report dated February 8, 2023 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Houston, Texas February 8, 2023

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Year Ended December 31, (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts) 2022 2021 2020 **Revenues:** 2,698 \$ Services \$ 2,353 \$ 2,250 Products 1,633 1,292 1,435 Total Revenues 4,331 3,645 3,685 **Costs and Expenses:** 1.688 1.547 1.550 Cost of Services 1.257 Cost of Products 1.332 1.169 97 Research and Development 90 85 778 Selling, General and Administrative 738 837 Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment 1.053 22 Restructuring Charges 206 9 Other Charges (Credits) (10)171 3,919 **Total Costs and Expenses** 3,529 5,171 **Operating Income (Loss)** 412 116 (1,486)Other Income (Expense): (179)(260)Interest Expense, Net (251)Loss on Extinguishment of Debt and Bond Redemption Premium (170)(5) Loss on Termination of ABL Credit Agreement (15)Other Expense, Net (90)(29)(62)Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes 138 (343)(1,814)Income Tax Provision (87)(86)(85)Net Income (Loss) 51 (429)(1,899)Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests 25 21 22 Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Weatherford \$ 26 \$ (450)\$ (1,921)Basic Income (Loss) Per Share Attributable to Weatherford (27.44)\$ 0.37 \$ (6.43)\$ Basic Weighted Average Shares Outstanding 70 71 70 Diluted Income (Loss) Per Share Attributable to Weatherford \$ 0.36 \$ (6.43)\$ (27.44)Diluted Weighted Average Shares Outstanding 72 70

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Year Ended December 31,

(Dollars in millions)	2	2022	2021	2020
Net Income (Loss)	\$	51 \$	(429) \$	(1,899)
Foreign Currency Translation		(5)	(5)	(38)
Defined Benefit Pension		18	13	(14)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		13	8	(52)
Comprehensive Income (Loss)		64	(421)	(1,951)
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		25	21	22
Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to Weatherford	\$	39 \$	(442) \$	(1,973)

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

		December 31,			
(Dollars and shares in millions, except par value)		2022	2021		
Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	910 \$	951		
Restricted Cash		202	162		
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Credit Losses of \$26 at December 31, 2022 and \$31 at December 31, 2021		989	825		
Inventories, Net		689	670		
Other Current Assets		253	303		
Total Current Assets		3,043	2,911		
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation of \$773 at December 31, 2022 and \$623 at December 31, 2021		918	996		
Intangible Assets, Net of Accumulated Amortization of \$480 at December 31, 2022 and \$328 at December 31, 2021		506	657		
Operating Lease Assets		115	113		
Other Non-current Assets		138	97		
Total Assets	\$	4,720 \$	4,774		
Liabilities:					
Short-term Borrowings and Current Portion of Long-term Debt	\$	45 \$	12		
Accounts Payable		460	380		
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		367	343		
Income Taxes Payable		141	140		
Current Portion of Operating Lease Liabilities		44	59		
Other Current Liabilities		413	398		
Total Current Liabilities		1,470	1,332		
Long-term Debt		2,203	2,416		
Operating Lease Liabilities		117	128		
Other Non-current Liabilities		379	402		
Total Liabilities		4,169	4,278		
		·			
Shareholders' Equity:					
Ordinary Shares - Par value \$0.001; Authorized 1,356, Issued and Outstanding 71 at December 31, 2022 and 70 at December 31, 2021		_	_		
Capital in Excess of Par Value		2,928	2,904		
Retained Deficit		(2,371)	(2,397)		
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		(22)	(35)		
Weatherford Shareholders' Equity		535	472		
Noncontrolling Interests		16	24		
Total Shareholders' Equity		551	496		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	4,720 \$	4,774		

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Dollars in millions)	Par Value Issued Sha		pital In Excess of Par Value	Retained Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	N	on-controlling Interests	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	_	\$ 2,897	\$ (26)	\$ 9	\$	36	\$ 2,916
Net Income (Loss)		_		(1,921)	_		22	(1,899)
Other Comprehensive Loss		—	_	_	(52)		_	(52)
Dividends to Noncontrolling Interests		_	_	_	_		(28)	(28)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	_	\$ 2,897	\$ (1,947)	\$ (43)	\$	30	\$ 937
Net Income (Loss)		_		(450)	_		21	(429)
Equity Awards, Granted, Vested and Exercised		—	7	_	_		_	7
Other Comprehensive Income		_	_	_	8		_	8
Dividends to Noncontrolling Interests		_	_	_	_		(27)	(27)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	_	\$ 2,904	\$ (2,397)	\$ (35)	\$	24	\$ 496
Net Income		_	_	26	_		25	51
Equity Awards, Granted, Vested and Exercised		_	18	_	_		_	18
Other Comprehensive Income		_	_	_	13		_	13
Dividends to Noncontrolling Interests		_	_	_	_		(30)	(30)
Other		—	6	_	_		(3)	3
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	_	\$ 2,928	\$ (2,371)	\$ (22)	\$	16	\$ 551

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended December 31,

		iear En	rear Ended December 31,	
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021	2020
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Net Income (Loss)	\$	51 \$	(429) \$	(1,899)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization		349	440	503
Bond Redemption Premium and Loss on Extinguishment of Debt and Termination of ABL Credit Agreement	,	5	170	15
Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment		_	_	1,053
Inventory Charges		36	62	210
Asset Write-Downs and Other Charges		5	_	60
Employee Share-Based Compensation Expense		25	25	_
Loss (Gain) on Disposition of Assets		(41)	(22)	2
Deferred Income Tax Provision (Benefit)		4	(10)	(5)
Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities, Net:			`	· ·
Accounts Receivable		(193)	(6)	378
Inventories		(56)	(18)	64
Accounts Payable		84	56	(250)
Other Assets and Liabilities, Net		80	54	79
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	349 \$	322 \$	210
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Capital Expenditures for Property, Plant and Equipment	\$	(132) \$	(85) \$	(154)
Proceeds from Divestiture of Businesses and Investments			<u> </u>	11
Proceeds from Disposition of Assets		82	41	22
Proceeds from Bond Maturities		_	_	50
Other Investing Activities		(4)	(39)	(4)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	\$	(54) \$	(83) \$	(75)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		` ´ ´	•	<u> </u>
Borrowings of Long-term Debt	\$	— \$	2,073 \$	453
Repayments of Long-term Debt		(198)	(2,313)	(9)
Bond Redemption Premium		(5)	(131)	
Repayments of Short-term Debt, Net			(4)	(27)
Deferred Consideration Payment		_	_	(24)
Dividends to Noncontrolling Interests		(30)	(21)	(28)
Other Financing Activities		(15)	(7)	(17)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	\$	(248) \$	(403) \$	348
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents		(48)	(8)	2
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash		(1)	(172)	485
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at Beginning of Period		1,113	1,285	800
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at End of Period	\$	1,112 \$	1,113 \$	1,285
Supplemental Cash Flow Information	•	, ,	, ,	
Interest Paid	\$	220 \$	269 \$	232
Income Taxes Paid, Net of Refunds	\$	86 \$	62 \$	79
	-		v	

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Nature of Operations

Weatherford International plc ("Weatherford Ireland"), an Irish public limited company, together with its subsidiaries ("Weatherford," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our"), is a multinational energy services company. Weatherford is one of the world's leading providers of equipment and services used in the drilling, evaluation, completion, production and intervention of oil, geothermal and natural gas wells. We operate in approximately 75 countries and have service and sales locations in oil and natural gas producing regions globally. Many of our businesses, have been operating for more than 50 years.

The authorized share capital of Weatherford includes 1.356 billion ordinary shares with a par value of \$0.001 per share. On June 1, 2021, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC stock exchange ("NASDAQ") approved our application for the listing of our ordinary shares. In connection with the listing, we became subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (as amended, the "Exchange Act"). Our ordinary shares began trading on The Nasdaq Global Select Market on June 2, 2021 under the ticker symbol "WFRD".

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Exchange Act for annual financial information. We consolidate all wholly owned subsidiaries and controlled joint ventures and eliminate intercompany balances in consolidation.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the financial statements and accompanying footnotes to conform to the Company's current period presentation.

Emergence from Bankruptcy

On July 1, 2019, we filed voluntary petitions under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas. On December 13, 2019 ("Effective Date"), after all conditions to effectiveness were satisfied, we emerged from bankruptcy after successfully completing the reorganization.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions, including those related to allowance for credit losses, inventory valuation reserves, recoverability of long-lived assets, useful lives used in depreciation and amortization, income taxes and related valuation allowance, accruals for contingencies, actuarial assumptions to determine costs and liabilities related to employee benefit plans, and share-based compensation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

Our restricted cash balance of \$202 million at December 31, 2022 and \$162 million at December 31, 2021 primarily includes cash collateral for certain of our letters of credit facilities.

Allowance for Credit Losses on Accounts Receivables

We establish an allowance for credit losses based on various factors, including historical experience, current conditions and environments in which our customers operate, the aging status and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The determination of the collectability requires us to use estimates and make judgments regarding future events and trends, including monitoring our customers' payment history and current creditworthiness, as well as consideration of the overall business and political climate in which our customers operate. Our customer base has generally similar collectability risk characteristics, although risk profiles can vary between larger independent customers and state-owned customers, which may have a lower risk than smaller independent customers. Past due balances over 365 days and over a specified amount are reviewed individually for collectability. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote.

Major Customers and Credit Risk

Substantially all of our customers are engaged in the energy industry. This concentration of customers may impact our overall exposure to credit risk, either positively or negatively, in that customers may be similarly affected by changes in economic and industry conditions. We perform periodic credit evaluations of our customers and do not generally require collateral in support of our trade receivables. We maintain allowances for credit losses. International sales also present various risks, including risks of war, civil disturbances and governmental activities that may limit or disrupt markets, restrict the movement of cash, or result in the deprivation of contract rights or the taking of property without fair consideration. Most of our international sales are to large international or national oil companies and these sales may result in a concentration of receivables from such companies.

As of December 31, 2022, accounts receivable in Mexico and the U.S. accounted for 21% and 12%, respectively, of our total net outstanding account receivables. Consistent with prior periods, although we have experienced delay of payments in Mexico, the balances due are not in dispute and we do not expect to have any material write-offs of receivables in the country. No other country accounted for more than 10% of our net outstanding accounts receivables balance. For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, no individual customer accounted for more than 10% of our consolidated revenues.

Inventories

We state our inventories at the lower of cost or net realizable value using either the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") or average cost method. Cost represents third-party invoice or production cost. Production cost includes material, labor and manufacturing overhead. To maintain a carrying value that is the lower of cost or net realizable value, we regularly review inventory quantities on hand and compare to estimates of future product demand, market conditions, our production requirements, and technological developments. We maintain reserves for excess, slow moving and obsolete inventory and we may periodically recognize additional charges for inventory in which we determine there is no forecasted demand.

Property, Plant and Equipment ("PP&E")

PP&E is both owned and under finance leases. Owned PP&E are initially stated at cost and finance leases are initially stated at the present value of lease payments. Both are depreciated on straight-line basis over its estimated useful life. Subsequently, PP&E is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and adjusted for impairment, when applicable. The carrying values are based on our estimates and judgments relative to capitalized costs, useful lives and salvage value, where applicable. We expense maintenance and repairs as incurred and capitalize expenditures for improvements as well as renewals and replacements that extend the useful life of the asset.

The estimated useful lives of our major classes of PP&E are as follows:

Major Classes of Property, Plant and Equipment	PP&E Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings and leasehold improvements	10 – 40 years or lease term
Rental and service equipment	3-10 years
Machinery and other	2 – 12 years

Intangible Assets

Our identifiable intangible assets include developed and acquired technologies and our trade names, amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated economic lives, generally ranging from 5 years (developed and acquired technologies) to 10 years (trade names). As many areas of our business rely on patents and proprietary technology, we seek patent protection both inside and outside the U.S. for products and methods that appear to have commercial significance. We capitalize patent defense costs when we determine that a successful defense is probable.

Leases

We are committed under various operating lease agreements primarily related to office space and equipment. Generally, these leases include renewal provisions and rental payments, which may be adjusted for taxes, insurance and maintenance related to the property. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less ("short-term leases") are not recorded on the balance sheet; we recognize lease expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Operating lease assets and operating lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term at commencement date and include related options to extend or terminate lease terms that are reasonably certain of being exercise. We determine if an arrangement is classified as a lease at its inception. As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate of return, on a quarterly basis, we use our incremental borrowing rate, together with the lease term information available at commencement date of the lease, in determining the present value of lease payments.

Long-Lived Assets Impairment

Long-lived assets, consisting of PP&E, operating lease assets and intangible assets, to be held and used are reviewed to determine whether any events or changes in circumstances, known as triggering events, indicate that we may not be able to recover the carrying amount of the asset or asset group. Triggering events include, but are not limited to, reduced or expected sustained decreases in cash flows generated by an asset group, negative changes in industry conditions (such as global rig count, commodity prices, and the global economy), a significant change in the long-lived asset's use or physical condition, the introduction of competing technologies, and legal and regulatory challenges. The Company groups individual assets at the lowest level of identifiable cash flows and, if impairment triggers are present, performs an undiscounted cash flow analysis to identify assets or asset groups that may not be recoverable. If the undiscounted cash flows do not exceed the carrying value of the long-lived asset group, impairment is recognized to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair value of the asset group, as determined by a discounted cash flow analysis

Research and Development Expenditures

Research and development expenditures are expensed as incurred.

Derivative Financial Instruments

We enter into foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate the risk of future cash flows denominated in a foreign currency. The amounts will fluctuate, depending on exchange rate volatility, the volume of our foreign currency transactions, and our decisions to hedge. The notional amounts of our foreign currency forward contracts do not generally represent amounts exchanged by the parties and thus are not a measure of the cash requirements related to these contracts or of any possible loss exposure. The amounts actually exchanged at maturity are calculated by reference to the notional amounts and by other terms of the derivative contracts, such as exchange rates. Our foreign currency derivatives are not designated as hedging instruments under Accounting Standards Codification "ASC" 815 *Derivatives and Hedging*, and the changes in fair value of the contracts are recorded in each period in "Other Expense, Net" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. We record derivative instruments on the balance sheet at their fair value as either assets or liabilities. See "Note 12 – Derivative Instruments" for additional information.

We monitor the creditworthiness of our counterparties, which are multinational commercial banks. The fair values of all our outstanding derivative instruments are determined using a model with Level 2 inputs including quoted market prices for contracts with similar terms and maturity dates.

Foreign Currency

Results of operations for our foreign subsidiaries with functional currencies other than the U.S. dollar are translated using average exchange rates during the period. Assets and liabilities translated using the exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet dates are included in "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity.

For our subsidiaries with a functional currency that differs from the currency of their balances and transactions, inventories, PP&E and other non-monetary assets and liabilities, together with their related elements of expense or income, are remeasured into the functional currency using historical exchange rates. All monetary assets and liabilities are remeasured into the functional currency at current exchange rates. Remeasurement gains and losses are recognized during the period incurred and recognized in "Other Expense, Net" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Share-Based Compensation

We account for equity-classified share-based payment awards, including restricted share unit and performance unit awards by recognizing the grant date fair value as an expense, net of forfeitures, over the service period, which is usually the vesting period. For those share-based awards that are settled in cash and recorded as a liability, such as phantom restricted share units, the fair value and associated expense is adjusted when the published price of our stock changes. We record shared-based compensation in "Selling, General and Administrative" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Income Taxes

We account for taxes under the asset and liability method. Income taxes have been provided based upon the tax laws and rates in the countries in which our operations are conducted and income is earned. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. A valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is recorded when it is more likely than not that some or all of the benefit from the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The impact of an uncertain tax position taken or expected to be taken on an income tax return is recognized in the financial statements at the largest amount that is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the relevant taxing authority.

Disputes, Litigation and Contingencies

We accrue an estimate of costs to resolve certain disputes, legal matters and contingencies when a loss on these matters is deemed probable and reasonably estimable. For matters not deemed probable or not reasonably estimable, we have not accrued any amounts. Our contingent loss estimates are based upon an analysis of potential results, assuming a combination of possible litigation and settlement strategies. The accuracy of these estimates is impacted by the complexity of the associated issues.

Revenue Recognition

We account for revenue in accordance with ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*, and all of the related amendments, collectively referred to as "Topic 606". Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to our customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The majority of our revenue is derived from short-term contracts. Our products and services are generally sold based upon purchase orders, contracts or other legally enforceable arrangements with our customers that include fixed or determinable prices but do not generally include right of return provisions or other significant post-delivery obligations.

If the terms of a service contract give us the right to invoice the customer for an amount that corresponds directly with the value of our performance completed to date, revenues are recognized over time at the amount to which we have the right to invoice. For certain long-term contracts, our revenue is recognized for services over time as the services are rendered and we utilize an output method such as time elapsed or footage drilled, which coincides with how customers receive the benefit.

We lease drilling tools, artificial lift pumping equipment and other unmanned equipment to customers as operating leases. These equipment rental revenues are generally provided based on call-out work orders that include fixed per unit prices and are derived from short-term contracts. Equipment rental revenues are recognized under ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842) and are recorded within "Services Revenue" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Contract Balances

The timing of revenue recognition, billings and cash collections results in billed and unbilled accounts receivable (included in "Accounts Receivable, Net"), contract assets (included in "Other Current Assets" and "Other Non-Current Assets"), and contract liabilities (included in "Other Current Liabilities") on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We recognize receivables for work completed on service contracts but not billed in which the rights to consideration are conditional as contract assets. We recognize contract liabilities when consideration is received in advance of the recognition of revenue.

Performance Obligations

A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer and is the unit of account. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied.

We generally bill our sales of products and services upon completion of the performance obligation. Product sales are billed and recognized when control passes to the customer. Our products are produced in a standard manufacturing operation, even if produced to our customer's specifications. Our payment terms vary by the type and location of our customer and the products or services offered. For certain products or services and customer types, we require payment before the products or services are delivered to the customer and record as a contract liability. We defer revenue recognition on such payments until the products or services are delivered to the customer.

Revenue is occasionally generated from contracts that include multiple performance obligations. We account for individual products and services separately if they are distinct and the product or service is separately identifiable from other items in the contract and if a customer can benefit from it on its own or with other resources that are readily available to the customer. The consideration, including any discounts, is allocated between separate products and services based on their standalone selling prices. The standalone selling prices are determined based on the prices at which we separately sell our products and services. For items not sold separately (e.g. term software licenses in our Completion and Production product line), we estimate standalone selling prices using the adjusted market assessment approach. Costs of relocating equipment without contracts are expensed as incurred.

We provide certain assurance warranties on product sales which range from one to five years but do not offer extended warranties on any of our products or services. These assurance warranties are not separate performance obligations thus no portion of the transaction price is allocated to our obligations under these warranties.

We do not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original expected length of one year or less and (ii) contracts for which we recognize revenue at the amount to which we have the right to invoice for services performed.

Income (Loss) per Share

Basic income (loss) per share for all periods presented equals net income (loss) divided by the weighted average shares outstanding during the period including participating securities. Diluted income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by our weighted average shares outstanding during the period including participating securities and any potential dilutive shares, when applicable.

Accounting Standards Issued Not Yet Adopted

Evaluations of all other new accounting pronouncements that have been issued, but not yet effective are on-going, and at this time are not expected to have a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

2 - Segment Information

The Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), our chief executive officer, regularly reviews information to make operating decisions, allocate resources and assess performance of the business. The CODM regularly reviews information aligned with how we offer our services and technologies in relation to the well life cycle as reflected in our reportable segments. All of our segments are enabled by a suite of digital monitoring, control and optimization solutions using advanced analytics to provide safe, reliable and efficient solutions throughout the well life cycle, including responsible abandonment. We have three reportable segments: (1) Drilling and Evaluation (2) Well Construction and Completions, and (3) Production and Intervention.

Drilling and Evaluation ("DRE") offers a suite of services including managed pressure drilling, drilling services, wireline and drilling fluids. DRE offerings range from early well planning to reservoir management through innovative tools and expert engineering to optimize reservoir access and productivity.

Well Construction and Completions ("WCC") offers products and services for well integrity assurance across the full life cycle of the well. The primary offerings are tubular running services, cementation products, completions, liner hangers and well services. WCC deploys conventional to advanced technologies, providing safe and efficient services in any environment during the well construction phase.

Production and Intervention ("PRI") offers a suite of reservoir stimulation designs, and engineering capabilities that isolate zones and unlock reserves in conventional and unconventional wells, deep water, and aging reservoirs. The primary offerings are intervention services & drilling tools, artificial lift, digital solutions (previously production automation & software), sub-sea intervention and pressure pumping services in select markets.

Total revenues are from external customers and segment revenues are specific to our three reportable segments and all other revenues are specific to our non-operating segment revenues. Revenues are further described in "Note 3 – Revenues."

Our primary measure of segment profitability is segment adjusted EBITDA, which is based on segment earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, share-based compensation expense and other adjustments. Research and development expenses are included in segment adjusted EBITDA. Corporate and other includes business activities (profit and loss), corporate and other expenses (overhead support and centrally managed or shared facilities costs) that do not individually meet the criteria for segment reporting.

		Year Ended December 31,							
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021	2020					
Revenues:									
Drilling and Evaluation	\$	1,328 \$	1,066 \$	1,044					
Well Construction and Completions		1,521	1,353	1,414					
Production and Intervention		1,395	1,127	1,106					
Segment Revenues		4,244	3,546	3,564					
All Other		87	99	121					
Total Revenues	\$	4,331 \$	3,645 \$	3,685					
Segment Adjusted EBITDA:									
Drilling and Evaluation	\$	324 \$	186 \$	132					
Well Construction and Completions		299	256	273					
Production and Intervention		261	191	154					
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	\$	884 \$	633 \$	559					
Corporate and Other		(67)	(62)	(100)					
Depreciation and Amortization		(349)	(440)	(503)					
Share-based Compensation Expense (a)		(25)	(25)	_					
Other Adjustments (b):									
Long-Lived and Other Asset Impairment	\$	— \$	— \$	(1,053)					
Restructuring Charges	J)	(22)	— ఫ	(206)					
Other (Charges) Credits		(9)	10	(183)					
	\$		10 \$,					
Other Adjustments		(31) \$		(1,442)					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	412 \$	116 \$	(1,486)					

⁽a) See "Note 15 – Share-Based Compensation" for additional information.

⁽b) See "Note 4 – Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment" and "Note 5 – Restructuring Charges" for additional information. During 2020, segment adjusted EBITDA for Well Construction and Completions included a \$12 million gain on sale of operational assets otherwise shown as part of "Other Charges (Credits)" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

	Year En		
(Dollars in millions)	2022	2021	2020
Depreciation and Amortization:			
Drilling and Evaluation	\$ 112 \$	164 \$	183
Well Construction and Completions	99	123	151
Production and Intervention	86	102	112
Corporate and Other	52	51	57
Total Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 349 \$	440 \$	503
Capital Expenditures:			
Drilling and Evaluation	\$ 54 \$	18 \$	27
Well Construction and Completions	35	18	23
Production and Intervention	32	36	73
Corporate and Other	11	13	31
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 132 \$	85 \$	154

	December 3	31,
(Dollars in millions)	2022	2021
Total Assets:		
Drilling and Evaluation	\$ 713 \$	783
Well Construction and Completions	993	974
Production and Intervention	729	686
Total Reportable Segment Assets	2,435	2,443
Corporate and Other (a)	2,285	2,331
Total	\$ 4,720 \$	4,774

⁽a) Corporate and other assets primarily include cash and cash equivalents, certain intangible assets, and centrally managed or shared facilities.

PP&E, Net and Operating Lease Assets by Geographic Area

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021 the U.S. accounted for 22% and 23%, respectively, of our PP&E, Net and operating lease assets identifiable by geography. No other country accounted for more than 10% of our PP&E, Net and operating lease assets identifiable by geography as of December 31, 2022 and 2021. We had no PP&E, Net and operating lease assets in our country of domicile (Ireland) as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

	Decem	ber	31,
(Dollars in millions)	 2022		2021
North America (a)	\$ 246	\$	269
Latin America	176		163
Middle East/North Africa/Asia	354		385
Europe/Sub-Sahara Africa/Russia	239		267
PP&E, Net and Operating Lease Assets by Geography (b)	\$ 1,015	\$	1,084

⁽a) North America consists of the U.S. and Canada.

⁽b) Corporate assets not allocated by geography are excluded from this total.

3 - Revenues

Disaggregated Revenues

For additional details on our revenue recognition policies see "Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies".

The following tables disaggregate our revenues from contracts with customers by geographic region and includes equipment rental revenues. Equipment rental revenues were \$146 million, \$131 million and \$150 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The U.S. accounted for 20%, 19% and 20% of revenues in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. No other country accounted for more than 10% of our revenue in 2022, 2021 and 2020. We had no revenue in our country of domicile (Ireland) in 2022, 2021 and 2020.

Year Ended December 31,					
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021	2020	
Revenues by Geographic Areas:					
North America (a)	\$	1,104 \$	896 \$	889	
Latin America		1,062	814	697	
Europe/Sub-Sahara Africa/Russia		764	737	747	
Middle East/North Africa/Asia		1,401	1,198	1,352	
Total Revenues	\$	4,331 \$	3,645 \$	3,685	

⁽a) North America consists of the U.S. and Canada.

Contract Balances

The timing of our revenue recognition, billings and cash collections result in the recording of accounts receivable, contract assets, and contract liabilities. The following table summarizes these balances as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

		December 3	31,
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021
Receivables for Product and Services in Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	954 \$	795
Receivables for Equipment Rentals in Account Receivable, Net	\$	35 \$	30
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Credit Losses of \$26 at December 31, 2022 and \$31 at Decemb 2021 (a)	er 31, \$	989 \$	825
Contract Assets in Other Current Assets	\$	39 \$	47
Contract Assets in Other Non-Current Assets	\$	21 \$	14
Contract Liabilities in Other Current Liabilities (b)	\$	54 \$	45

⁽a) The change in allowance for credit losses includes charges offset primarily by recoveries and write-offs. The credit loss charges were \$10 million, \$30 million and \$32 million during 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Offsets to allowance for credit losses were primarily recoveries and write-offs of \$15 million, \$31 million and nil during 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

⁽b) Revenues recognized during the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 that were included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of each year were approximately \$39 million and \$35 million, respectively.

4 - Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment

Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment

We recorded the following in "Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations:

	Year Ended December 31,				
(Dollars in millions)	2022	2021	2020		
Long-lived Assets Impairment	\$ — \$	— \$	814		
Goodwill Impairment	_	_	239		
Total Goodwill and Long-lived Assets Impairment	\$ — \$	— \$	1,053		

Goodwill Impairment

As of December 31, 2020, we no longer carry goodwill on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

During 2020, based on our interim goodwill impairment assessments, we determined the fair value of our reporting units were less than their carrying values, and recognized goodwill impairment charges to fully impair our goodwill of \$239 million (also the cumulative impairment loss). We identified impairment indicators that triggered quantitative goodwill assessments. The fair values of our reporting units were determined using a combination of the income approach and the market approach for comparable companies in our industry, a Level 3 fair value analysis. Determining the fair value of the reporting units required management to develop significant judgments, including estimating and discounting future cash flows by reporting unit, specifically forecasted revenue, forecasted operating margins and discount rates.

Long-Lived Assets Impairment

We did not recognize long-lived assets impairments during 2022 or 2021.

During 2020, the global economic and industry conditions resulting from the decline in demand and impact from the COVID-19 pandemic were identified as impairment indicators. As a result, we performed interim impairment assessments of our property, plant and equipment, definite-lived intangible assets, and operating lease assets with the assistance of a third-party valuation advisor. We determined the carrying amount of certain long-lived assets exceeded their respective fair values and recognized \$814 million of long-lived asset impairments as summarized by asset class and segment in the table below, which was included in "Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment" on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The fair values of our long-lived assets were determined using discounted cash flows under the income approach, a Level 3 fair value analysis. The income approach required significant assumptions to determine the fair value of an asset or asset group including the estimated discounted future cash flows, forecasted revenues and operating margins and the discount rate.

Long-Lived Assets Impairment by Asset Class and Segment

	Year Ended December 31, 2020					
(Dollars in millions)	DRE	WCC	PRI	All Other	Total	
Property, Plant and Equipment	\$ 195 \$	126 \$	232 \$	18 \$	571	
Intangible Assets	76	39	40	_	155	
Operating Lease Assets	14	20	54	_	88	
Long-lived Assets Impairment	\$ 285 \$	185 \$	326 \$	18 \$	814	

5 - Restructuring Charges

During 2022, "Restructuring Charges" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations were primarily related to the launch of a multi-year footprint consolidation and workforce efficiency initiative aimed at improving fulfillment operations. No restructuring charges were recognized in 2021. During 2020, our restructuring charges included workforce reductions, organization restructurings, facility consolidations and other cost reduction measures and efficiency initiatives targeted to better align with activity levels at the time.

Restructuring liabilities were \$25 million and \$17 million as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, of which \$16 million and \$12 million are recorded in "Other Current Liabilities" and \$9 million and \$5 million in "Other Non-current Liabilities" as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The change in liabilities include restructuring charges, primarily offset by cash payments.

The following table presents restructuring charges by type (including asset related charges) and by segment (and corporate and other) for following periods:

	Year Ended December 31,						
(Dollars in millions)	2022	2021	2020				
Severance Charges	\$ 14 \$	— \$	132				
Facility Exit Charges	8	_	10				
Inventory Charges ^(a)	_	_	15				
Property, Plant and Equipment(a)	_	_	40				
Operating Lease and Other Assets(a)	_	_	9				
Total Restructuring Charges	\$ 22 \$	— \$	206				

⁽a) Asset write-downs included in restructuring charges.

		Year Ei	nded December 31,	
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021	2020
Drilling and Evaluation	\$	5 \$	— \$	35
Well Construction and Completions		7	_	60
Production and Intervention		5	_	52
Corporate and Other		5		59
Total Restructuring Charges	\$	22 \$	— \$	206

6 - Inventories, Net

Inventories, net of reserves of \$129 million and \$159 million as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, by category were as follows:

	December 31,						
(Dollars in millions)	 2022	2021					
Finished Goods	\$ 601 \$	595					
Work in Process and Raw Materials, Components and Supplies	88	75					
Inventories, Net	\$ 689 \$	670					

The change in inventory reserves includes the inventory charges below, primarily offset by the disposal of inventory previously reserved.

Inventory charges were recognized in the following captions on our Consolidated Statements of Operations:

	Year En	ded December 31,	,
(Dollars in millions)	2022	2021	2020
Inventory Charges in "Cost of Products"	\$ 32 \$	55 \$	57
Inventory Charges in "Restructuring Charges"	_	_	15
Inventory Charges in "Other Charges (Credits)"	4	7	138
Total Inventory Charges (a)	\$ 36 \$	62 \$	210

⁽a) Inventory charges in 2020 were additionally driven by the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

7 - Property, Plant and Equipment, Net

Property, plant and equipment, net was composed of the following:

	December 31,					
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021			
Land, Buildings and Leasehold Improvements	\$	476 \$	484			
Rental and Service Equipment		983	902			
Machinery and Other		232	233			
Property, Plant and Equipment, Gross		1,691	1,619			
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		773	623			
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	\$	918 \$	996			

Depreciation expense was \$194 million, \$284 million and \$340 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020. See discussion at "Note 4 – Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment" for impairment recognized in 2020.

8 – Intangible Assets, Net

The components of intangible assets, net were as follows:

	December 31, 2022					
		Gross				Net
		Carrying		Accumulated		Intangible
(Dollars in millions)		Amount		Amortization		Assets
Developed and Acquired Technology	\$	591	\$	(359)	\$	23
Trade Names		395		(121)		27
Intangible Assets, Net	\$	986	\$	(480)	\$	50

		D	ecember 31, 2021	
	Gross			Net
	Carrying		Accumulated	Intangible
(Dollars in millions)	Amount		Amortization	Assets
Developed and Acquired Technology	\$ 590	\$	(247)	\$ 34
Trade Names	395		(81)	31
Intangible Assets, Net	\$ 985	\$	(328)	\$ 65

Amortization expense was \$155 million, \$156 million and \$163 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Based on the carrying value of intangible assets at December 31, 2022, amortization expense for the subsequent five years is estimated as follows (dollars in millions):

Period	Am	ount
2023	\$	157
2024		146
2025		42
2026		41
2027		41

9 – Leases

The following table presents our lease expense components:

	Year En	ded December 31	,
(Dollars in millions)	 2022	2021	2020
Lease Expense Components:			
Operating Lease Expense	\$ 57 \$	61 \$	76
Short-term and Variable Lease Expense	90	65	63
Subtotal of Operating Lease Expense	\$ 147 \$	126 \$	139
Finance Lease Expense: Amortization of Assets and Interest on Lease Liabilities	18	16	15
Sublease Income	(3)	(4)	(6)
Total Lease Expense	\$ 162 \$	138 \$	148

Future commitments under operating and finance leases are as follows:

(Dollars in millions)	•	erating eases	Finance Leases
	L	eases	Leases
Maturity of Lease Liabilities as of December 31, 2022:			
2023	\$	55 \$	18
2024		38	16
2025		31	14
2026		24	13
2027		16	3
After 2027		91	1
Total Lease Payments		255	65
Less: Interest		(94)	(10)
Present Value of Lease Liabilities	\$	161 \$	55

		Years Ended						
(Dollars in millions except years and percentages)		12/31/2022		12/31/2021		12/31/2020		
Other Supplemental Information:								
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:								
Operating cash outflows from operating leases	\$	80	\$	89	\$	101		
Operating cash outflows from finance leases	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5		
Financing cash outflows from finance leases	\$	16	\$	13	\$	9		
Assets obtained in exchange for:								
Operating leases	\$	50	\$	23	\$	37		
Finance leases	\$	18	\$	6	\$	4		
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)								
Operating leases		8.3	3	8.	9	8.1		
Finance leases		3.9	9	4.	8	5.9		
Weighted-average discount rate (percentages)								
Operating leases		9.1 %	o	9.6 9	6	9.6 %		
Finance leases		8.5 %	ó	8.9 %	6	9.1 %		

10 - Borrowings and Other Debt Obligations

Total debt carrying values consisted of the following:

	December 31,			
(Dollars in millions)		2022		2021
Current portion of 6.5% Senior Secured Notes due 2028 "2028 Senior Secured Notes"	\$	11	\$	_
Current portion of 11.00% Exit Notes due 2024 "Exit Notes"		20		_
Finance Lease Current Portion		14		12
Short-term Borrowings and Current Portion of Long-term Debt	\$	45	\$	12
8.625% Senior Notes due 2030 "2030 Senior Notes"	\$	1,586	\$	1,584
6.5% Senior Secured Notes due 2028 "2028 Senior Secured Notes"		471		488
11.00% Exit Notes due 2024 "Exit Notes"		105		300
Finance Lease Long-term Portion		41		44
Long-term Debt	\$	2,203	\$	2,416

Our Exit Notes and 2028 Senior Secured Notes were issued by Weatherford International Ltd., a Bermuda exempted company ("Weatherford Bermuda"), and guaranteed by the Company and Weatherford International, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Weatherford Delaware") and other subsidiary guarantors party thereto.

Our 2030 Senior Notes were originally issued by Weatherford Bermuda and guaranteed by the Company and Weatherford Delaware and other subsidiary guarantors party thereto. On December 1, 2022, the indenture related to our 2030 Senior Notes was amended and supplemented to add Weatherford Delaware as co-issuer and co-obligor, and concurrently releases the guarantee of Weatherford Delaware.

The bond redemption premiums and noncash loss on extinguishment of debt related to the unamortized debt issuance costs described in the following paragraphs are presented as "Loss on Extinguishment of Debt and Bond Redemption Premium" on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Additionally, debt issuance costs described in the following paragraphs reduce the carrying amount of the debt liability and are recognized using the effective interest rate method over the term of the debt in "Interest Expense, Net" on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Exit Notes

On December 13, 2019, we issued unsecured 11.00% Exit Notes due in 2024 for an aggregate principal amount of \$2.1 billion. Interest on the Exit Notes accrues at the rate of 11.00% per annum and is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 and commenced June 1, 2020. Proceeds from the issuance were reduced by debt issuance costs.

On October 20, 2021, we redeemed \$200 million in principal amount and paid related accrued interest of \$8 million along with a bond redemption premium of \$6 million. On October 27, 2021, we redeemed \$1.6 billion in principal and paid related accrued interest of \$71 million along with a bond redemption premium of \$103 million and recognized a \$2 million noncash loss on extinguishment of debt related to the unamortized debt issuance costs. This redemption used net proceeds from our issuance of \$1.6 billion of 2030 Senior Notes (defined below) and cash on hand.

On August 10, 2022 and November 17, 2022, we redeemed \$50 million and \$125 million, respectively, in principal amount and paid the related accrued interest along with a bond redemption premium of \$5 million. During the fourth quarter of 2022, we elected to redeem an additional \$20 million and present this amount as "Short-term Borrowings and Current Portion of Long-term Debt" on the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2022, the carrying value of \$125 million represents the total remaining unpaid principal. Subsequent to year-end, in January 2023, we redeemed the \$20 million in principal in short-term and paid related accrued interest along with a bond redemption premium.

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2024 Senior Secured Notes

On August 28, 2020, we entered into an indenture and issued the 8.75% Senior Secured Notes for an aggregate principal amount of \$500 million maturing September 1, 2024 (the "2024 Senior Secured Notes"). Interest accrued at the rate of 8.75% per annum and was payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, and commenced March 1, 2021. Proceeds from the issuance were reduced by debt issuance costs, and include a purchase commitment discount of \$25 million and a commitment fee of \$15 million.

On September 30, 2021, we repaid the principal amount outstanding on our 2024 Senior Secured Notes and accrued interest with proceeds from the issuance of the 2028 Senior Secured Notes described below and cash on hand. In addition, we paid and recognized a \$22 million bond redemption premium and recognized a \$37 million noncash loss on extinguishment of debt related to the unamortized debt issuance costs and discount.

2028 Senior Secured Notes

On September 30, 2021, we issued 6.5% Senior Secured Notes in aggregate principal amount of \$500 million maturing September 15, 2028 (the "2028 Senior Secured Notes"). Interest accrues at the rate of 6.5% per annum and is payable semiannually on September 15 and March 15 of each year, and commenced March 15, 2022. Proceeds from the issuance were reduced by debt issuance costs. The 2028 Senior Secured Notes and the related guarantees are secured by substantially all of the assets and properties of the Company and the other guarantors (on an effectively first-priority basis with respect to the priority collateral for the 2028 Senior Secured Notes, and on an effectively second-priority basis with respect to the priority collateral for the senior secured letter of credit agreement (now the "Credit Agreement"), in each case, subject to permitted liens).

During the fourth quarter of 2022, we elected to repurchase \$8 million in principal amount of our 2028 Senior Secured Notes. Subsequent to year-end, in January 2023, we repurchased an additional \$11 million in principal amount of our 2028 Senior Secured Notes.

2030 Senior Notes

On October 27, 2021, we issued 8.625% Senior Notes in aggregate principal amount of \$1.6 billion maturing April 30, 2030 (the "2030 Senior Notes"). Interest accrues at the rate of 8.625% per annum and is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, and commenced June 1, 2022.

On December 1, 2022, we modified our 2030 Senior Notes, as described earlier.

Credit Agreement

We had a senior secured letter of credit agreement dated as of December 13, 2019 (the "LC Agreement") in an aggregate amount of \$215 million maturing on May 29, 2024, which is used by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries for the issuance of bid and performance letters of credit.

On October 17, 2022, we amended our LC Agreement (as amended and restated, the "Credit Agreement") to assign the administrative agent role to Wells Fargo Bank National Association and to provide for a \$370 million revolving credit agreement, comprised of \$280 million for bid and performance letters of credit, and \$90 million for revolving loans and bid, performance and financial letters of credit. The current revolving loan capacity is \$45 million.

The maturity date under the Credit Agreement is October 17, 2026 provided, that if more than \$50 million of our Exit Notes are outstanding on such date, the maturity date will be August 30, 2024. The Credit Agreement also has (i) a minimum liquidity covenant of \$250 million, (ii) a minimum interest coverage ratio of 2.00 to 1.00 for the testing period ended September 30, 2022 and 2.50 to 1.00 for each testing period thereafter and (iii) a maximum ratio of funded debt (net of unrestricted cash in excess of \$400 million) to consolidated adjusted EBITDA of 4.00 to 1.00 for each testing period ending prior to June 30, 2023 and 3.50 to 1.00 for each testing period thereafter. The obligations under the Credit Agreement, as with our prior LC Agreement, are guaranteed by the Company and certain of our subsidiaries and secured by substantially all of the personal property of the Company and these subsidiaries.

On November 22, 2022, we amended our Credit Agreement to include (i) Weatherford Canada Ltd. as a borrower, and (ii) increased the total commitment to \$400 million. On January 6, 2023, we further amended the Credit Agreement to clarify certain definitions related to fees associated with certain letters of credit. The material terms of the Credit Agreement are otherwise unchanged.

At December 31, 2022, we had approximately \$195 million in outstanding letters of credit under the Credit Agreement and availability of \$160 million.

As of December 31, 2022, we had \$395 million of letters of credit outstanding, consisting of the \$195 million mentioned above under the Credit Agreement and another \$200 million under various uncommitted bi-lateral facilities (of which there was \$199 million in cash collateral held and recorded in "Restricted Cash" on the Consolidated Balance Sheets).

ABL Credit Agreement

On the Effective Date, the Company entered into a senior secured asset-based lending agreement (the "ABL Credit Agreement") in an aggregate amount of \$450 million with the lenders party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as administrative agent. On August 28, 2020, we terminated the ABL Credit Agreement and recorded \$15 million of unamortized deferred debt issuance costs in "Loss on Termination of ABL Credit Agreement" on our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Covenants for the Exit Notes, 2028 Senior Secured Notes, 2030 Senior Notes and Credit Agreement

The indentures governing the Exit Notes, 2028 Senior Secured Notes and 2030 Senior Notes contain covenants that limit, among other things, our ability and the ability of certain of our subsidiaries, to: incur, assume or guarantee additional indebtedness; pay dividends or distributions on capital stock or redeem or repurchase capital stock; make investments; sell stock of our subsidiaries; transfer or sell assets; create liens; enter into transactions with affiliates; and enter into mergers or consolidations. The Company is subject to a \$250 million minimum liquidity covenant and minimum interest coverage ratio and maximum ratio of funded debt as noted above under our latest amended Credit Agreement as defined in the applicable documents.

In the event (1) the Exit Notes have an investment grade rating from both of Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's"), and Standard and Poor's ("S&P') and (2) no default has occurred and is continuing under the indenture, certain of these and other covenants will be suspended and cease to be in effect so long as the rating assigned by either Moody's or S&P has not subsequently declined to below Baa3 or BBB- (or equivalent).

The indentures also provide for certain customary events of default, including, among others, nonpayment of principal or interest, failure to pay final judgments in excess of a specified threshold, failure of a guarantee to remain in effect, bankruptcy and insolvency events, and cross acceleration, which would permit the principal, premium, if any, interest and other monetary obligations on all the then outstanding Exit Notes and 2028 Senior Secured Notes to be declared due and payable immediately.

The following is a summary of scheduled debt maturities by year:

(Dollars in millions)	
2023	\$ 45
2024	118
2025	13
2026	12
2027	3
Thereafter	2,081
Total Debt Maturities	\$ 2,272
Unamortized Debt Issuance and Discount	\$ (24)
Total Debt Carrying Value	\$ 2,248

11 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments, Assets and Other Assets

We estimate fair value at a price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal market for the asset or liability. Our valuation techniques require inputs that we categorize using a three-level hierarchy, from highest to lowest level of observable inputs. Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are quoted prices or other market data for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through market corroboration, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs based upon our own judgment and assumptions used to measure assets and liabilities at fair value. Classification of a financial asset or liability within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair values of our derivative instruments (see "Note 12 – Derivative Instruments") and warrants (see "Note 16 – Shareholders' Equity"), are both Level 2 valuations.

Our other financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, short-term borrowings and long-term debt. The carrying values of these financial instruments (excluding long-term debt) approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.

The fair value of our long-term debt fluctuates with changes in applicable interest rates among other factors. Fair value will exceed carrying value when the current market interest rate is lower than the interest rate at which the debt was originally issued and will be less than the carrying value when the current market interest rate is greater than the interest rate at which the debt was originally issued. The fair value of our long-term debt (excluding Finance Leases) in the following table is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy and is established based on observable inputs in less active markets.

		December 31	, 2022	December 31, 2021		
(Dollars in millions)	Carr	ying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	
11.00% Exit Notes due 2024	\$	125 \$	128 \$	300 \$	311	
6.5% Senior Secured Notes due 2028		482	482	488	528	
8.625% Senior Notes due 2030		1,586	1,544	1,584	1,660	
Long-Term Debt (excluding Finance Leases)	\$	2,193 \$	2,154 \$	2,372 \$	2,499	

Non-recurring Fair Value Measurements

See discussion at "Note 4 - Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets Impairment" and "Note 6 - Inventories, Net".

12 - Derivative Instruments

We enter into contracts to hedge our exposure to currency fluctuations in various foreign currencies. At December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, we had outstanding foreign currency forward contracts with notional amounts aggregating to \$147 million and \$349 million, respectively.

The changes in fair value of the contracts are recorded in each period in "Other Expense, Net" on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

13 - Retirement and Employee Benefit Plans

We have defined contribution plans covering certain employees. Contribution expenses related to these plans totaled \$18 million, \$16 million and \$13 million for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

We have defined benefit pension and other post-retirement benefit plans covering certain U.S. and international employees. Plan benefits are generally based on factors such as age, compensation levels and years of service. Net periodic benefit cost related to these plans totaled \$4 million, \$4 million, and \$2 million for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The projected benefit obligations on a consolidated basis were \$121 million and \$207 million as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. The decrease year over year is due primarily to actuarial gains as a result of increased discount rates. The fair values of plan assets on a consolidated basis (determined primarily using Level 2 inputs) were \$97 million and \$160 million as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. The decrease year over year is due primarily to investment losses. As of December 31, 2022, the net underfunded obligation consisted of \$15 million of funded obligations recorded to "Other Non-current Assets" and \$39 million of underfunded obligations substantially all recorded to "Other Non-current Liabilities" on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of December 31, 2021, the net underfunded obligation consisted of \$16 million of funded obligations recorded to "Other Non-current Assets" and \$63 million of underfunded obligations substantially all recorded to "Other Non-current Liabilities" on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Additionally, the consolidated pre-tax amount in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, that has not yet been recognized as a component of net periodic benefit cost was a net gain of \$19 million and net gain of \$1 million, respectively. As mentioned above, increased discount rates were the primary driver of the overall gain in 2022.

The weighted average assumption rates used for benefit obligations were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2022	2021		
Discount rate:				
United States Plans	4.75% - 5.00%	2.00% - 2.75%		
International Plans	2.84% - 13.62%	0.85% - 8.47%		
Rate of Compensation Increase:				
United States Plans	_	_		
International Plans	2.00% - 7.22%	2.00% - 4.77%		

During each of the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, we made contributions and paid direct benefits of \$5 million in connection with our defined benefit pension and other post-retirement benefit plans. In 2023, we expect to fund approximately \$5 million related to those plans.

14 - Disputes, Litigation and Legal Contingencies

We are subject to lawsuits and claims arising out of the nature of our business. We have certain claims, disputes and pending litigation for which we do not believe a negative outcome is probable or for which we can only estimate a range of liability. It is possible, however, that an unexpected judgment could be rendered against us, or we could decide to resolve a case or cases, that would result in a liability that could be uninsured and beyond the amounts we currently have reserved and in some cases those losses could be material. If one or more negative outcomes were to occur relative to these cases, the aggregate impact to our financial condition could be material.

Accrued litigation and settlements recorded in "Other Current Liabilities" on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were \$41 million and \$40 million, respectively.

GAMCO Shareholder Litigation

On September 6, 2019, GAMCO Asset Management, Inc. ("GAMCO"), purportedly on behalf of itself and other similarly situated shareholders, filed a lawsuit asserting violations of the federal securities laws against certain then-current and former officers and directors of the Company. GAMCO alleges violations of Sections 10(b) and 20(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and violations of Sections 11 and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") based on allegations that the Company and certain of its officers made false and/or misleading statements, and alleged non-disclosure of material facts, regarding our business, operations, prospects and performance. GAMCO seeks damages on behalf of purchasers of the Company's ordinary shares from October 26, 2016 through May 10, 2019. GAMCO's lawsuit was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division, and it is captioned GAMCO Asset Management, Inc. v. McCollum, et al., Case No. 4:19-cv-03363. The District Court Judge appointed Utah Retirement Systems ("URS") as Lead Plaintiff, and on March 16, 2020, URS filed its Amended Complaint. URS added the Company as a defendant but dropped the claims against non-officer board members and all the claims under the Securities Act. The defendants filed their motion to dismiss on May 18, 2020, and the Court granted the motion on May 14, 2021. URS appealed the Court's Opinion on Dismissal to the Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit, and the parties are awaiting a decision. We cannot reliably predict the outcome of the claims, including the amount of any possible loss.

15 - Share-Based Compensation

Share-Based Plan

The Weatherford International plc Third Amended and Restated 2019 Equity Incentive Plan, ("2019 Equity Plan") authorizes the issuance of 8.6 million shares of common stock by the Compensation and Human Resources Committee of our Board of Directors in the form of options, share appreciation rights, restricted share awards, restricted share units ("RSUs"), performance-based restricted share units ("PSUs"), Phantom restricted share units ("Phantom RSUs") and other share-based and performance-based awards to any employee, consultant, or non-employee director ("Grantees"). The provisions of each award vary based on the type of award granted. Awards made under the 2019 Equity Plan vest and settle in shares of newly issued common stock or cash. As of December 31, 2022, there were 3.3 million shares available for future grants.

Share-Based Compensation Expense

Share-based compensation expense was \$25 million each for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and immaterial for 2020. Due to valuation allowances in the taxing jurisdictions of our Grantees, there is no related tax impact for each of the periods presented.

Share-Based Award

The Company has granted RSUs, PSUs, and Phantom RSUs under the 2019 Equity Plan. All awards require continued employment and generally vest over a one to three year vesting period. The Grantees do not have the rights of a shareholder under these awards until such date as the shares are issued.

RSUs vest based on continued employment. The fair value of RSUs is determined based on the closing price of our shares on the date of grant. The total fair value, less forfeitures, is expensed over the vesting period. The weighted-average grant date fair value per unit ("WAGD FV") of RSUs granted during 2022, 2021 and 2020 was \$30.90, \$6.54 and \$3.37, respectively. The fair value of RSUs vested during 2022, 2021 and 2020 was \$18 million, \$2 million and immaterial, respectively. Cash used to settle RSUs in 2022 was \$2 million. Cash was not used for 2021 or 2020. As of December 31, 2022, there was \$12 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to RSUs, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of two years.

PSUs vest based on continued employment and achievement of an established target. The actual number of PSU's earned is subject to increase or decrease based on the performance goal multiplier and may range from 0% to 200%. The total fair value, less forfeitures, is expensed over the vesting period. Fair value of PSU's depends on whether the established target is a performance or market condition.

The fair value of PSUs subject to performance conditions defined solely by reference to the Company's own operations is determined based on the closing price of our shares on the date of grant. Compensation cost is recognized only when the Company concludes it is probable the performance condition will be achieved and can increase, or decrease based on fluctuations in the Company's forecasts.

The fair value of PSUs subject to the market performance of the Company's shares is determined by utilizing an advanced option-pricing model. All compensation cost is recognized if the employment condition is fulfilled even if the market condition is never satisfied, as the likelihood of achieving the market condition is incorporated into the fair value of the award. The weighted average of assumptions used in the models were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2022	2021	2020		
Risk-Free rate	3.2 %	0.8 %	n/a		
Dividend Yield	n/a	n/a	n/a		
Expected Volatility	63.0 %	55.0 %	n/a		
Expected Life (in years)	2.5	3.2	n/a		

The risk-free rate is obtained as of the grant date with terms matching the performance period. The dividend yield is based on historical dividend payments and expectations of management. The expected volatility is based on comparable companies' volatility, and the expected life in years is based on the performance measurement period.

The WAGD FV per unit of PSUs granted during 2022, 2021 and 2020 was \$23.14, \$12.62 and \$2.46, respectively. The fair value of PSUs vested during 2021 was \$2 million and nil for 2020 and 2022. As of December 31, 2022, there was \$19 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to PSUs, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of two years.

Phantom RSUs were only granted in 2021. Phantom RSUs vest, based on continued employment, over two years and can be settled in either cash or shares. The Company intends to settle all Phantom RSUs in cash, therefore they are recorded as a liability and remeasured based on current market value over the vesting period until settlement. Cash payout is calculated using the volume weighted price of the Company's shares averaged for the 30 trading days immediately preceding the applicable vesting date, and was capped at certain predetermined amounts. During 2021, Phantoms RSUs were granted with a WAGD FV of \$6.38 and the liability as of December 31, 2021 was \$14 million, which was settled in cash in 2022. As of December 31, 2022, there was an immaterial amount of unrecognized compensation expense related to Phantom RSUs, due to achievement of the predetermined capped amounts in year one, which is expected to be settled in cash in 2023.

A summary of activity for non-vested RSUs, PSUs, and Phantom RSUs outstanding (units in thousands) and their respective WAGD FV during 2022 is presented below. The table reflects the performance multiplier for PSUs at 100%.

	RSU	WAGD FV	PSU	WAGD FV	Phantom RSU	WAGD FV
Non-Vested at December 31, 2021	1,065	6.19	1,924	12.74	1,239	6.53
Granted	609	30.90	618	23.14	_	_
Vested	(679)	6.37	_	_	(465)	6.55
Cancelled or Forfeited	(77)	22.86	(241)	18.02	(757)	6.34
Non-Vested at December 31, 2022	918	21.05	2,301	14.98	17	14.50

16 - Shareholders' Equity

There were no material changes in our ordinary shares issued as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

On the Effective Date, the Company issued warrants allowing the holders to purchase up to an aggregate of 7,777,779 ordinary shares in the Company, par value \$0.001, at an exercise price of \$99.96 per ordinary share. The warrants are equity classified and, upon issuance, had a value of \$31 million, which was recorded in "Capital in Excess of Par Value." The warrant fair value was a Level 2 valuation and was estimated using the Black Scholes valuation model. Inputs to the model included Weatherford's share price, volatility of our share price, and the risk-free interest rate.

The warrants are exercisable until the "Expiration Date" of which is the earlier of (i) December 13, 2023 and (ii) the date of consummation of any liquidity event resulting in the sale or exchange or a liquidation, dissolution or winding down of all or substantially all of the equity interests of the Company to one or more third parties. All unexercised warrants will expire, and the rights of the warrant holders to purchase ordinary shares will terminate, on the Expiration Date. During 2022 and 2021, an immaterial number of warrants were exercised.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table presents the changes in our accumulated other comprehensive loss by component:

(Dollars in millions)		ed Benefit ension	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ (31) \$	(12) \$	(43)
Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	(5)	13	8
Balance at December 31, 2021	(36)	1	(35)
Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	(5)	18	13
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ (41) \$	19 \$	(22)

17 - Income (Loss) per Share

Basic income (loss) per share for all periods presented equals net income (loss) divided by our weighted average shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by our weighted average shares outstanding during the period including potential dilutive ordinary shares. Antidilutive shares represent potentially dilutive securities which are excluded from the computation of diluted income or loss per share as their impact was antidilutive. These include potential ordinary shares for restricted share units, performance share units, phantom restricted share units, and outstanding warrants. Our basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding for periods presented with net loss are equivalent as the impact of potential dilutive securities is antidilutive.

A reconciliation of the number of shares used for the basic and diluted income (loss) per share calculation was as follows:

	Year Ended December			31,	
(Shares in millions)		2022	2021	2020	
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Weatherford	\$	26 \$	(450) \$	(1,921)	
Basic Weighted Average Shares Outstanding		71	70	70	
Dilutive Effect of Awards Granted in Stock Incentive Plans		1	_	_	
Diluted Weighted Average Shares Outstanding		72	70	70	
Antidilutive Shares		8	10	8	
Basic Income (Loss) Per Share Attributable to Weatherford	\$	0.37 \$	(6.43) \$	(27.44)	
Diluted Income (Loss) Per Share Attributable to Weatherford	\$	0.36 \$	(6.43) \$	(27.44)	

18 - Income Taxes

We provide for income taxes based on the laws and rates in effect in the countries in which operations are conducted, or in which we or our subsidiaries are considered resident for income tax purposes. The relationship between our pre-tax income or loss and our income tax provision or benefit varies from period to period as a result of various factors which include changes in total pre-tax income or loss, the jurisdictions in which our income is earned, the tax laws in those jurisdictions and in our operating structure.

Our income tax provision consisted of the following:

	Year Ended December 31,			
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021	2020
Total Current Provision	\$	(83) \$	(96) \$	(90)
Total Deferred (Provision) Benefit		(4)	10	5
Income Tax Provision	\$	(87) \$	(86) \$	(85)

The difference between the Irish income tax provision and the consolidated income tax provision is analyzed below:

	Year End	ed December 31,	
(Dollars in millions)	2022	2021	2020
Irish Income Tax (Provision) Benefit Tax Rate of 25%	\$ (35) \$	86 \$	454
Tax Provision on Operating Earnings/Losses Subject to Rates Different than the Irish Income Tax Rate	(155)	(189)	(361)
Tax (Provision) Benefit on Swiss Loss from internal liquidation of subsidiary	(141)	124	179
Decrease (Increase) in Valuation Allowance attributed to Swiss Loss	141	(124)	(179)
Decrease (Increase) in Valuation Allowance on Operating Earnings/Losses	64	52	(151)
Change in Uncertain Tax Positions	39	(35)	(27)
Income Tax Provision	\$ (87) \$	(86) \$	(85)

Our income tax provisions generally do not correlate to our consolidated income (loss) before tax. Our income taxes provisions are primarily driven by profits in certain jurisdictions, deemed profit countries and withholding taxes on intercompany and third-party transactions that do not directly correlate to ordinary income or loss. Certain charges and impairments recognized do not result in significant tax benefit as a result of being attributed to a non-income tax jurisdiction or our inability to forecast realization of the tax benefit of such losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax effects of temporary differences between the tax basis of an asset or liability and its reported amount in the Consolidated Financial Statements. The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities is based on enacted tax laws and rates currently in effect in each of the jurisdictions in which we have operations.

The components of the net deferred tax asset were as follows:

	De	ecember 31,	December 31,
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021
Deferred Tax Assets:			
Net Operating Losses Carryforwards	\$	751 \$	929
Unused Recognized Built in Losses		43	50
Accrued Liabilities and Reserves		143	186
Tax Credit Carryforwards		11	9
Employee Benefits		29	30
Property, Plant and Equipment		158	118
Inventory		38	52
U.S. Interest Deferral		57	13
State Deferred		50	50
Other Differences between Financial and Tax Basis		89	139
Valuation Allowance		(1,300)	(1,527)
Total Deferred Tax Assets		69	49
Deferred Tax Liabilities:			
Intangible Assets		(28)	(35)
Other Differences between Financial and Tax Basis		_	(3)
Total Deferred Tax Liabilities		(28)	(38)
Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$	41 \$	11

We record deferred tax assets for net operating losses and temporary differences between the book and tax basis of assets and liabilities that are expected to produce tax deductions in future periods. The ultimate realization of the deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income in the appropriate tax jurisdiction during the periods in which those deferred tax assets would be deductible. The Company assesses the realizability of its deferred tax assets each period by considering whether it is more likely than not that all or a portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company considers all available evidence (both positive and negative) when determining whether a valuation allowance is required, with emphasis on our past operating results, the existence of cumulative losses in the most recent years and our forecast of near-term taxable income. The Company evaluates possible sources of taxable income that may be available to realize the benefit of deferred tax assets, including projected future taxable income, the reversal of existing temporary differences, taxable income in carryback years and available tax planning strategies, in making this assessment.

The valuation allowance increased (decreased) by \$(227) million, \$28 million and \$333 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Tax expense (benefit) related to the increase (decrease) in the valuation allowance was \$(205) million, \$72 million, and \$330 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The tax expense (benefit) in the valuation allowance is primarily attributable to the release of valuation allowance of \$35 million and \$7 million for 2022 and 2021, respectively, where deferred tax assets are now considered more likely than not to be realized in the future, and the Switzerland liquidation transaction discussed below. The remaining relates to the utilization of net operating losses previously not expected to be realized against operating earnings, \$(29) million and \$(45) million in 2022 and 2021, respectively. The 2020 expense is primarily attributable to net operating losses not expected to be realized and the Switzerland transaction. Other increase (decreases) to the valuation allowance also includes foreign currency transactions of \$(22) million, \$(44) million, and \$3 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Deferred income taxes generally have not been recognized on the cumulative undistributed earnings of our non-Irish subsidiaries because they are considered to be indefinitely reinvested. Distribution of these earnings in the form of dividends or otherwise may result in a combination of income and withholding taxes payable in various countries. As of December 31, 2022, the pool of positive undistributed earnings of our non-Irish subsidiaries that are considered indefinitely reinvested and may be subject to tax if distributed amounts to approximately \$1.3 billion. Due to complexities in the tax laws and the manner of repatriation, it is not practicable to estimate the unrecognized amount of deferred income taxes and the related dividend withholding taxes associated with these undistributed earnings.

At December 31, 2022, we had approximately \$3.8 billion of net operating losses ("NOLs") in various jurisdictions. Our non-indefinite loss carryforwards, if not utilized, will mostly expire for U.S. subsidiaries from 2030 through 2037 and at various dates from 2023 through 2042 for non-U.S. subsidiaries

Upon emergence from bankruptcy in December 2019, our U.S. subsidiaries experienced an ownership change as the Company's emergence was considered an "ownership change" for purposes of Internal Revenue Code section 382. The Internal Revenue Code sections 382 and 383 impose limitations on the ability of a company to utilize tax attributes after experiencing an "ownership change." As a result, we estimated our annual limitation is approximately \$23 million against the utilization of our U.S. loss carryforwards and other tax attributes, including unused recognized built-in losses and U.S. interest deferral. Upon emergence, we estimated that the maximum U.S. NOLs available for utilization in the future was \$713 million as of December 31, 2019.

In 2021, we executed a liquidation transaction of one of our Swiss holding companies which resulted in the forfeiture of impairment losses of \$1.3 billion generated in 2020. In addition, the liquidation transaction resulted in approximately \$6.2 billion of tax losses (NOLs) in Switzerland of which \$4 billion was deemed worthless and excluded from the deferred tax table, and \$2.2 billion was recorded as an NOL and included in the table as management expects to utilize those NOLs on our future tax returns. However, in addition to recording a deferred tax asset of \$303 million related to the \$2.2 billion tax losses, we recorded a valuation allowance against the full \$303 million because it will offset future income that is otherwise exempt from tax.

A tabular reconciliation of the total amounts of uncertain tax positions at the beginning and end of the period is as follows:

•		Year End	led December 31,	
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021	2020
Balance at Beginning of Year	\$	235 \$	222 \$	214
Additions as a Result of Tax Positions Taken During a Prior Period		14	23	9
Reductions as a Result of Tax Positions Taken During a Prior Period		(15)	(8)	(4)
Additions as a Result of Tax Positions Taken During the Current Period		11	12	21
Reductions Relating to Settlements with Taxing Authorities		(36)	(5)	(2)
Reductions as a Result of a Lapse of the Applicable Statute of Limitations	S	(11)	(2)	(7)
Foreign Exchange Effects		(7)	(7)	(9)
Balance at End of Year	\$	191 \$	235 \$	222

Substantially all of the uncertain tax positions, if released in future periods, would impact our effective tax rate. Within the total balance is \$38 million and \$76 million as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, that would be offset by net operating losses and other tax attributes if settled. Our income tax provision includes penalties and interest expense (benefit) on uncertain tax positions of \$(2) million, \$17 million and \$11 million for years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. The benefit of \$(2) million in 2022 includes \$(19) million of interest and penalty release related to benefit from previously uncertain tax positions. The amounts in the table above exclude cumulative accrued interest and penalties of \$98 million and \$104 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021 respectively, which are included in other non-current liabilities.

<u>Table of Contents</u> Item 8 | Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

We are subject to income tax in many of the approximately 75 countries where we operate. As of December 31, 2022, the following table summarizes the tax years that remain subject to examination for the major jurisdictions in which we operate:

Tax Jurisdiction	Tax Years under Examinati
Argentina	2012 - 20
Canada	2014 - 20
Mexico	2012 - 20
Russia	2019 - 20
Saudi Arabia	2018 - 20
Switzerland	2014 - 20
United States (Federal)	2019 - 20

We are continuously under tax examination in various jurisdictions and cannot predict the timing or outcome regarding the resolutions or if they will have a material impact on our financial statements. As of December 31, 2022, we anticipate that it is reasonably possible that the amount of uncertain tax positions may decrease by up to \$4 million in the next twelve months due to expiration of statutes of limitations, settlements and/or conclusions of tax examinations.

Table of Contents Item 9 | Changes in and Disagreement with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreement with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. This information is collected and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Our management, under the supervision of and with the participation of our CEO and CFO, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures at December 31, 2022. Based on that evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2022.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act. The Company's internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance as to the reliability of its financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Our management, including our CEO and CFO, does not expect that our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in a system of internal control over financial reporting, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any control system is also based, in part, upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022 using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in Internal Control – An Integrated Framework (2013). As a result of this assessment, management concluded that as of December 31, 2022, our internal control over financial reporting was effective based on these criteria.

KPMG LLP has issued an attestation report dated February 8, 2023, on our internal control over financial reporting, which is contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, that occurred during the fourth quarter ended December 31, 2022, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

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Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

Not applicable.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

See "Item 1. – Business – Executive Officers of Weatherford" of this report for Item 10 information regarding executive officers of Weatherford. Pursuant to General Instructions G(3), information on our directors and corporate governance matters is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement for the 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

We have adopted a code of ethics entitled "Weatherford Code of Business Conduct English," which applies to all our employees, officers and directors. Copies of these codes can also be found at www.weatherford.com.

We intend to satisfy the requirement under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K to disclose any amendments to our Weatherford Code of Business Conduct and any waiver from any provision to it by posting such information on our website at www.weatherford.com.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information on executive compensation is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement for the 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Information on security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management and related shareholder matters is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement for the 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

Item 12(d). Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2022, about the number of shares to be issued upon vesting or exercise of equity awards as well as the number of shares remaining available for issuance under the Weatherford International plc Third Amended and Restated 2019 Equity Incentive Plan, which was approved in connection with our emergence from bankruptcy in December of 2019 and last amended and restated on January 18, 2023.

Equity Compensation Plan Information					
Plan Category (Shares in thousands, except share prices)	Numbers of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights ^(a)	Weighted Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Number of Securities Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (b)		
Equity compensation plan approved by shareholders	4,434	\$ —	3,307		

- (a) Including shares that could potentially be issued if maximum performance metrics were achieved.
- (b) Excluding shares reflected in the first column of this table.

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Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Information on certain relationships and related transactions and director independence is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement for the 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Information on principal accounting fees and services is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement for the 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

- (a) The following documents are filed as part of this report or incorporated by reference:
- 1. The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company listed on page 38 of this report.
- 2. The financial statement schedules listed in Rule 5-04 of Regulation S-X (17 CFR 210.5-04) have been omitted because they are not applicable or the required information is shown in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.
- 3. The exhibits of the Company listed below under Item 15(b); all exhibits are incorporated herein by reference to a prior filing as indicated, unless designated by a dagger (†) or double dagger (††).

(b) Exhibits:

Exhibit Number	Description	Original Filed Exhibit	File Number
3.1	Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of Weatherford International public limited company.	Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2019	File No. 1-36504
4.1	Description of the Securities.	Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 17, 2022	File No. 1-36504
4.2	Indenture, dated December 13, 2019, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., as issuer, the guarantors thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.	Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2019	File No. 1-36504
4.3	Form of Senior Note (included in Exhibit 4.2).	Included in Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2019	File No. 1-36504
4.4	Form of Warrant Certificate (included in Exhibit 10.47).	Included in Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2019	File No. 1-36504
4.5	Indenture, dated August 28, 2020, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., as issuer, the guarantors party thereto and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee and collateral agent.	Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 28, 2020	File No. 1-36504

Exhibit Number	Description	Original Filed Exhibit	File Number
4.6	Form of Senior Note (included in Exhibit 4.5).	Included in Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 28, 2020	File No. 1-36504
4.7	Indenture, dated September 30, 2021, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., as issuer, the guarantors party thereto and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee and collateral agent.	Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 30, 2021	File No. 1-36504
4.8	Form of Note (included in Exhibit 4.7).	Included in Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 30, 2021	File No. 1-36504
4.9	Indenture, dated October 27, 2021, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., as issuer, the guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.	Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 27, 2021	File No. 1-36504
4.10	Form of Note (included in Exhibit 4.9).	Included in Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 27, 2021	File No. 1-36504
4.11	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2022, by and among Weatherford International, LLC, Weatherford International plc, as parent guarantor, Weatherford International Ltd., as issuer, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.	Exhibit 4.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 5, 2022	File No. 1-36504
*10.1	Offer Letter to Girishchandra K. Saligram dated September 9, 2020.	Exhibit 10.5 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30, 2020 filed November 4, 2020	File No. 1-36504
*10.2	Offer Letter to Scott C. Weatherholt, dated July 8, 2020.	Exhibit 10.36 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2020 filed March 18, 2021	File No. 1-36504
*10.3	Offer Letter to Desmond Mills, dated February 24, 2021.	Exhibit 10.7 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2021 filed May 6, 2021	File No. 1-36504

Exhibit Number *10.4	Description Offer Letter to Joseph Mongrain, dated March 11, 2021.	Original Filed Exhibit Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2021 filed on July 29, 2021	File Number File No. 1-36504
†*10.5	Offer letter to Charles W. Davison, Jr., dated September 19, 2022.		
†*10.6	Offer letter to Arun Mitra, dated November 11, 2022.		
*10.7	Form of Deed of Indemnity of Weatherford International plc entered into by each director of Weatherford International plc and each of the following executive officers of Weatherford International plc: Scott C. Weatherholt (July 23, 2020), Girish K. Saligram (October 12, 2020), Joseph H. Mongrain (September 28, 2021), Desmond J. Mills (November 2, 2022), and Arunava Mitra (January 13, 2023).	Exhibit 10.11 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K12B filed June 17, 2014	File No. 1-36504
*10.8	Form of Deed of Indemnity of Weatherford International Ltd entered into by each director of Weatherford International plc and each of the following executive officers of Weatherford International plc: Scott C. Weatherholt (July 23, 2020), Girish K. Saligram (October 12, 2020), Joseph H. Mongrain (September 28, 2021), Desmond J. Mills (November 2, 2022), and Arunava Mitra (January 13, 2023).	Exhibit 10.12 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K12B filed June 17, 2014	File No. 1-36504
*10.9	Third Amended and Restated Weatherford International PLC Change in Control Severance Plan.	Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 23, 2023	File No. 1-36504
†*10.10	Amended and Restated Weatherford International plc Executive Severance Plan.		
†*10.11	Amended and Restated Weatherford International plc Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan		
*10.12	Executive Non-Equity Incentive Compensation Plan (as Amended and Restated)	Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 15, 2020	File No. 1-36504
*10.13	Weatherford International plc 2019 Equity Incentive Plan.	Exhibit 10.8 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2019	File No. 1-36504

Exhibit Number *10.14	Description Weatherford International plc Amended and Restated 2019 Equity Incentive Plan.	Original Filed Exhibit Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2020 filed August 14, 2020	File Number File No. 1-36504
*10.15	Weatherford International plc Second Amended and Restated 2019 Equity Incentive Plan.	Exhibit 10.6 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30, 2020 filed November 4, 2020	File No. 1-36504
*10.16	Weatherford International plc Third Amended and Restated 2019 Equity Incentive Plan.	Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 23, 2023	File No. 1-36504
*10.17	Form of Restricted Share Unit Award Agreement.	Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 20, 2020	File No. 1-36504
*10.18	Form of Performance Share Unit Award Agreement.	Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 20, 2020	File No. 1-36504
*10.19	Form of Restricted Share Unit Award Agreement.	Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 8, 2021	File No. 1-36504
*10.20	Form of Performance Share Unit Award Agreement.	Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 8, 2021	File No. 1-36504
*10.21	Form of Phantom Share Unit Award Agreement.	Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 8, 2021	File No. 1-36504
*10.22	Amended and Restated Performance Share Unit Award Agreement - Girish K. Saligram (February 17, 2021)	Exhibit 10.24 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 filed February 19, 2021	File No. 1-36504

Exhibit Number	Description	Original Filed Exhibit	File Number
*10.23	Form of Restricted Share Unit Award Agreement	Exhibit 10.7 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30. 2021 filed November 2, 2021	File 1-36504
*10.24	Form of Performance Share Unit Award Agreement	Exhibit 10.8 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30. 2021 filed November 2, 2021	File No. 1-36504
*10.25	Weatherford International plc Short-Term Incentive Plan.	Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 8, 2021	File No. 1-36504
†*10.26	Amended and Restated Weatherford International plc Short-Term Incentive Plan		
*10.27	Form of Executive Officer Restricted Share Unit Award Agreement	Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 20, 2022	File No. 1-36504
*10.28	Form of Executive Officer Performance Share Unit Award Agreement	Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 20, 2022	File No. 1-36504
*10.29	Form of Non-Executive Director Restricted Share Unit Award Agreement	Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 20, 2022	File No. 1-36504
*10.30	Form of Executive Officer Restricted Share Unit Award Agreement adopted January 18, 2023.	Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 23, 2023	File No. 1-36504
*10.31	Form of Executive Officer Performance Share Unit Award Agreement adopted January 18, 2023.	Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 23, 2023	File No. 1-36504
*10.32	Form of Non- Executive Director Restricted Share Unit Award Agreement adopted January 18, 2023.	Exhibit 10.5 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 23, 2023	File No. 1-36504

Exhibit Number	Description	Original Filed Exhibit	File Number
*10.33	Weatherford International plc 2020 Long-Term Cash Incentive Plan	Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 24, 2020	File No. 1-36504
*10.34	Form of Long-Term Cash Incentive Plan Award Agreement.	Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 24, 2020	File No. 1-36504
*10.35	Form of Long-Term Cash Incentive Plan Award Agreement.	Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 20, 2020	File No. 1-36504
*10.36	LTCIP Amended Award Agreement, adopted March 17, 2021.	Exhibit 10.37 of the Company's Annual Report on the Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2020 filed March 18, 2021	File No. 1-36504
10.37	LC Credit Agreement, dated December 13, 2019 (as amended by Amendment No.1, dated August 28, 2020, included in Exhibit 10.38 below), by and among Weatherford International Ltd., Weatherford International plc, Weatherford International LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas and the lenders party thereto from time to time.	Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2019	File No. 1-36504
10.38	Amendment No. 1 to LC Credit Agreement and Amendment No. 1. To U.S. Security Agreement, dated August 28, 2020, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., Weatherford International plc, Weatherford International LLC, the other guarantors of the LC Credit Agreement, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas and the lenders under the LC Credit Agreement.	Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 28, 2020	File No. 1-36504
10.39	Amendment No. 2 to LC Credit Agreement dated September 20, 2021, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., Weatherford International plc, Weatherford International LLC, the other guarantors party thereto, Deutsche Bank Trust Company. Americas, BTA Institutional Services Australia Limited and the lenders under the LC Credit Agreement.	Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 20, 2021	File No. 1-36504
10.40	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated October 17, 2022, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., Weatherford International, LLC, Weatherford International plc, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent, and the lenders party thereto from time to time.	Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 18, 2022	File No. 1-36504

Exhibit Number	Description	Original Filed Exhibit	File Number
10.41	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of November 22, 2022, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., Weatherford International, LLC, Weatherford Canada Ltd., Weatherford International plc and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent.	Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 28, 2022	File No. 1-36504
10.42	Additional Lender Supplement, dated as of November 22, 2022, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., Weatherford International, LLC, Weatherford International plc, ATB Financial and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent.	Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 28, 2022	File No. 1-36504
10.43	Canadian Borrower Joinder, dated as of November 22, 2022, by Weatherford Canada Ltd. and delivered to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent.	Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 28, 2022	File No. 1-36504
†10.44	Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of January 6, 2023 by and among Weatherford International Ltd., Weatherford International, LLC, Weatherford Canada Ltd., and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent.		
10.45	Intercreditor Agreement by and between Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, Weatherford International plc and the grantors party there to from time to time, dated December 13, 2019.	Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2019	File No. 1-36504
10.46	Intercreditor Agreement, dated August 28, 2020, by and among Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, Wilmington Trust National Association, BTA Institutional Services Australia Limited, Weatherford International plc and the grantors parties there to from time to time.	Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 28, 2020	File No. 1-36504
10.47	Warrant Agreement by and between Weatherford International plc and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, dated December 13, 2019.	Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2019	File No. 1-36504
10.48	Purchase Agreement dated September 21, 2021, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., as issuer, the guarantors party thereto, the initial purchasers party thereto and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., as representative of the initial purchasers.	Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30. 2021 filed November 2, 2021	File No. 1-36504

Exhibit Number	Description	Original Filed Exhibit	File Number
10.49	Backstop Agreement dated September 20, 2021, by and among Weatherford International Ltd., as issuer, the guarantors party thereto and certain funds managed by Franklin Advisers, Inc., as commitment parties thereto.	Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30. 2021 filed November 2, 2021	File No. 1-36504
10.50	Registration Rights Agreement by and among Weatherford International plc and certain stockholders thereto, dated December 13, 2019.*	Exhibit 10.5 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2019	File No. 1-36504
†*10.51	Confidentiality and Restricted Covenant Agreement		
†21.1	Subsidiaries of Weatherford International plc		
†23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP		
†31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
†31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
††32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
††32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
†101.INS	•		
†101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document		
†101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document		
†101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document		
†101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document		
†101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document		
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)		

^{*} Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

As permitted by Item 601(b)(4)(iii)(A) of Regulation S-K, the Company has not filed with this Annual Report on Form 10-K certain instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries because the total amount of securities authorized under any of such instruments does not exceed 10% of the total assets of the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis. We will furnish a copy of any of such instruments to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request. We will furnish to any requesting shareholder a copy of any of the above named exhibits upon the payment of our reasonable expenses of obtaining, duplicating and mailing the requested exhibits. All requests for copies of exhibits should be made in writing to our U.S. Investor Relations Department at 2000 St James Place, Houston, TX 77056.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

[†] Filed herewith.

^{††} Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below hereby constitutes and appoints Girishchandra K. Saligram and Arunava Mitra and each of them, individually, his or her true and lawful agent, proxy and attorney-in-fact, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him or her and in his or her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, or any of them, or their or his substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue thereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Weatherford International plc

/s/ Girishchandra K. Saligram
Girishchandra K. Saligram
President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
(Principal Executive Officer)
Date: February 8, 2023

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signatures	Title	Date
/s/ Girishchandra K. Saligram Girishchandra K. Saligram	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	February 8, 2023
/s/ Arunava Mitra Arunava Mitra	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	February 8, 2023
/s/ Desmond J. Mills Desmond J. Mills	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 8, 2023
/s/ Charles M. Sledge Charles M. Sledge	Chairman of the Board and Director	February 8, 2023
/s/ Benjamin C. Duster IV Benjamin C. Duster IV	Director	February 8, 2023
/s/ Neal P. Goldman Neal P. Goldman	Director	February 8, 2023
/s/ Jacqueline Mutschler Jacqueline Mutschler	Director	February 8, 2023

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September 19, 2022

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Charles Davison

Dear Chuck,

At Weatherford, we have an exceptional team of people working together across the globe to solve the toughest energy challenges through a unique portfolio of technologies and safe, efficient processes.

We are delighted to extend the following job offer to join us at Weatherford.

We look forward to working with you and believe that you can make a very significant, positive contribution to the success of Weatherford. Our company offers you an opportunity to put your experience, abilities, dedication, energy and creativity to excellent use. Welcome to the Team!

We appreciate your careful consideration of the terms and conditions included in this offer letter. A summary of your benefits can be found on the following pages.

This offer is contingent upon you successfully providing the necessary pre-hire documentation (including evidence of your right to work) and successful completion of any pre-hire testing relevant to your employment location.

Please review the enclosed information and contact me if you have any questions or concerns. I would appreciate your acceptance of this new opportunity by signing below and returning your signed copy as soon as possible. The offer will remain open until 5:00 pm Central Time on September 23, 2022 after which time it will automatically expire.

We look forward to welcoming you to Weatherford.

Sincerely,

/s/ Joseph H Mongrain

Joseph H Mongrain EVP and Chief People Officer

Weatherford Human Resources On and behalf of Weatherford



PERSONAL INFORMATION

Name	Charles Davison
Employer	WEATHERFORD U.S. LP
Position Title	Executive Vice President Operational Excellence
Location	2000 ST JAMES PLACE HOUSTON, TX 77056 USA

POINT OF CONTACT

Manager	Girish Saligram
HR Representative	Joe Mongrain

EMPLOYMENT PACKAGE INFORMATION

BASE SALARY US \$475,000

Your base salary will be paid semi-monthly via the normal payroll cycle.

START DATE

September 30, 2022

BENEFITS PROGRAM

We are pleased to offer you participation in Weatherford's benefits program on your first day of employment. Please see enclosed Weatherford Benefits Summary.

You will receive a Welcome Letter from our Benefits Department providing you with your access ID and instructions to complete your enrollment online. You will have 31 days from date of hire to enroll otherwise your plan will default to the basic single coverage.

As an Executive Vice President, you will be eligible to participate in the company's Executive Severance Plan and Change in Control Severance plan. Please see attached documents for detail.

ANNUAL LEAVE 25 DAYS PER YEAR

Entitlement to annual leave will accrue on a calendar year basis and will be pro-rated in the first year of employment in line with your employment start date.

COMPANY HOLIDAYS 10 DAYS PER YEAR

You will be eligible for ten (10) Company designated holidays.

SHORT-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN (STI) 90% "ON TARGET" PARTICIPATION RATE

You are eligible to participate in the Weatherford Short-Term Incentive Plan (STI) applicable to your role. The "on target" participation rate is subject to the rules of the Plan. Any



incentive payout from the Plan will be prorated for your period of employment, calculated from your hire date. Any payout from the Plan is subject to the Company's and your own personal performance, and you must be employed with Weatherford at the time of the incentive payment to receive the same. If you join on or after 1 October of a calendar year, you will not be eligible to participate in the Plan for that year.

The Plan is non-contractual. The Plan is operated at the discretion of the Company and can be changed or removed at any time. Participation in the Plan in one year does not guarantee participation or a right to participate in future years.

LONG TERM INCENTIVE (LTI) INTENDED 2023 AWARD VALUE OF US\$1,070,000

You are eligible for consideration under Weatherford's Annual Long-Term Incentive ("LTI") program. Your eligibility to receive awards under the LTI program is subject to approval by the Board of Weatherford International (or a committee thereof) and subject always to the terms and conditions of 2019 Equity Incentive Plan for Weatherford International, as may be amended from time to time by Weatherford International or any other long term incentive plan that may be adopted by the Board.

This award will be granted at the time of the annual LTI awards in January 2023. We anticipate that the award will be granted with the same distribution and terms as the 2022 LTI grants but this is yet to be ratified by the Board. The 2022 grant was delivered in a combination of time restricted RSUs (50%) which will vest ratably over 3 years from the grant date and Performance RSUs (50%) which, subject to the achievement of the performance metrics, will cliff vest at the end of the applicable performance period.

Any future grants, annual and otherwise, will be at the discretion of the Board and subject to the terms and conditions of the current or future Long-Term Incentive Program in place. The award of any incentive is discretionary, and subject to approval of Management and to the Terms and Conditions of the Award Agreement.

For future LTI awards your target award is set at 225% of your base salary, subject to board approval and discretion

ADDITIONAL LONG-TERM INCENTIVE: WAGE (WEATHERFORD: ACCELERATING GROWTH & EFFICIENCY) INTENDED 2023 AWARD OF 25,000 UNITS

Upon joining the company, you will receive a WAGE grant of 25,000 Performance Based Stock Units. Subject to the terms of the applicable award agreement, if the company achieves the identified objectives during the performance period your PSU award will vest on January 2, 2025.



This offer of employment and your subsequent employment with Weatherford are contingent upon the following conditions:

- Proof of your right to work. You will be required to produce evidence that you have the legal right to work on your first day.
- Satisfactory completion of a company medical examination / drug and alcohol test. You will be required to pass a drug and alcohol test and / or medical prior to commencing employment.
- Receipt of background / reference check. You must complete the necessary background check and / or provide the names of referees (one of whom should be your most recent employer);
- Verification of your qualifications by Weatherford. This will either form part of your background check or you will be required to produce evidence of your educational / professional qualifications to the company before or on the first day of your employment.

By accepting this offer of employment, you certify that:

• You will abide by the terms of any enforceable non-competition agreement you have with your current employer and confirm the fact that you will not bring with you to Weatherford, nor at any time attempt to use, any confidential, non-public information of your current or past employers in the performance of your work for Weatherford.

This letter does not represent an offer of employment for any specified term. Your employment will be at will, which means that either you or Weatherford may terminate your employment at any time for any reason or no reason whatsoever.

Please confirm your acceptance of this offer by electronically signing this offer letter. Upon your acceptance of this offer, you will be contacted to schedule a convenient time and location for the company medical / drug and alcohol test.

We are excited to have you join us and look forward to working together to make Weatherford a leader in the oilfield service marketplace.

Printed Name	Charles Davison
Signature	/s/ Charles W. Davison, Jr
Date	9/19/2022



November 11, 2022

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Arun Mitra

Dear Arun,

At Weatherford, we have an exceptional team of people working together across the globe to solve the toughest energy challenges through a unique portfolio of technologies and safe, efficient processes.

We are delighted to extend the following job offer to join us at Weatherford.

We look forward to working with you and believe that you can make a very significant, positive contribution to the success of Weatherford. Our company offers you an opportunity to put your experience, abilities, dedication, energy and creativity to excellent use. Welcome to the Team!

We appreciate your careful consideration of the terms and conditions included in this offer letter. A summary of your benefits can be found on the following pages.

This offer is contingent upon you successfully providing the necessary pre-hire documentation (including evidence of your right to work) and successful completion of any pre-hire testing relevant to your employment location.

Please review the enclosed information and contact me if you have any questions or concerns. I would appreciate your acceptance of this new opportunity by signing below and returning your signed copy as soon as possible. The offer will remain open until 5:00 pm Central Time on November 25, 2022 after which time it will automatically expire.

We look forward to welcoming you to Weatherford.

Sincerely,

/s/ Joseph H Mongrain

Joseph H Mongrain
EVP and Chief People Officer

Weatherford Human Resources On and behalf of Weatherford



PERSONAL INFORMATION

Name	Arun Mitra
Employer	WEATHERFORD U.S. LP
Position Title	Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer
Location	2000 ST JAMES PLACE HOUSTON, TX 77056 USA

POINT OF CONTACT

Manager	Girish Saligram
HR Representative	Joe Mongrain

EMPLOYMENT PACKAGE INFORMATION

BASE SALARY US \$525,000

Your base salary will be paid semi-monthly via the normal payroll cycle.

START DATE

Upon a mutually agreeable date.

BENEFITS PROGRAM

We are pleased to offer you participation in Weatherford's benefits program on your first day of employment. Please see enclosed Weatherford Benefits Summary.

You will receive a Welcome Letter from our Benefits Department providing you with your access ID and instructions to complete your enrollment online. You will have 31 days from date of hire to enroll otherwise your plan will default to the basic single coverage.

As an Executive Vice President, you will be eligible to participate in the company's Executive Severance Plan and Change in Control Severance plan.

ANNUAL LEAVE 25 DAYS PER YEAR

Entitlement to annual leave will accrue on a calendar year basis and will be pro-rated in the first year of employment in line with your employment start date.

COMPANY HOLIDAYS

10 DAYS PER YEAR

You will be eligible for ten (10) Company designated holidays.

SHORT-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN (STI)

90% "ON TARGET" PARTICIPATION RATE

You are eligible to participate in the Weatherford Short-Term Incentive Plan (STI) applicable to your role. The "on target" participation rate is subject to the rules of the Plan. Any



incentive payout from the Plan will be prorated for your period of employment, calculated from your hire date. Any payout from the Plan is subject to the Company's and your own personal performance, and you must be employed with Weatherford at the time of the incentive payment to receive the same. If you join on or after October 1st of a calendar year, you will not be eligible to participate in the Plan for that year.

The Plan is non-contractual. The Plan is operated at the discretion of the Company and can be changed or removed at any time. Participation in the Plan in one year does not guarantee participation or a right to participate in future years.

LONG TERM INCENTIVE (LTI)

INTENDED 2023 AWARD VALUE OF US\$1,730,000

You are eligible for consideration under Weatherford's Annual Long-Term Incentive ("LTI") program. Your eligibility to receive awards under the LTI program is subject to approval by the Board of Weatherford International (or a committee thereof) and subject always to the terms and conditions of 2019 Equity Incentive Plan for Weatherford International, as may be amended from time to time by Weatherford International or any other long term incentive plan that may be adopted by the Board.

This award will be granted at the time of the annual LTI awards in January 2023. The grant will be delivered in a combination of time restricted RSUs (40%) which will vest ratably over 3 years from the grant date and Performance RSUs (60%) which, subject to the achievement of the performance metrics, will cliff vest at the end of the applicable performance period.

Any future grants, annual and otherwise, will be at the discretion of the Board and subject to the terms and conditions of the current or future Long-Term Incentive Program in place. The award of any incentive is discretionary, and subject to approval of Management and to the Terms and Conditions of the Award Agreement.

For future LTI awards your target award is set at 330% of your base salary, subject to board approval and discretion.

ADDITIONAL LONG-TERM INCENTIVE: WAGE (WEATHERFORD: ACCELERATING GROWTH & EFFICIENCY) INTENDED AWARD OF 40,000 UNITS

Upon joining the company, you will receive a WAGE grant of 40,000 Performance Based Stock Units. Subject to the terms of the applicable award agreement, if the company achieves the identified objectives during the performance period your PSU award will vest on January 2, 2025.

SIGN ON CASH AWARD: \$410,000

Upon your commencement of employment with the company, you will be awarded a cash incentive award in the total amount of US \$410,000 payable on the first pay period of March 2023. The award will be subject to withholding or other similar taxes, if applicable. Should you voluntarily resign your employment with Weatherford or if you are involuntarily terminated for cause within twelve (12) months of the payment, you agree to immediately repay the full amount which has been paid to you without proration.

RELOCATION

Relocation will be covered under the Weatherford Domestic Relocation policy which will be provided to you.



This offer of employment and your subsequent employment with Weatherford are contingent upon the following conditions:

- **Proof of your right to work**. You will be required to produce evidence that you have the legal right to work on your first day.
- Satisfactory completion of a company medical examination / drug and alcohol test. You will be required to pass a drug and alcohol test and / or medical prior to commencing employment.
- Receipt of background / reference check. You must complete the necessary background check and / or provide the names of referees (one of whom should be your most recent employer);
- **Verification of your qualifications by Weatherford.** This will either form part of your background check or you will be required to produce evidence of your educational / professional qualifications to the company before or on the first day of your employment.

By accepting this offer of employment, you certify that:

You will abide by the terms of any enforceable non-competition agreement you have with your current employer and confirm
the fact that you will not bring with you to Weatherford, nor at any time attempt to use, any confidential, non-public
information of your current or past employers in the performance of your work for Weatherford.

This letter does not represent an offer of employment for any specified term. Your employment will be at will, which means that either you or Weatherford may terminate your employment at any time for any reason or no reason whatsoever.

Please confirm your acceptance of this offer by electronically signing this offer letter. Upon your acceptance of this offer, you will be contacted to schedule a convenient time and location for the company medical / drug and alcohol test.

We are excited to have you join us and look forward to working together to make Weatherford a leader in the oilfield service marketplace.

Printed Name	Arun Mitra
Signature	/s/ Arun Mitra
Date	11/15/2022

AMENDED & RESTATED WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC EXECUTIVE SEVERANCE PLAN

WHEREAS, Weatherford International plc (the "Company") considers it essential to the best interests of the Company and its stockholders to foster the continued employment of its executives; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the Company (the "**Board**") has determined to adopt this Weatherford International plc Executive Severance Plan (this "**Plan**") to provide stability and reinforce and encourage the continued attention and dedication of the Company's executives to the Company;

WHEREAS, the Board adopted this Plan as of November 1, 2021; and

WHEREAS, following the Board's enactment of the Plan, the Board delegated the administration of the Plan to the Compensation & Human Resources Committee of the Board (the "Committee"), and the Committee reviewed the Plan desires to amend the Plan as reflected below.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Committee does hereby amend and restate the Plan as provided below effective as of November 30, 2022 (the "**Effective Date**") for the benefit of the Company's executives on the terms and conditions hereinafter stated.

Section 1. *Definitions*. As hereinafter used:

"AAA" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5 hereof.

"Accrued Obligations" shall mean the sum of (i) the Participant's Base Salary through the Employment Termination Date for periods through but not following his or her Employment Termination Date and (ii) any accrued vacation pay earned by the Participant, in each case, to the extent not theretofore paid.

"Affiliate" shall have the meaning set forth in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

"Annual Bonus" shall mean the Participant's annual bonus under the then-current non-equity incentive compensation plan of the Company and any of its Affiliates.

"Applicable Multiple" shall mean (i) one and a half times for the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and (ii) one times for other Participants.

"Base Salary" shall mean the annual base salary paid by the Company or any of its Affiliates to the Participant, including any portion thereof that such Participant could have received in cash in lieu of any elective deferrals, but excluding amounts received under any non-equity incentive or other bonus plan.

"Beneficial Owner" shall have the meaning set forth in Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act.

"Benefit Obligations" shall mean all benefits to which the Participant (or his or her designated beneficiary or legal representative, as applicable) is entitled or vested (or becomes entitled or vested as a result of termination) under the terms of all Benefit Plans in which the

Participant is a participant as of the Participant's termination of employment and to the extent not theretofore paid or provided.

"Benefit Plans" shall mean all employee benefit and compensation plans, agreements, arrangements, programs, policies, practices, contracts or agreement of the Company and its Affiliates

"Board" shall have the meaning set forth in the recitals.

"Cause" shall mean the occurrence of any of the following:

- (i) the willful and continued failure of the Participant to substantially perform the Participant's duties with the Company (other than any such failure resulting from incapacity due to physical or mental illness), after a written demand for substantial performance is delivered to the Participant by the Company that specifically identifies the manner in which the Participant has not substantially performed the Participant's duties, and after the Participant fails to take the corrective action(s) identified by the Company within [15-30] days of delivery to Participant of such written demand;
 - (ii) the Participant willfully engaging in illegal conduct;
- (iii) the Participant willfully engaging in gross misconduct that results or could reasonably be expected to result in harm to the Company's or any of its Affiliates' business or reputation;
- (iv) the Participant's material breach of any written agreements with or material policies of the Company or its Affiliates, including, but not limited to, those relating to discrimination, harassment, performance of illegal or unethical activities and ethical misconduct; or
- (v) the Participant's violation of any fiduciary duty or duty of loyalty owed to the Company or any of its Affiliates.

No act, or failure to act, on the part of the Participant shall be considered "willful" unless it is done, or omitted to be done, by the Participant in bad faith or without reasonable belief that the Participant's action or omission was in the best interests of the Company.

"Code" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Committee" shall have the meaning set forth in the recitals.

"Company" shall have the meaning set forth in the recitals, and shall include (i) any successor to Weatherford International plc (or any successor to it), including but not limited to any entity into which Weatherford International plc is merged, consolidated or amalgamated, and (ii) any Affiliate of the Company, as applicable, to the extent the Participant is employed by or seconded to any such Affiliate or any entity to which the Company may assign this Plan in accordance with Section 9.3.

"Effective Date" shall have the meaning set forth in the recitals.

"Employment Termination Date" shall mean the date on which a Participant has a "separation from service" from the Company within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code.

"Exchange Act" shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Executive" means an employee of the Company who has been designated as eligible to participate in the Plan by the Committee from time to time. For the avoidance of doubt, the Committee shall have the authority to designate additional employees as eligible to participate in the Plan and remove employees from being eligible to participate in the Plan in its sole discretion

"Good Reason" shall mean the occurrence of any of the following without the express written consent of the Participant:

- (i) a material reduction in the Participant's Total Annual Target Direct Compensation, as established by the Committee (for the case of the CEO or Executive Vice Presidents) or by the Company (for the case of Senior Vice Presidents), from the levels then in effect, except if such reduction is part of a cost reduction initiative that applies to and affects all executive officers of the Company and/or all executive officers of any Person that controls the Company equally and proportionately; or
- (ii) for Participants who have a principal office located at the Company's Houston, Texas headquarters location, the relocation of the Participant's principal office to an area more than 50 miles from its location immediately prior to such relocation;

provided, however, that no such event described above shall constitute "Good Reason" unless the Participant provides the Company with notice of Good Reason setting forth the event that the Participant believes in good faith constitutes Good Reason within 45 days following the Participant's knowledge of such event; provided further, that no such event described above shall constitute Good Reason if the Company cures such event within 30 days following the Company's receipt of such notice.

"Independent Tax Advisor" shall mean a lawyer with a nationally recognized law firm, a certified public accountant with a nationally recognized accounting firm, or a compensation consultant with a nationally recognized actuarial and benefits consulting firm, in each case with expertise in the area of executive compensation tax law, who shall be selected by the Company and shall be acceptable to the Participant (the Participant's acceptance not to be unreasonably withheld), and all of whose fees and disbursements shall be paid by the Company.

"Notice of Termination" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3 hereof.

"Other Severance" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.4 hereof.

"Participant" shall mean each Executive who is entitled to severance benefits under <u>Section 2.2</u> based on the provisions hereof.

"Parties" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5 hereof.

"Payments" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5 hereof

"**Person**" shall have the meaning given in Section 3(a)(9) of the Exchange Act, as modified and used in Sections 13(d) thereof, except that such term shall not include (i) the Company or any of its Affiliates, (ii) a trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under a Benefit Plan of the Company or any of its Affiliates, (iii) an underwriter temporarily holding securities pursuant to an offering by the Company of such securities, or (iv) an entity owned, directly or indirectly, by the shareholders of the Company in the same proportions as their ownership of the ordinary shares of the Company.

"Plan" shall have the meaning set forth in the recitals.

- "Q/A-24(c) Payments" shall have the meaning set forth in <u>Section 8.3</u> hereof.
- "Qualifying Termination" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.2 hereof.
- "RCA" shall have the meaning set forth in <u>Section 2.1</u> hereof.
- "Reduced Amount" shall have the meaning set forth in <u>Section 8.1</u> hereof.
- "Release" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.2 hereof.
- "Total Annual Target Direct Compensation" means the sum of (i) annual base salary and (ii) annual short-term incentive opportunity at target.
 - Section 2. Severance Eligibility and Payments.
- 2.1 Notwithstanding anything else in this Plan to the contrary, a Participant shall only be entitled to the compensation and benefits provided under this Plan if the Participant has executed the confidentiality and restrictive covenant agreement substantially in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u> (the "RCA").
- 2.2 Benefits Upon Qualifying Termination. Upon a termination of the Participant's employment relationship with the Company by the Company without Cause or by the Participant for Good Reason (such termination, a "Qualifying Termination"), then the Participant shall be entitled to the following, in lieu of any severance payments or benefits otherwise payable to the Participant under any plan or arrangement between the Company or any of its Affiliates and the Participant:
 - (i) the Accrued Obligations in a lump sum in cash;
 - (ii) the Benefit Obligations (subject to the terms of the applicable Benefit Plans); and
- (iii) provided that, within 55 days following the Employment Termination Date, the Participant has executed a general release and waiver agreement substantially in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u> (the "**Release**"), and any applicable revocation periods relating to the Release have expired, and subject to the Participant's compliance with the restrictive covenants set forth in any written agreement with the Company or any of its Affiliates, including the RCA, and the Release:
 - (A) A lump-sum cash amount equal to the Applicable Multiple times the sum of (1) the rate of Base Salary then in effect up to and including the Employment Termination Date, and (2) the Participant's Annual Bonus at target; *provided*, that for purposes of clauses (1) and (2) of this paragraph (A), such amounts shall be annualized for any period of employment that is less than one full year;
 - (B) A lump-sum cash amount equal to the product of (i) the Participant's target Annual Bonus for such fiscal year, as determined by the Board in good faith, in which the Employment Termination Date occurs and (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days in the current fiscal year through the Employment Termination Date, and the denominator of which is 365. The pro-rata bonus payment described in the preceding sentence shall be without duplication of any payments received by the Participant under the Company's then current non-equity incentive compensation plan;

- (C) Commencing immediately after the Employment Termination Date and continuing for a number of years equal to the Applicable Multiple (or until the date on which the Participant becomes eligible for coverage under a subsequent employer's plan, whichever is earlier), the Company shall continue dental and health benefits to the Participant and the Participant's family equal to those which would have been provided to them in accordance with the dental and health insurance plans, programs, practices and policies in effect immediately prior to the Employment Termination Date as if the Participant's employment had not been terminated (or, if more favorable to the Participant, those provided to the Participant and the Participant's family immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason); provided, however, that with respect to any of such dental and health insurance plans, programs, practices or policies requiring an employee contribution, the Participant (or the Participant's heirs or beneficiaries, as applicable) shall continue to pay the monthly employee contribution for such benefits; and
- (D) Outplacement services supplied by a service provider selected by the Company for a period of six months; provided that such services must commence no later than 90 days after the Employment Termination Date and terminate 12 months after commencement of same.
- 2.3 Timing of Severance Payments. The Company shall pay (or cause to be paid) to the Participant the amounts or benefits specified in Section 2.2 60 days following the Employment Termination Date (other than the Benefit Obligations), subject to receipt of an executed and irrevocable Release. For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 2.3 shall not result in a delay of: (i) any payment of Accrued Obligations that otherwise would occur on an earlier date in accordance with applicable law or the usual and customary payroll policies of the Company (as in effect immediately prior to the Participant's termination of employment) or (ii) any payment of the Benefit Obligations that otherwise would occur pursuant to the terms and conditions of the applicable benefit programs (as in effect immediately prior to the Participant's termination of employment).
- 2.4 Other Severance Payments. In the event that the Company is obligated by law or contract to pay a Participant other severance pay, a termination indemnity, notice pay or the like, or if the Company is obligated by law to provide advance notice of separation ("Other Severance"), then the amount of severance under Section 2.2(iii)(A) otherwise payable to such Participant shall be reduced by the amount of any such Other Severance actually paid to the Participant (but not below zero). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, nothing in this Section 2.4 shall prevent the Board, or the Committee, from making any subsequent determinations with respect to severance payments and benefits payable to a Participant. For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 2.4 shall not apply to any accelerated vesting, payment or settlement of long-term cash or equity incentive awards that specifically provide for such treatment in connection with a Qualifying Termination or similar event.
- 2.5 No Mitigation. The Company agrees that, if the Participant's employment with the Company terminates, the Participant is not required to seek other employment or to attempt in any way to reduce any amounts payable to the Participant by the Company pursuant to Section 2.2 hereof. Further, except as set forth in Section 2.4, the amount of any payment or benefit provided for in this Plan shall not be reduced by any compensation earned by the Participant as the result of employment by another employer, by retirement benefits, by offset against any amount claimed to be owed by the Participant to the Company or otherwise (other than under Section 2.2(iii)(C) if the Participant becomes eligible for coverage under a subsequent employer's plan).

Section 3. *Notice of Termination*. Any purported termination of the Participant's employment pursuant to this Plan shall be communicated by a Notice of Termination from the Participant to the Company or the Company to the Participant, as applicable, in accordance with <u>Section 9.1</u> hereof. For purposes of this Plan, a "**Notice of Termination**" shall mean a notice in writing which shall (i) indicate the specific termination provision in this Plan relied upon and (ii) set forth in reasonable detail the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination of the Participant's employment under the provision so indicated.

Section 4. Successors; Binding Agreement.

- 4.1 Successors. In addition to any obligations imposed by law upon any successor to the Company, the Company shall require any successor (whether direct or indirect, by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise) to all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly assume and agree to perform this Plan in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform it if no such succession had taken place.
- 4.2 Enforcement by Participant's Successors. The Company's obligations under this Plan shall inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the Participant's personal or legal representatives, executors, administrators, successors, heirs, distributees, devisees and legatees. If the Participant shall die while any amount would still be payable to the Participant hereunder if the Participant had continued to live, all such amounts, unless otherwise provided herein, shall be paid in accordance with the terms of this Plan to the executors, personal representatives or administrators of the Participant's estate.
- Section 5. *Settlement of Disputes*. The Participant and the Company (collectively, the "**Parties**") irrevocably and unconditionally agree that any disputes shall be settled in accordance with the RCA.
- Section 6. *Legal Fees*. The Parties shall each bear their own expenses, legal fees and other fees incurred in connection with this Plan; *provided*, that the prevailing Party in any such action shall be fully reimbursed by the other Party for all costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, court costs, expert or consultants' fees and reasonable travel and lodging expenses, incurred by the prevailing Party in its successful prosecution or defense thereof, including any appellate proceedings.
- Section 7. *Plan Modification or Termination*. This Plan may be amended in any manner or terminated in whole or in part by the Board upon 30 days' prior notice to the Participants in accordance with Section 9.1 hereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any amendment to this Plan (or any appendix or exhibit thereto) that adversely affects the benefits potentially payable to a Participant (including, without limitation, a proposed termination of this Plan, or imposing additional conditions or modifying the amount or timing of payment) shall not be effective without the written consent of such Participant, unless such amendment is required by law or a written notice is provided to such Participant at least one year in advance of the effectiveness of such amendment. Any action of the Board in amending or terminating this Plan (or any appendix or exhibit thereto) shall be taken in a non-fiduciary capacity.

Section 8. Parachute Payments.

8.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan or any compensation or benefit program or other agreement to the contrary, if any payment or benefit by or from the Company or any of its Affiliates to or for the benefit of the Participant, whether paid or payable or distributed or distributable pursuant to the terms of this Plan or otherwise, would be subject to

the Excise Tax (as hereinafter defined) (all such payments and benefits being collectively referred to herein as the "Payments"), then except as otherwise provided in <u>Section 8.2</u>, the Payments shall be reduced (but not below zero) or eliminated (as further provided for in <u>Section 8.3</u>) to the extent the Independent Tax Advisor shall reasonably determine is necessary so that no portion of the Payments shall be subject to the Excise Tax (the "**Reduced Amount**").

- 8.2 Notwithstanding the provisions of <u>Section 8.1</u>, if the Independent Tax Advisor reasonably determines that the Participant would receive, in the aggregate, a greater amount of the Payments on an after-tax basis (including all applicable federal, state and local income, employment and other applicable taxes and the Excise Tax) if the Payments were not reduced or eliminated to the Reduced Amount pursuant to <u>Section 8.1</u>, then no such reduction shall be made notwithstanding that all or any portion of the Payments may be subject to the Excise Tax.
- 8.3 For purposes of determining which of <u>Section 8.1</u> and <u>Section 8.2</u> shall be given effect, the determination of which Payments shall be reduced or eliminated to avoid the Excise Tax shall be made by the Independent Tax Advisor. The Independent Tax Advisor shall provide its determinations, together with detailed supporting calculations and documentation, to the Company and the Participant for their review no later than 10 days after the change in control (within the meaning of Code Section 280G). If a reduction in payments or benefits is necessary so that the Payments equal the Reduced Amount, reduction shall occur in the following order: (i) first by reducing or eliminating the portion of the Payments that are payable in cash, (ii) second by reducing or eliminating the portion of the Payments that are not payable in cash (other than Payments as to which Treasury Regulations Section 1.280G-1 Q/A 24(c) (or any successor provision thereto) applies ("Q/A-24(c) Payments")) and (iii) third by reducing or eliminating Q/A-24(c) Payments. In the event that any Q/A-24(c) Payment or acceleration is to be reduced, such Q/A-24(c) Payment shall be reduced or cancelled in the reverse order of the date of grant of the awards. The determinations of the Independent Tax Advisor under this <u>Section 8</u> shall, after due consideration of the Company's and the Participant's comments with respect to such determinations and the interpretation and application of this <u>Section 8</u>, be final and binding on the Parties absent manifest error. The Company and the Participant shall furnish to the Independent Tax Advisor such information and documents as the Independent Tax Advisor may reasonably request in order to make the determinations required under this <u>Section 8</u>.

Section 9. *General Provisions*.

9.1 *Notices*. All notices and communications that are required or permitted to be given hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered personally or upon mailing by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, as follows:

If to the Company:

Weatherford International plc. 2000 Saint James Place Houston, Texas 77056 Attention: General Counsel Email: legalweatherford@weatherford.com

If to the Participant, to the address on file with the Company,

or in either case to such other address as may be specified in a notice given by one Party to the other Party hereunder.

- 9.2 Administration. This Plan shall be interpreted, administered and operated by the Committee, which shall have complete authority, in its sole discretion subject to the express provisions of this Plan, to interpret this Plan, to prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to it and to make all other determinations necessary or advisable for the administration of this Plan (including, without limitation, any determinations regarding eligibility to participate in this Plan). All questions of any character whatsoever arising in connection with the interpretation of this Plan or its administration or operation shall be submitted to and settled and determined by the Committee in accordance with the procedure for the settlement of disputes described in Section 5 hereof. Any such settlement and determination shall be final and conclusive, and shall bind and may be relied upon by the Company, each of the Participants and all other parties in interest. The Committee may delegate any of its duties hereunder to such person or persons from time to time as it may designate.
- 9.3 Assignment. Except as otherwise provided herein or by law, no right or interest of any Participant under this Plan shall be assignable or transferable, in whole or in part, either directly or by operation of law or otherwise, including without limitation, by execution, levy, garnishment, attachment, pledge or in any manner; no attempted assignment or transfer thereof shall be effective; and no right or interest of any Participant under this Plan shall be subject to any obligation or liability of such Participant. When a payment is due under this Plan to a Participant who is unable to care for his or her affairs, payment may be made directly to his or her legal guardian or personal representative.
- 9.4 Governing Law. This Plan shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas, without regard to any conflicts or choice of law, rule or principle that might otherwise refer the interpretation of this Plan to the substantive law of another jurisdiction.
- 9.5 *Withholding*. Any payments and benefits provided for hereunder shall be paid net of any applicable withholding required under applicable law.
- 9.6 *Survival*. The obligations of the Company and the Participant under this Plan which by their nature may require either partial or total performance after the termination of this Plan shall survive such termination.
- 9.7 No Right to Continued Employment. Neither the establishment of this Plan, nor any modification thereof, nor the creation of any fund, trust or account, nor the payment of any benefits shall be construed as giving any Participant, or any person whomsoever, the right to be retained in the service of the Company, and all Participants shall remain subject to discharge to the same extent as if this Plan had never been adopted.
- 9.8 *Headings Descriptive*. The headings of sections and paragraphs of this Plan are inserted for convenience only and shall not in any way affect the meaning or construction of any provision of this Plan.
- 9.9 Benefits Unfunded. This Plan shall not be funded. No Participant shall have any right to, or interest in, any assets of the Company which may be applied by the Company to the payment of benefits or other rights under this Plan.
- 9.10 *Enforceability*. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this Plan shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Plan, which shall remain in full force and effect.
- 9.11 Section 409A. This Plan shall be interpreted to avoid any penalty sanctions under Section 409A or 457A of the Code. If any payment or benefit cannot be

provided or made at the time specified herein without incurring sanctions under Section 409A or 457A of the Code, then such benefit or payment shall be provided in full at the earliest time thereafter when such sanctions shall not be imposed. All payments to be made upon a termination of employment under this Plan shall be made upon a "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code. For purposes of Section 409A of the Code, each payment made under this Plan shall be treated as a separate payment. In no event may the Participant, directly or indirectly, designate the calendar year of payment. To the maximum extent permitted under Section 409A of the Code and its corresponding regulations, the cash severance benefits payable under this Plan are intended to meet the requirements of the short-term deferral exemption under Section 409A or 457A of the Code and the "separation pay exception" under Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii). However, if such severance benefits do not qualify for such exemptions at the time of the Participant's termination of employment and therefore are deemed as deferred compensation subject to the requirements of Section 409A of the Code, then if the Participant is a "specified employee" under Section 409A of the Code on the date of the Participant's termination of employment, notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, payment of severance under this Plan shall be delayed for a period of six months from the date of the Participant's termination of employment if required by Section 409A of the Code. The accumulated postponed amount shall be paid in a lump sum payment within 15 days after the end of the six-month period. If the Participant dies during the postponement period prior to payment of the postponed amount, the amounts withheld on account of Section 409A of the Code shall be paid to the Participant's estate within 15 days after the date of the Participant's death. All reimbursements and in-kind benefits provided under this Plan shall be made or provided in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code, including, where applicable, the requirement that (i) any reimbursement shall be for expenses incurred during the Participant's lifetime (or during a shorter period of time specified in this Plan), (ii) the amount of expenses eligible for reimbursement, or in kind benefits provided, during a calendar year may not affect the expenses eligible for reimbursement, or in kind benefits to be provided, in any other calendar year, (iii) the reimbursement of an eligible expense shall be made on or before the last day of the calendar year following the year in which the expense is incurred and (iv) the right to reimbursement or in kind benefits is not subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit. For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 9.11 shall not apply to any Participant who is not subject to the provisions of Section 409A of the Code. Neither the Company nor its directors, officers, employees or advisers shall be liable to the Participant (or any other individual claiming a benefit through the Participant) for any tax, interest, or penalties the Participant may owe as a result of compensation or benefits paid under this Plan, and the Company shall have no obligation to indemnify or otherwise protect the Participant from the obligation to pay any taxes pursuant to Section 409A or 457A or otherwise.

9.12 Entire Agreement. This Plan constitutes the entire agreement between the Company and the Participants and, except as expressly provided herein or in another agreement that specifically references this Section 9.12, supersedes the provisions of all other prior agreements or policies concerning the payment of severance benefits upon a termination of employment other than those that may be payable pursuant to the Company's Change in Control Severance Plan, as may be amended or restated from time to time, in connection with or following a Change in Control (as defined in such plan); provided that in no event shall payments or benefits provided pursuant to any other severance agreement or policy entitle a Participant to a duplication of payments and benefits pursuant to this Plan.

Exhibits intentionally omitted

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WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC

NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

(Amended and Restated as of November 30, 2022)

- 1. <u>Establishment</u>. The Weatherford International plc Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan (the "<u>DCP</u>") is an unfunded deferred compensation plan for non-employee directors of Weatherford International plc, an Irish public company (the "<u>Company</u>"). The DCP was originally adopted effective as November 1, 2021 and was amended and restated effective as of the Effective Date. The DCP is a sub-plan under the Second Amended and Restated 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the "<u>Plan</u>").
- 2. <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of the DCP is to provide each non-employee director of the Company the ability to defer receipt of Shares issued in respect of equity-based awards received by such non-employee director for her or his service to the Company until a future date chosen by such non-employee director.
- 3. <u>Incorporation By Reference</u>; <u>Plan Document Receipt</u>. This DCP is subject in all respects to the terms and provisions of the Plan (including, without limitation, any amendments thereto adopted at any time and from time to time unless such amendments are expressly intended not to apply hereunder), all of which terms and provisions are made a part of and incorporated into this DCP as if they were each expressly set forth herein. Except as provided otherwise herein, any capitalized term not defined in this DCP shall have the same meaning as is ascribed thereto in the Plan. The Participant hereby acknowledges receipt of a true copy of the Plan and that the Participant has read the Plan carefully and fully understands its content. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this DCP and the terms of the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall control.

4. Definitions.

"Acceleration Events" is defined in Section 11.1 hereof.

"Account" means a hypothetical bookkeeping account established in the name of each Participant and maintained by the Company to reflect the Participant's interests under the DCP.

"Beneficiary" means any person or entity, designated in accordance with Section 13.6, entitled to receive benefits which are payable upon or after a Participant's death pursuant to the terms of the DCP.

"<u>DCP</u>" means this Weatherford International plc Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan, as amended and restated from time to time.

"Deferral Election" means an election by an Eligible Director to defer Equity Compensation.

"<u>Distribution Date</u>" means a date specified by a Participant in his or her Election Notice for the payment of all or a portion of such Participant's Account.

"Effective Date" means November 30, 2022.

"<u>Election Notice</u>" means the notice or notices established from time to time by the Committee for making Deferral Elections under the DCP. The Election Notice includes

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the amount or percentage of Equity Compensation; the Distribution Date(s); and the form of payment. The form Election Notice is attached hereto and incorporated herein as <u>Exhibit "A"</u>. Each Election Notice shall become irrevocable as of the last day of the Election Period.

"<u>Election Period</u>" means the period established by the Committee with respect to each Plan Year during which Deferral Elections for such Plan Year must be made in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code, as follows:

- (a) <u>General Rule</u>. Except as provided in (b) below, the Election Period shall end no later than the last day of the Plan Year immediately preceding the Plan Year to which the Deferral Election relates.
- (b) <u>Newly Eligible Directors</u>. The Election Period for newly Eligible Directors shall end no later than thirty (30) days after the non-employee director first becomes eligible to participate in the DCP and shall apply only with respect to compensation earned after the date of the Deferral Election.

"Eligible Director" means each non-employee director of the Company.

"<u>Equity Compensation</u>" means any equity-based incentive compensation awards received by a Participant for his or her service as a Director pursuant to the Plan or any successor thereto.

"<u>Participant</u>" means an Eligible Director who elects to participate in the DCP by filing an Election Notice in accordance with Section 6.1 and any former Eligible Director who continues to be entitled to a benefit under the DCP.

"Plan Year" means the twelve (12) consecutive month period which begins on January 1 and ends on the following December 31.

"Separation from Service" has the meaning set forth in Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(i) of the Code and Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-1(h).

"<u>Unforeseeable Emergency</u>" means a severe financial hardship of the Participant resulting from (a) an illness or accident of the Participant, the Participant's spouse, or the Participant's dependent; (b) a loss of the Participant's property due to casualty; or (c) such other similar extraordinary and unforeseeable circumstances arising as a result of events beyond the control of the Participant, all as determined in the sole discretion of the Committee.

5. Eligibility; Participation.

5.1 <u>Requirements for Participation</u>. Any Eligible Director may participate in the DCP commencing as of the date on which he or she becomes an Eligible Director. An Eligible Director may become a Participant in the DCP by making a Deferral Election in accordance with Section 6. If a Participant ceases to be an Eligible Director for a Plan Year, then the Participant's Deferral Elections shall no longer be effective but such Participant's Account shall continue to be credited with earnings and losses until the applicable Determination Date.

6. Election Procedures.

- 6.1 <u>Deferral Election</u>. An Eligible Director may elect to defer Equity Compensation by completing an Election Notice and filing it with the Committee during the Election Period. The Election Notice must specify:
 - (a) The number of Shares or percentage of Equity Compensation to be deferred;
 - (b) The Distribution Date for the Participant's Account (subject to the provisions of the DCP); and
 - (c) The form of payment for the Participant's Account.
- 6.2 Equity Compensation Deferrals. A Participant may elect to defer receipt of up to 100% of the Participant's Equity Compensation for any Plan Year by making a Deferral Election in accordance with this Section 6. Equity Compensation Deferrals shall be credited to the Participant's Account as of the date the deferred Equity Compensation otherwise would have been settled. In the event a Participant elects to defer receipt of the Participant's Equity Compensation, such election must provide for the deferral of Equity Compensation for a minimum of three (3) years and may provide for the deferral of Equity Compensation for a maximum of five (5) years.

7. Accounts and Investment Options.

- 7.1 <u>Establishment of Accounts</u>. The Company shall establish and maintain an Account for each Participant. The Company may establish more than one Account on behalf of any Participant as deemed necessary by the Committee for administrative purposes.
- 7.2 <u>Crediting of Account</u>. The Committee will credit to the Participant's Account a number of Restricted Share Units equal to the number of Shares otherwise deliverable to the Participant in respect of the deferred Equity Compensation absent such Participant's Deferral Election. The number of Restricted Share Units credited to a Participant's Account are subject to adjustment in accordance with the terms of the Plan.
- 7.3 <u>Dividend Equivalents</u>. As of the date of payment of any cash dividend on Shares (if any), the Committee will credit to the stock Account a number of Restricted Share Units denominated in Shares equal to the cash dividend per share times the number of Restricted Share Units credited to the stock Account as of the dividend record date divided by the Fair Market Value of the Shares on the dividend record date. As of the date of payment of any stock dividend on Shares, the Committee will credit to the Account a number of Restricted Share Units equal to the stock dividend declared times the number of Restricted Share Units credited to the Account as of the dividend record date.
- 7.4 <u>Nature of Accounts</u>. The Account is maintained for bookkeeping purposes only. Restricted Share Units credited to the Account are not considered actual Shares of the Company for any purpose and a Participant will have no rights as a stockholder with respect to the same. Shares will include fractional Restricted Share Units computed to three decimal places.

8. Vesting.

8.1 <u>Vesting of Equity Compensation Deferrals</u>. Participants shall be fully vested at all times in their Equity Compensation deferrals and any dividend equivalents made with respect thereto.

- 9. Payment of Participant Accounts.
- 9.1 <u>In General</u>. Payment of a Participant's Account shall be made on the earliest to occur of the following events (each a "Payment Event"):
 - (a) The Distribution Date specified in the Participant's Deferral Election; provided that, the Participant must select from among the available Distribution Date(s) designated by the Committee and set forth in the Election Notice;
 - (b) The Participant's Separation from Service;
 - (c) The Participant's death;
 - (d) The Participant's Disability; and
 - (e) The occurrence of a Change in Control, which, for the avoidance of doubt, for the purposes of the DCP, must also constitute a "change in control event," as defined in Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(i)(5).
- 9.2 <u>Timing of Payments</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 9, payments shall be made or commence within 10 business days following a Payment Event.
- 9.3 Form of Payment. Each Participant shall specify in his or her Election Notice the form of payment for amounts in his or her Account that are covered by the election. In the absence of a valid election with respect to form of payment, amounts will be paid under Option 2 on the Election Notice.
- 9.4 <u>Medium of Payment</u>. Payment of a Participant's Account shall be made either (a) in a number of Shares equal to the number of Restricted Share Units subject to the applicable deferral election, or (b) in the following two forms: (i) an amount in cash equal to the Fair Market Value of the Restricted Share Units subject to the applicable deferral election at the time of the Payment Event multiplied by the then-effective highest marginal federal income tax rate, and (ii) a number of Shares equal to the remaining number of Restricted Share Units subject to the applicable deferral election after payment of subsection (i) above; <u>provided</u> any fractional shares under either (a) or (b) shall be paid in cash based on the Fair Market Value of the Shares at the time of the Payment Event.
- 10. <u>Payments Due to Unforeseeable Emergency.</u>
- 10.1 Request for Payment. If a Participant suffers an Unforeseeable Emergency, he or she may submit a written request to the Committee for payment of his or her Account.
- 10.2No Payment If Other Relief Available. The Committee will evaluate the Participant's request for payment due to an Unforeseeable Emergency taking into account the Participant's circumstances and the requirements of Section 409A of the Code. In no event will payments be made pursuant to this Section 10 to the extent that the Participant's hardship can be relieved: (a) through reimbursement or compensation by insurance or otherwise; or (b) by liquidation of the Participant's assets, to the extent that liquidation of the Participant's assets would not itself cause severe financial hardship; or (c) by the cessation of deferrals under the DCP.
- 10.3 <u>Limitation on Payment Amount</u>. The amount of any payment made on account of an Unforeseeable Emergency shall not exceed the amount reasonably necessary to satisfy the Participant's financial need, including amounts necessary to pay any Federal, state or

local income taxes or penalties reasonably anticipated to result from the payment, as determined by the Committee.

10.4<u>Timing of Payment</u>. Payments shall be made from a Participant's Account as soon as practicable and in any event within 10 business days following the Committee's determination that an Unforeseeable Emergency has occurred and authorization of payment from the Participant's Account.

11. Acceleration Events.

- 11.1 Permissible Acceleration Events. Notwithstanding anything in the DCP to the contrary, the Committee, in its sole discretion, may accelerate payment of all or a portion of a Participant's Account upon the occurrence of any of the events ("Acceleration Events") set forth in this Section 11. The Committee's determination of whether payment may be accelerated in accordance with this Section 11 shall be made in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(j)(4).
 - (a) <u>Domestic Relations Orders</u>. The Committee may accelerate payment of a Participant's Account to the extent necessary to comply with a domestic relations order (as defined in Section 414(p)(1)(B) of the Code).
 - (b) <u>Limited Cashouts</u>. The Committee may accelerate payment of a Participant's Account to the extent that (i) the aggregate amount in the Participant's Account does not exceed the applicable dollar amount under Section 402(g)(1) (B) of the Code, (ii) the payment results in the termination of the Participant's entire interest in the DCP and any plans that are aggregated with the DCP pursuant to Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-1(c)(2), and (iii) the Committee's decision to cash out the Participant's Account is evidenced in writing no later than the date of payment.
 - (c) <u>Payment Upon Income Inclusion</u>. The Committee may accelerate payment of all or a portion of a Participant's Account to the extent that the DCP fails to meet the requirements of Section 409A of the Code; provided that, the amount accelerated shall not exceed the amount required to be included in income as a result of the failure to comply with Section 409A of the Code.
 - (d) <u>Termination of the DCP</u>. The Committee may accelerate payment of all or a portion of a Participant's Account upon termination of the DCP in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(j)(4)(ix).
 - (e) <u>Certain Offsets</u>. The Committee may accelerate payment of all or a portion of the Participant's Account to satisfy a debt of the Participant to the Company incurred in the ordinary course of the service relationship between the Company and the Participant; provided, however, the amount accelerated shall not exceed \$5,000 and the payment shall be made at the same time and in the same amount as the debt otherwise would have been due and collected from the Participant.
 - (f) <u>Bona Fide Disputes as to Right to Payment</u>. The Committee may accelerate payment of all or a portion of a Participant's Account where the payment is part of a settlement between the Company and the Participant of an arm's length, bona fide dispute as to the Participant's right to the deferred amount.

12. <u>Amendment and Termination</u>.

12.1The Board may, at any time, and in its discretion, alter, amend, modify, suspend or terminate the DCP or any portion thereof; provided, however, that no such amendment, modification, suspension or termination shall, without the consent of a Participant, adversely affect such Participant's rights with respect to amounts credited to or accrued in his or her Account and provided, further, that, no payment of benefits shall occur upon termination of the DCP unless the requirements of Section 409A of the Code have been met.

13. <u>Miscellaneous</u>.

- 13.1No Employment or Other Service Rights. Nothing in the DCP or any instrument executed pursuant thereto shall confer upon any Participant any right to continue to serve the Company or interfere in any way with the right of the Company to terminate the Participant's service at any time with or without notice and with or without cause.
- 13.2 <u>Governing Law</u>. The DCP shall be administered, construed and governed in all respects under and by the laws of Texas, without reference to the principles of conflicts of law (except and to the extent preempted by applicable Federal law).
- 13.3 Section 409A of the Code. The DCP is intended to either comply with, or be exempt from, the requirements of Section 409A of the Code. To the extent that the DCP is not exempt from the requirements of Section 409A of the Code, the DCP is intended to comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and shall be limited, construed and interpreted in accordance with such intent. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event whatsoever shall the Company be liable for any additional tax, interest, income inclusion or other penalty that may be imposed on a Participant by Section 409A of the Code or for damages for failing to comply with Section 409A of the Code.
- 13.4The Company intends that the DCP comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and shall be operated and interpreted consistent with that intent. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company makes no representation that the DCP complies with Section 409A of the Code and shall have no liability to any Participant for any failure to comply with Section 409A of the Code.
- 13.5 <u>General Assets/Trust</u>. All amounts provided under the DCP shall be paid from the general assets of the Company and no separate fund shall be established to secure payment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may, but need not, establish a rabbi trust to assist it in funding any DCP obligations.
- 13.6 No Warranties. Neither the Company nor the Committee warrants or represents that the value of any Participant's Account will increase. Each Participant assumes the risk in connection with the deemed investment of his or her Account.
- 13.7<u>Beneficiary Designation</u>. Each Participant under the DCP may from time to time name any beneficiary or beneficiaries to receive the Participant's interest in the DCP in the event of the Participant's death. Each designation will revoke all prior designations by the same Participant, shall be in a form reasonably prescribed by the Committee and shall be effective only when filed by the Participant in writing with the Company during the Participant's lifetime. If a Participant fails to designate a beneficiary, then the Participant's designated beneficiary shall be deemed to be the Participant's estate.
- 13.8 No Assignment. Neither a Participant nor any other person shall have any right to sell, assign, transfer, pledge, anticipate or otherwise encumber, transfer, hypothecate or convey any amounts payable hereunder prior to the date that such amounts are paid (except for the designation of beneficiaries pursuant to Section 13.6).

- 13.9 Expenses. The costs of administering the DCP shall be paid by the Company.
- 13.10 <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of the DCP is held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, whether in whole or in part, such provision shall be deemed modified to the extent of such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability and the remaining provisions shall not be affected.
- 13.11 <u>Headings and Subheadings</u>. Headings and subheadings in the DCP are for convenience only and are not to be considered in the construction of the provisions hereof.

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Exhibit intentionally omitted

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WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC SHORT-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

(Amended and Restated as of January 18, 2023)

- 1. <u>Purpose</u>. This Weatherford International plc (the "<u>Company</u>") Short-Term Incentive Plan (the "<u>Plan</u>") is designed to align the interests of the Company and eligible employees of the Company and its subsidiaries.
- 2. <u>Adoption of the Plan</u>. The Plan was originally adopted effective as of January 1, 2021 and was amended and restated by the Committee effective as of January 18, 2023 (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"). The Plan shall be in effect from the Effective Date, may be amended from time to time, and shall continue until terminated by the Committee.
- 3. <u>General</u>. The compensation provided under the Plan is intended to be in addition to all other compensation payable to Participants under any employment agreement or incentive plan or program in effect with the Company or its direct or indirect subsidiaries (collectively, "<u>Weatherford</u>"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Participant is entitled to participate in or otherwise receive a bonus paid by Weatherford under any bonus scheme, plan, employment agreement or applicable collective agreement provided under the applicable law of the country(ies) in which they have performed services for Weatherford (a "<u>Statutory Bonus</u>"), it is the intent of the Committee that such Participant shall not receive the full amount of the Performance Incentive and the applicable Statutory Bonus (es) in the same Plan Year and the applicable Statutory Bonus shall prevail and supersede the Plan. In those countries where the Statutory Bonus is required, regardless of eligibility in the Plan, the Statutory Bonus will be paid; provided, however, that if the amount of the Performance Incentive exceeds the amount of the Statutory Bonus the Participant is entitled to for the same given Plan Year, a true-up payment will be made in an amount equal to the difference between the Performance Incentive and the Statutory Bonus for the Plan Year ("<u>Performance Incentive True-Up</u>"). If the Performance Incentive for the applicable Plan Year is less than the Statutory Bonus applicable to the same year, payment of the Statutory Bonus shall satisfy Weatherford's Performance Incentive obligations for such Plan Year and no further incentive payment or obligation will be due or owing to such participant for the applicable Plan Year.
 - 4. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Plan:
 - (a) "Board" means the Company's Board of Directors.
- (b) "Committee" means the Compensation and Human Resources Committee of the Board or a designee of the Committee authorized to act on its behalf with respect to the Plan.
- (c) "Company Group" means the Company and its direct and indirect subsidiaries, and each of their respective members, officers and directors.
 - (d) "Executive Officer" means an executive officer within the meaning of Rule 3b-7 of Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
 - (e) "GAAP" means U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
- (f) "Performance Goals" means the Performance Metrics as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion for Participants for each Plan Year and communicated, in writing, to each Participant each Plan Year.
- (g) "<u>Performance Incentive</u>" shall mean, in the case of any Participant, the incentive payable to such Participant under the Plan for the applicable Plan Year.
- (h) "<u>Performance Incentive Amount</u>" shall mean, in the case of any Participant, the amount of the Performance Incentive each Participant is eligible to earn as determined by the Committee (for Executive Officers) or by the Company (for persons other than Executive Officers).

- (i) "<u>Performance Metrics</u>" means the performance metrics (also referred to as key performance indicators or KPIs) used to measure the Company's performance under the Plan, as may be applicable to a Participant from time to time.
 - (i) "Plan Year" means the applicable calendar year.
- 5. <u>Eligible Participants</u>. Each person designated by the Committee (for Executive Officers) or by the Company (for persons other than Executive Officers) from time to time shall be a participant in the Plan and eligible to receive a Performance Incentive with respect to each Plan Year (a "<u>Participant</u>"); <u>provided, however</u>, that any person designated by the Committee or by the Company to participate in the Plan who is or becomes subject to a written performance improvement plan may have their Performance Incentive reduced or forfeited. Furthermore, and unless expressly decided otherwise by the Committee, the following persons shall not be eligible to participate in the Plan for that Plan Year: (i) employees hired after September 30th of the applicable Plan Year, (ii) independent contractors or consultants, (iii) temporary or seasonal employees, (iv) employees of discontinued operations, or (v) employees transferred or promoted into an eligible position after November 30 of the Plan Year. Entitlement to participate in this Plan shall not afford or guarantee a right to participate in any other incentive plans of the Company, and no Participant under this Plan may participate in any other short-term incentive plan of the Company without the Committee's express consent.

6. Term of Participation.

- (a) Subject to the provisions of this Plan, each Participant may earn a Performance Incentive as of the end of the Plan Year, equal to all or a portion of the Performance Incentive Amount, depending upon the extent to which the Performance Goals have been achieved for such Plan Year and subject in all respects to the discretion of the Committee.
- (b) If the Plan is terminated after the commencement, and before the end, of a Plan Year each Participant who is then employed by the Company shall earn a prorated amount of the Performance Incentive (based on the number of days in the Plan Year that has elapsed).
- (c) Any Performance Incentive earned under this Plan shall be paid by the Company no later than March 15th of the year immediately following the applicable Plan Year. If a Participant is on a Company-approved leave of absence on the payment date, the Performance Incentive will be paid as soon as reasonably practicable after the Participant's return to work.
- (d) Except as required under applicable law, a Participant must remain employed by the Company Group through the date on which the Performance Incentive for the applicable Plan Year is paid in order to earn a Performance Incentive for any Plan Year. A Participant whose employment with the Company Group terminates for any reason (including any Participant that has notified the Company of their intent to resign or who have received a notice of termination from the Company) prior to the date on which the Performance Incentive for the applicable Plan Year is paid shall forfeit the right to any Performance Incentive for that Plan Year. Furthermore, each Participant shall have timely completed all safety, compliance and other required training in order to be eligible for their Performance Incentive for any Plan Year.
- (e) The Committee may, in its sole and absolute discretion, reduce or eliminate a Performance Incentive granted to a Participant before the Performance Incentive has been paid for any reason, including by example but without limitation, the Committee's judgment that the Performance Goals have become an inappropriate measure of achievement, a change in employment status, position or duties of the Participant, unsatisfactory performance of the Participant or the Participant's service for less than the entire Plan Year.
- 7. <u>Performance Improvement Participants</u>. Notwithstanding anything set forth in <u>Section 6</u> above, any Participant who is or becomes subject to a written performance improvement plan may have his or her Performance Incentive reduced or forfeited as determined in the discretion of the Committee.
- 8. <u>Performance Goals</u>. As soon as administratively practicable after the end of a Plan Year, the Committee (for Executive Officers) and the Company (for persons other than Executive Officers) shall

certify the degree to which the applicable Performance Goals have been achieved and the amount payable to each Participant hereunder.

- 9. <u>Adjustments to Performance Goals</u>. The Committee may adjust, in whole or in part, any Performance Goals (including any Performance Metrics, formulas, performance-based measures or the targeted achievement levels (including any minimum or maximum achievement levels)) relating to such Performance Goals, as the Committee may deem appropriate and equitable and to avoid undue harm or enrichment to account for any of the following events that occur during a Performance Period, without duplication:
- (a) any changes in financial reporting, including (i) the effects of currency fluctuations, (ii) adjustments used to derive non-GAAP financial performance measures, as reflected in any Company disclosure, (iii) asset write-downs, write-offs, impairments or losses and the positive impact on depreciation and amortization expenses as a result of the impairment for the period commencing on the date of the impairment and ending on the last day of the Performance Period, (iv) gains or losses (or amortization thereof) resulting from any newly-enacted law or regulation, litigation and regulatory claims, charges, judgments or settlements, including legal fees, (v) the effect of changes in tax law, accounting principles, regulatory pronouncements or other such laws or provisions affecting reported results, (vi) accelerated amortization or write-off of deferred financing and debt discount costs as a result of debt repayments or refinancings or (vii) any errors in calculating projected financial results used as the basis for determining a Performance Goal;
- (b) any non-recurring, infrequent or unusual events that (i) would provide the Participant undue harm or enrichment, (ii) are related to accounting and non-operational items, (iii) are the result of reorganization and restructuring programs, capital return strategies or financings or refinancings, (iv) are a major casualty or natural disaster that directly result in gains or losses or (v) are related to any acquisition or divestiture on financial statements, including pre-and post-transition, alignment, purchase accounting adjustments, restructuring charges and integration costs; or
 - (c) any other events, as reasonably determined by the Committee.
- 10. <u>Clawback/Recoupment Policy</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, all Performance Incentives shall be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture or recoupment to the extent necessary to comply with (a) the Company's Compensation Clawback Policy and any other clawback, forfeiture or other similar policy adopted by the Board or the Committee and as in effect from time to time; and (b) applicable law. Further, unless otherwise determined by the Committee in good faith in its reasonable discretion, to the extent that the Participant receives any amount in excess of the amount that the Participant should otherwise have received under the terms of the Performance Incentive for any reason (including, without limitation, by reason of a financial restatement, mistake in calculations or other administrative error), the Participant shall be required to repay any such excess amount to the Company. By accepting a Performance Incentive under the Plan, a Participant shall thereby be deemed to have acknowledged and consented to the Company's application, implementation and enforcement of any clawback, forfeiture or other similar policy adopted by the Board or the Committee, whether adopted prior to or following the date of grant of the Performance Incentive, and any provision of applicable law relating to reduction cancellation, forfeiture or recoupment, and to have agreed that the Company may take such actions as may be necessary to effectuate any such policy or applicable law, without further consideration or action.
- 11. <u>Plan Administration</u>. This Plan shall be administered by the Committee. The Committee is given full authority and discretion within the limits of this Plan to establish such administrative measures as may be necessary to administer and attain the objectives of this Plan and may delegate the authority to administer the Plan to an officer of the Company. The Committee (or its delegate, as applicable) shall have full power and authority to construe and interpret this Plan and any interpretation by the Committee shall be binding on all Participants and shall be accorded the maximum deference permitted by law.
- (a) All rights and interests of Participants under this Plan shall be non-assignable and nontransferable, and otherwise not subject to pledge or encumbrance, whether voluntary or involuntary, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. In the event of any sale, transfer or other

disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's assets or business, whether by merger, stock sale, consolidation or otherwise, the Company may assign this Plan.

- (b) Any payment to a Participant in accordance with the provisions of this Plan shall, to the extent thereof, be in full satisfaction of all claims against the Company Group, and the Company may require Participant, as a condition precedent to such payment, to execute a receipt and release to such effect.
- (c) Amounts due under the Plan are calculated on base (basic) salary, as defined in the general administrative addendum of this Plan, and such payment of amounts due under the Plan shall be provided to Participant in the same manner as Participant receives his or her regular paycheck or by mail at the last known address of Participant in the possession of the Company, at the discretion of Committee. The Company will deduct all applicable taxes and any other withholdings required to be withheld with respect to the payment of any award pursuant to this Plan.
- (d) The Company shall not be required to establish any special or separate fund or to make any other segregation of assets to ensure the payment of any award provided for hereunder. Performance Incentive payments shall not be considered as extraordinary, special incentive compensation, and it will not be included as "earnings," "wages," "salary," or "compensation" in any pension, welfare, life insurance, or other employee benefit plan or arrangement of the Company Group. To the extent there exists any conflict between the terms of this Section 11(d) of this Plan and applicable local laws, the applicable local laws shall apply.
- (e) The Company, in its sole discretion, shall have the right to modify, supplement, suspend or terminate this Plan at any time; provided that in no event shall any amendment or termination adversely affect the rights of Participants regarding any Performance Incentive for a Plan Year that has been earned due to the completion of a Plan Year but not yet paid as of the date of such action without the consent of the affected Participants. Subject to the foregoing, the Plan shall terminate upon the satisfaction of all obligations of the Company or its successor entities hereunder.
- (f) Nothing contained in this Plan shall in any way affect the right and power of the Company to discharge any Participant or otherwise terminate his or her employment at any time or for any reason or to change the terms of his or her employment in any manner.
 - (g) Except as otherwise provided under this Plan, any expense incurred in administering this Plan shall be borne by the Company.
- (h) Captions preceding the sections hereof are inserted solely as a matter of convenience and in no way define or limit the scope or intent of any provision hereof.
- (i) The administration of the Plan shall be governed by the laws of the State of Texas, without regard to the conflict of law principles of any state. Any persons or corporations who now are or shall subsequently become parties to the Plan shall be deemed to consent to this provision.
- (j) The Plan is intended to either comply with, or be exempt from, the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Code Section 409A"). To the extent that the Plan is not exempt from the requirements of Code Section 409A, the Plan is intended to comply with the requirements of Code Section 409A and shall be limited, construed and interpreted in accordance with such intent. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event whatsoever shall the Company be liable for any additional tax, interest, income inclusion or other penalty that may be imposed on a Participant by Code Section 409A or for damages for failing to comply with Code Section 409A.

SECOND AMENDMENT TO AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT

This SECOND AMENDMENT (this "<u>Amendment</u>"), dated as of January 6, 2023, is entered into among WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD., a Bermuda exempted company ("<u>WIL-Bermuda</u>"), WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>WIL-Delaware</u>"), WEATHERFORD CANADA LTD., an Alberta corporation ("<u>WIL-Canada</u>" and, together with WIL-Bermuda and WIL-Delaware, the "<u>Borrowers</u>"), and WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as administrative agent for the Lenders ("<u>Wells Fargo</u>").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Borrowers, WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC, Wells Fargo, and the Lenders party thereto from time to time are party to that certain Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2022 (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified prior to the date hereof, the "Existing Credit Agreement", and as amended by this Amendment and as may be further amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Borrowers and the Administrative Agent acting together have identified certain ambiguities and omissions in the Existing Credit Agreement in that, among other things, the definition of "LC Participation Fee Rate" does not unambiguously state the interest rate to be applied in respect of Letters of Credit denominated in an Alternative Currency that is not Euros, Sterling, Swiss Francs, Yen, Australian Dollars or Canadian Dollars; and

WHEREAS, Wells Fargo and the Borrowers have agreed to amend the Credit Agreement pursuant to Section 12.01(d)(i) as hereinafter set forth to address the foregoing.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Defined Terms; Section References</u>. Capitalized terms used herein but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings provided to such terms in the Credit Agreement.
 - 2. Amendments to Existing Credit Agreement.
- 2.1 The definitions of "Adjusted Eurocurrency Rate," "Alternative Currency," "Alternative Currency Equivalent" and "LC Participation Fee Rate" in Section 1.01 of the Existing Credit Agreement are hereby amended to delete the stricken text (indicated textually in the same manner as the following example: stricken text) and to add the double-underlined text (indicated textually in the same manner as the following example: double-underlined text) as set forth below:

"Adjusted Eurocurrency Rate" means, as to any Loan denominated in any applicable Currency not bearing interest based on an RFR or the Base Rate (which, as of the date hereof, shall mean each of the Currencies identified in clause (a) of the definition of "Alternative Currency", other than Sterling and Swiss Francs) for any Interest Period, a rate per annum determined by the Administrative Agent pursuant to the following formula:

Adjusted Eurocurrency Rate	Eurocurrency Rate for such Currency for such Interest Period	
	1.00-Eurocurrency Reserve Percentage	-

"Alternative Currency" means each of (a) Euros, Sterling, Swiss Francs, Yen, Australian Dollars and Canadian Dollars, and (b) one or more alternate currencies as requested by any Borrower and (i) to the extent relating to any Loan, agreed to by each of the Lenders, and (ii) to the extent related to any Letter of Credit, agreed to by the applicable Issuing Bank, in each case of clause (i) and (ii), with prior written consent of the Administrative Agent (such approvals and consents under this clause (b) not to be unreasonably withheld): provided, however, that if no such rate is available, the "Alternative Currency Equivalent" shall be determined by the Administrative Agent or the applicable Issuing Bank (in either case, in consultation with the Borrowers), as the case may be, using any reasonable method of determination it deems appropriate in its reasonable discretion (and such determination shall be conclusive absent manifest error); provided that, upon the written request of any Borrower, the Administrative Agent or the Applicable Issuing Bank shall notify such Borrower of the sources used to make such determination.

"Alternative Currency Equivalent" means, at any time, with respect to any amount denominated in Dollars, the equivalent amount thereof in the applicable Alternative Currency as determined by the Administrative Agent or the applicable Issuing Bank (with notice thereof to the Administrative Agent), as the case may be, in its sole discretion by reference to the most recent Spot Rate (as determined in respect of the most recent Revaluation Date) for the purchase of such Alternative Currency with Dollars; provided, however, that if no such rate is available, the "Alternative Currency Equivalent" shall be determined by the Administrative Agent or the applicable Issuing Bank (in either case, in consultation with the Borrowers), as the case may be, using any reasonable method of determination it deems appropriate in its reasonable discretion (and such determination shall be conclusive absent manifest error); provided that, upon the written request of any Borrower, the Administrative Agent or the Applicable Issuing Bank shall notify such Borrower of the sources used to make such determination.

"LC Participation Fee Rate" means, for any LC Fee Period. (a) in the case of Letters of Credit denominated in Dollars, Euros, Sterling, Swiss Francs, Yen, Australian Dollars or Canadian Dollars, the interest rate applicable to Loans (if applicable, for a one (1) month Interest Period) denominated in the same Currency—as, plus the aApplicable Margin and (b) in the case of Letters of Credit denominated in any other Alternative Currency, Adjusted Term SOFR for a one-month tenor, plus the Applicable Margin; provided that if, for the avoidance of doubt, the interest rate applied to Letters of Credit denominated in Dollars or to any other Letter of Credit of the type specified in clause (b) shall be Adjusted Term SOFR unless the circumstances described in Section 4.06(a) or 4.06(c)(v) have occurred, in which case the LC Participation Fee Rate is beingshall be calculated by reference to the Base Rate, the LC Participation Fee Rate shall mean the Base Rate plus the Applicable Margin; commencing on the first date of such LC Fee Period (if such circumstances arose prior to the start of the applicable LC Fee Period) or the first date of the next succeeding LC Fee Period (if such circumstances arose after the start of such LC Fee Period), until such time as such circumstances no longer exist and/or Adiusted Term SOFR has been replaced as a Benchmark for Dollar-denominated extensions of credit, in each case in accordance with Section 4.06.

- 2.2 Section 1.03 of the Existing Credit Agreement is hereby amended by deleting "and" at the end of clause (a)(x) thereof, replacing the period at the end of clause (xi) thereof with "; and" and inserting the following new clause (a)(xii):
 - (xii) any reference to "Loans" in any interest rate definition or other related definitions (including the definitions of "Eurocurrency", "Term SOFR", "Eurocurrency Rate Loan" and "Term SOFR Loan") shall be deemed to include Letters of Credit for purposes of calculating the LC Participation Fee Rate and making any other determination with respect to the interest rate and/or Applicable Margin to be applied in respect of LC Participation Fees.
- 2.3 Section 7.07(b) of the Existing Credit Agreement is hereby amended to add the double-underlined text (indicated textually in the same manner as the following example: <u>double-underlined text</u>) as set forth below:

- (b) Neither any Obligor nor any of its Restricted Subsidiaries is engaged principally, or as one of its important activities, in the business of extending credit for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any "margin stock" as defined in Regulation U. No part of the proceeds of any Loans or Letters of Credit issued hereunder will be used to purchase or carry any such margin stock or to extend credit to others for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any such margin stock or for any purpose that violates, or is inconsistent with, the provisions of Regulation T, U or X.
- 3. <u>Payment of Expenses</u>. The Borrowers agree to reimburse Wells Fargo for all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket fees, charges and disbursements of Wells Fargo in connection with the preparation, execution and delivery of this Amendment, including all reasonable and documented or invoiced fees, charges and disbursements of counsel to Wells Fargo, in accordance with Section 12.03 of the Credit Agreement.
- 4. <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. Each of the Borrowers represents and warrants to Wells Fargo that, as of the date hereof, this Amendment constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of each of the Borrowers, enforceable against each such Borrower in accordance with its terms, except as enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, rescue process or similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally or by equitable principles of general applicability.

5. Reaffirmation; Reference to and Effect on the Loan Documents.

- (a) From and after the date hereof, each reference in the Credit Agreement to "hereunder," "thereof," "this Agreement" or words of like import and each reference in the other Loan Documents to "Credit Agreement," "thereunder," "thereof" or words of like import shall, unless the context otherwise requires, mean and be a reference to the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment. This Amendment is a Loan Document.
- (b) The Loan Documents, and the obligations of the Borrowers and the Obligors under the Loan Documents, are hereby ratified and confirmed and shall remain in full force and effect according to their terms.
- (c) Each of the Borrowers, on their own behalf and on behalf of each other Obligor that is a Subsidiary thereof, (i) acknowledges and consents to all of the terms and conditions of this Amendment, (ii) affirms all of its obligations under the Loan Documents to which it is a party, (iii) agrees that this Amendment and all documents executed in connection herewith do not operate to reduce or discharge its obligations under the Loan Documents, (iv) agrees that the Collateral Documents to which it is a party continue to be in full force and effect and are not impaired or adversely affected by this Amendment, (v) confirms its grant of security interests pursuant to the Collateral Documents to which it is a party as Collateral for the Secured Obligations and (vi) acknowledges that all Liens granted (or purported to be granted) by it pursuant to the Loan Documents remain and continue in full force and effect in respect of, and to secure, the Secured Obligations.
- (d) The execution, delivery and effectiveness of this Amendment shall not, except as expressly provided herein, operate as a waiver of any right, power or remedy of any Lender or Wells Fargo under any of the Loan Documents, nor constitute a waiver of any provision of any of the Loan Documents.
- (e) In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Amendment and the terms of the Credit Agreement or the other Loan Documents, the terms hereof shall control.

6. Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Consent to Service of Process; Waiver of Jury Trial, Etc.

(a) This Amendment shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the law of the State of New York, without regard to conflict of laws principles thereof to the extent such principles would cause the application of the law of another state.

(b) EACH PARTY HERETO HEREBY AGREES AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 12.16 WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL OF THE CREDIT AGREEMENT AS IF SUCH SECTION WAS SET FORTH IN FULL HEREIN.

- 7. Amendments; Headings; Severability. This Amendment may not be amended nor may any provision hereof be waived except pursuant to a writing signed by the parties hereto. The Section headings used herein are for convenience of reference only, are not part of this Amendment and are not to affect the construction of, or to be taken into consideration in interpreting this Amendment. Any provision of this Amendment held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to such jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability without affecting the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions hereof or thereof, and the invalidity of a particular provision in a particular jurisdiction shall not invalidate such provision in any other jurisdiction.
- 8. Execution in Counterparts; Effectiveness. This Amendment may be executed in counterparts (and by different parties hereto on different counterparts), each of which shall constitute an original, but all of which when taken together shall constitute a single contract, and shall be effective upon receipt by Wells Fargo of counterparts hereof from each of the Borrowers. This Amendment, the Credit Agreement, the other Loan Documents and any separate letter agreements with respect to fees payable to Wells Fargo or the Lenders constitute the entire contract among the parties relating to the subject matter hereof and supersede any and all previous agreements and understandings, oral or written, relating to the subject matter hereof. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Amendment by facsimile transmission or electronic transmission (in .pdf format) shall be effective for all purposes as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Amendment. The words "execution", "signed", "signature", "delivery", and words of like import in or relating to any document to be signed in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be deemed to include Electronic Signatures, deliveries or the keeping of records in electronic form, each of which shall be of the same legal effect, validity or enforceability as a manually executed signature, physical delivery thereof or the use of a paper-based recordkeeping system, as the case may be, to the extent and as provided for in any applicable law, including the Federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, the New York State Electronic Signatures and Records Act, or any other similar state laws based on the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act.

[remainder of page intentionally left blank]

Each of the parties hereto has caused a counterpart of this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the date first above written.

WIL-BERMUDA:

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD., a Bermuda exempted company

By: <u>/s/ Christine M. Morrison</u>
Name: Christine M. Morrison
Title: Vice President and Assistant Secretary

WIL-DELAWARE:

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: <u>/s/ Christine M. Morrison</u> Name: Christine M. Morrison Title: Vice President and Secretary

WIL-CANADA:

WEATHERFORD CANADA LTD, an Alberta corporation

By: /s/ Christine M. Morrison Name: Christine M. Morrison Title: Secretary

[Signature Page – Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement]

ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT:

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Administrative Agent

By: <u>/s/ Michael Janak</u> Name: Michael Janak Title: Managing Director

[Signature Page – Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement]

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL PLC

CONFIDENTIALITY AND RESTRICTIVE COVENANT AGREEMENT

THIS CONFIDENTIALITY AND RESTRICTIVE COVENANT AGREEMENT (the "<u>Agreement</u>") is made and entered into as of $[\bullet]$, by and among Weatherford International, PLC (the "<u>Company</u>"), and $[\bullet]$ ("<u>Employee</u>"). Company and Employee may sometimes be referred to individually herein as a "<u>Party</u>" or collectively as the "<u>Parties</u>".

WITNESSTH-

WHEREAS, Employee desires to enter into this Agreement upon the terms and conditions hereafter set forth;

WHEREAS, in the continued course of Employee's employment, the Company will disclose to the Employee and the Employee will receive certain non-public, confidential and proprietary information pertaining to the business of the Company and the Company Parties (as defined below), and the disclosure of such information to third parties, and/or the disclosure or use of that information to benefit the business of a competitor of the Company Parties, would cause grave harm to the Company Parties;

WHEREAS, Employee acknowledges and agrees that, as a condition of Employee's participation in the Company's severance plans, Employee must execute this Agreement, which is ancillary to the Employee's otherwise enforceable right to participate in the such plans (subject to the terms, conditions and limitations contained in the respective plan), and that Employee's right to participate in and Employee's right to receive amounts under the Company's severance plans in accordance with their terms constitutes good and sufficient consideration for this Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of Employee's continued employment with the Company, access to the Company's goodwill and Confidential Information (as defined below), and in order to assure the confidentiality and proper use of the Confidential Information and other Company Property (as defined below), and the mutual covenants and promises contained herein, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

Section 1. Confidential Information.

1.1 Except as authorized or directed by the Company in connection with the performance of Employee's duties and obligations, Employee shall not, at any time during Employee's employment with the Company or after Employee's employment ends, directly or indirectly, (i) copy, disclose, utilize, exploit, or make available to any other person or entity any Confidential Information (as defined below) of any Company Party, that has come into Employee's possession, custody, or control in the course of Employee's employment with the Company, (ii) use any such Confidential Information for Employee's own personal use or advantage or the use or advantage of any other person or entity other than the Company, or make any such Confidential Information available to others, or (iii) decompile, disassemble, or otherwise reverse engineer any Confidential Information or any portion thereof, or determine or attempt to determine any source code, algorithms, methods or techniques embodied in any Confidential Information (except to the extent expressly permitted by the Company in the course of Employment). Employee shall hold all Confidential Information in strict confidence and shall take the same degree of care it uses to protect its own confidential and proprietary information or material of similar nature and importance (but in no event less than reasonable care) to protect

the confidentiality and avoid the unauthorized use, disclosure, publication, or dissemination of the Confidential Information.

- As used herein, "Confidential Information" means all confidential information, proprietary information or 1.2 materials, trade secrets, or other non-public information (whether oral or written, whether maintained in hard copy, electronically, or otherwise) concerning, created by, or relating to any of the Company Parties, including any and all information relating to the business, assets, operations, budgets, strategies, studies, compilations, policies, procedures, organization, processes, personal information (including personal information about any current or former employees or members of the board of directors of the Company Parties or their respective family members), business developments, investment or business arrangements, negotiations, prospective or existing commercial agreements, forecasts, costs, revenues, performances, research, profiles, valuations, valuation models or analyses, profits, tax or financial structure, positions or products, financial models, financial results or analyses, other financial affairs, actual or proposed opportunities, acquisitions, transactions or investments, results, assets, current or prospective suppliers, customers, clients, investors, marketers, advertisers, vendors, current or prospective supplier, customer, or client lists (including their identity, addresses, contact persons, and/or status, preferences, strategies, or needs), internal controls, diligence or vetting process, security procedures, contingencies, marketing plans, databases, pricing, risk management, credit files, strategies, techniques, methods of operation, market consultants, computer programs, passwords, know-how, idea, process, technique, algorithm, program (whether in source code or object code form), hardware, device, schematic, drawing, formula, published or unpublished patent applications, data, information technology infrastructure, products, services, systems, designs, inventions, any information, documents, or materials related to oil and gas industry services and technology, to oil and gas industry exploration and production efforts, to oil and gas industry related contracts or agreements, to oil and gas industry drilling plans and potential drilling plans, or to areas of oil and gas field development interest, or any other information, documents, or materials that (i) may be identified as confidential or proprietary, (ii) is required to be maintained as confidential under governing law or regulation or under an agreement with any third parties, and/or (iii) would otherwise appear to a reasonable person to be confidential or proprietary. Confidential Information shall not include any information that is generally known to the public or is publicly available other than as a result of Employee's breach of this Agreement. To the extent this Agreement is not publicly filed, this Agreement also shall be treated as Confidential Information; provided that Employee shall be permitted to disclose the terms of Paragraphs 3, 5, 6, and 7 of this Agreement to any future prospective employers, business partners, or any other person or entity to whom Employee provides (or is seeking to provide) services after the termination of Employee's employment for the purpose of informing such person or entity of Employee's various continuing obligations to the Company Parties. For purposes of this Agreement, (A) "Company Entities" means the Company and each and all of the Company's present, former, and future subsidiaries, parents, branches, divisions, related companies, affiliates, partner entities, and any successor or any permitted transferee thereof; and (B) "Company Parties" means, collectively, each and all of the Company Entities and each and all of their respective present, former, and future officers, directors, partners, principals, members, owners, shareholders, managing directors, employees, investors, fiduciaries, advisees, representatives, and agents.
- 1.3 Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in accordance with the Defend Trade Secrets Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1833(b), and other applicable law, nothing in this Agreement or any other agreement or policy shall prohibit Employee from, or expose Employee to criminal or civil liability under federal or state trade secret law for: (i) filing a charge or complaint with, communicating with, participating in any investigation or proceeding that may be conducted by, or otherwise directly or indirectly sharing any Company Entity's trade secrets or other Confidential Information (except information protected by any Company Entity's attorney-client or work product privilege) with an attorney or with any federal, state, or local

government agencies, regulators, or officials, for the purpose of investigating or reporting a suspected violation of law (including but not limited to a whistleblower retaliation claim), whether in response to a subpoena or otherwise, without notice to the Company Entities; (ii) disclosing trade secrets in a complaint or other document filed in connection with a legal claim (including but not limited to a whistleblower retaliation claim), provided that the filing is made under seal, and any trade secret information is only disclosed pursuant to court order; (iii) discussing or disclosing information related to Employee's general job duties or responsibilities and/or regarding Employee wages, as defined by applicable law; and/or (iv) in any way participating in any action seeking to rectify or address sexual harassment or other illegal conduct, or from making such good faith based allegations relating to sexual harassment, harassment, discrimination, or any other conduct prohibited by law, in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

Section 2. *Legal Process; Cooperation*.

- 2.1 Except as provided in Paragraph 1, Employee agrees that in the event he or she is served with a subpoena, document request, interrogatory, or any other legal process that will or may require Employee to disclose any Confidential Information, whether during Employee's employment or thereafter, Employee will immediately notify the General Counsel of the Company of such fact, in writing, and provide a copy of such subpoena, document request, interrogatory, or other legal process, and shall thereafter cooperate with the Company in any lawful response to such subpoena, document request, interrogatory, or legal process as the Company may request, unless such subpoena, document request, interrogatory, or other legal process (a) is from a court or governmental agency, and (b) explicitly prohibits Employee from doing so.
- 2.2 Employee agrees that during Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter (regardless of whether Employee resigns or is terminated, or the reason for such resignation or termination), Employee shall provide reasonable and timely cooperation, without additional compensation, in connection with (i) any actual or threatened litigation, inquiry, review, investigation, process, or other matter, action, or proceeding (whether conducted by or before any court, regulatory, or governmental entity, or by or on behalf of any Company Party), that relates to events occurring during Employee's employment at the Company or about which the Company otherwise believes Employee may have relevant information; (ii) the transitioning of Employee's role and responsibilities to other personnel; and (iii) the provision of information in response to the Company's requests and inquiries in connection with Employee's separation. Employee's cooperation shall include being available to (x) meet with and provide information to the Company Parties and their counsel or other agents in connection with fact-finding, investigatory, discovery, and/or pre-litigation or other proceeding issues, and (y) provide testimony in connection with any such matter, all without the requirement of being subpoenaed. The Company shall try to schedule Employee's cooperation pursuant to this Paragraph 2.2 so as not to unduly interfere with Employee's other personal or professional pursuits.
- Section 3. Company Property. Employee agrees and acknowledges that "Company Property" shall mean all property and resources of the Company Parties or any Company Party, including without limitation, Confidential Information, each Company Party's products, each Company Party's computer systems and all software, e-mail and databases, telephone and facsimile services and all other administrative and/or support services provided by the Company Parties. Employee further agrees that "Company Property" shall also include any information regarding processes, data, methods, information or other inventions, developments or improvements that Employee conceives, originates develops or creates, solely or jointly with others, during or as a result of Employee's employment with the Company, and whether or not any of the foregoing also may be included within "Confidential Information" as defined under this Agreement. Upon termination of Employee's employment (for any reason), or at any other

time as the Company so requests, Employee agrees to deliver to the Company (and not retain any copies of) all property, proprietary materials, Confidential Information, documents, and computer media in any form (and all copies thereof) relating or belonging to any Company Party, including but not limited to all Company Property. Employee will permanently destroy and will not reproduce or appropriate for Employee's own use, or for the use of others, any property (including but not limited to Work Product) of the Company or any Confidential Information or documents containing information related to Work Product.

Section 4. Work Product.

- Employee agrees that any and all trade secrets, mask works, ideas, developments, improvements, inventions, discoveries, creations, formulae, algorithms, source and object code, data, processes, systems, interfaces, protocols, concepts, programs, products, risk management tools, methods, designs, and works of authorship, and any and all documents, information (including Confidential Information), or things relating thereto, whether patentable or not, within the scope of or pertinent to any business, research, or development in which the Company or any other Company Entity has been or is engaged or (if such is known to or ascertainable by Employee) considering engaging, which Employee has or may conceive, make, author, create, invent, develop, or reduce to practice, in whole or in part, during Employee's employment with the Company or affiliation with any of the Company Parties, whether alone or working with others, whether during or outside of normal working hours, whether inside or outside of the Company's offices, and whether with or without the use of the Company's computers, systems, materials, equipment, or other property, shall be and remain the sole and exclusive property of the Company (the foregoing, individually and collectively, "Work Product"). To the maximum extent allowable by law, any Work Product subject to copyright protection shall be considered "works made for hire" for the Company under U.S. copyright law. To the extent that any Work Product that is subject to copyright protection is not considered a work made for hire, or to the extent that Employee otherwise has or retains any ownership or other rights in any Work Product (or any intellectual property rights therein) anywhere in the world, Employee hereby assigns and transfers (and agrees to assign in the future, when such inventions, Work Product, or proprietary rights are first reduced to practice or first fixed in a tangible medium, as applicable) to the Company all such rights, title, and interest in and to Work Product and other Confidential Information of the Company including the trade secret, patent, copyright mask work, and other intellectual property rights therein or "moral rights" throughout the world, together with all national, foreign and state registrations, applications for registration and all renewals and extensions thereof (including, without limitation, any provisionals, continuations, continuations-inart, divisionals, reissues, substitutions, reexaminations), all goodwill associated therewith and all benefits, privileges, causes of action and remedies relating to any of the foregoing, whether before or hereafter accrued (including, without limitation, the exclusive rights to apply for and maintain all such registrations, renewals and extensions; to sue for all past, present and future infringements or other violations of any rights relating thereto; and to settle and retain proceeds from any such actions), effective automatically as and when such Work Product is conceived, made, authored, created, invented, developed, or reduced to practice. The Company shall have the full worldwide right to use, assign, license, and/or transfer all rights in, with, to, or relating to Work Product (and all intellectual property rights therein). To the extent any of Employee's rights in Work Product are not assignable or waivable, Employee hereby grants the Company a perpetual, irrevocable, worldwide, fully-paid, exclusive license to use and exercise such rights in any manner whatsoever.
- 1.2 The laws of some states prohibit the assignment of certain invention rights (e.g., California Labor Code § 2870; Delaware Code Title 19 § 805; Illinois 765 ILCS 1060/1-3; Kansas Stat. Ann. § 44-130; Minnesota Stat. 13A, § 181.78; North Carolina Gen. Stat. Art. 10A, § 66-57.1; Utah Stat. § 34-39-1 through 34-39-3; Washington RCW 49.44.140). This Agreement shall be construed so that it complies with all such applicable laws. To that end, to the extent

applicable state law requires it, Company provides Employee with the following notice related to Work Product: NOTICE: This Agreement does not apply to an invention for which no equipment, supplies, facility, or trade secret information of the Company was used and which was developed entirely on such employee's own time, unless (a) the invention relates at the time of conception or reduction to practice (i) to the business of the Company, or (ii) to the Company's actual or demonstrably anticipated research or development, or (b) the invention results from any work that such employee performed for the Company. If the state law that applies provides greater invention rights to Employee than as described in the above notice, those greater rights will apply to Employee inventions. Employee agrees, understands and acknowledges that nothing in this Agreement is intended to expand the scope of protection regarding invention rights that is provided to Employee by applicable law.

- Any inventions, if any, patented or unpatented, which Employee made prior to the commencement of employment with the Company are excluded from the scope of this Agreement and "Work Product". To preclude any possible uncertainty, Employee has set forth on Appendix A (Prior Inventions) attached hereto a complete list of all inventions that Employee has, alone or jointly with others, conceived, developed or reduced to practice or caused to be conceived, developed or reduced to practice prior to the commencement of Employee's employment with the Company, that Employee considers to be Employee property or the property of third parties and that Employee wishes to have excluded from the scope of this Agreement (collectively referred to as "Prior Inventions"). If disclosure of any such Prior Invention would cause Employee to violate any prior confidentiality agreement, Employee understands that Employee should not list such Prior Inventions in Appendix A but can disclose a cursory name for each such Prior Invention, a listing of the party or parties to which it belongs and the fact that full disclosure as to such Prior Inventions has not been made for that reason. A space is provided on Appendix A for such purpose. If no such disclosure is attached, Employee represents that there are no Prior Inventions. İf, in the course of Employee's employment with the Company, Employee incorporates a Prior Invention into a product, process or machine of the Company, the Company, as applicable, is hereby granted and will have a nonexclusive, royalty-free, irrevocable, perpetual, worldwide license (with rights to sublicense through multiple tiers of sublicensees) to reproduce, distribute, display, perform (whether publicly or otherwise), prepare derivative works of and otherwise modify, make, have made, sell, offer to sell, import and otherwise use and exploit such Prior Invention. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Employee agrees that they will not incorporate, or permit to be incorporated, Prior Inventions in any Company Inventions, except as authorized in writing by an officer of the Company (other than Employee, if Employee is an officer of the Company).
- 1.4 Employee shall, whenever requested to do so by the Company (whether during Employee's employment or thereafter), execute any and all applications, assignments, and/or other instruments, and do all other things (including cooperating in any matter or giving testimony in any legal proceeding) which the Company may deem necessary or appropriate in order to (i) apply for, obtain, maintain, enforce, or defend patent, trademark, copyright, or similar registrations of the United States or any other country for any Work Product; (ii) assign, transfer, convey, or otherwise make available to the Company any right, title, or interest which Employee might otherwise have in any Work Product; and/or (iii) confirm the Company's right, title, and interest in any Work Product. Employee shall promptly communicate and disclose all Work Product to the Company and, upon request, report upon and deliver all such Work Product to the Company. Employee shall not use or permit any Work Product to be used for any purpose other than on behalf of the Company Entities, whether during Employee's employment or thereafter.
- 4.1 In the event the Company is unable for any reason, after reasonable effort, to secure Employee's signature on any document needed in connection with the actions specified in this Paragraph 4, Employee hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Employee's agent and attorney in fact, which appointment

is coupled with an interest, to act for and in Employee's behalf to execute, verify and file any such documents and to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the purposes of this Paragraph 4 with the same legal force and effect as if executed, verified or filed by Employee. Employee hereby waives and quitclaims to the Company all of Employee's individual rights under patent and/or copyright legislation arising in connection with all Work Product and any and all claims, of any nature whatsoever, which Employee now or may hereafter have for infringement or misappropriation of any proprietary rights assigned under this Agreement to the Company.

Section 5. Non-Solicitation. Employee agrees that during Employee's employment with the Company and for the twelve (12) month period following the termination of Employee's employment (regardless of whether Employee resigns or is terminated, or the reason for any such resignation or termination) (the "Non-Solicit Restricted Period"), Employee shall not, without the express written approval of an officer of the Company (which consent may be granted or withheld in the Company's sole and absolute discretion), whether on behalf of or for the benefit of Employee or any other person or entity, whether as a principal, partner, owner, officer, director, individual, member, consultant, contractor, volunteer, representative, agent, or in any other capacity whatsoever, and whether or not for compensation, directly or indirectly: (i) solicit, induce, or encourage the resignation or termination of, or attempt to solicit, induce, or encourage the resignation or termination of, any employee of any of the Company Parties; (ii) interfere, or attempt to interfere, in any way with the relationship between any of the Company Parties, on the one hand, and any of their respective members, partners, principals, owners, officers, directors, employees, customers, clients, distributors, vendors or suppliers, on the other hand, or (iii) solicit, hire, recruit, employ, engage, or retain or allow Employee's name to be used in connection with the solicitation, hiring, recruiting, employing, engaging, or retention of, any person who as of such date, or at some time during the three (3) months preceding such date, is or was an employee of any of the Company Parties. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing contained in this Paragraph 5 or otherwise contained in this Agreement shall be deemed to prohibit Employee from (i) conducting, participating in, or otherwise being aware of any general solicitation not specifically targeted at any employee(s) of the Company Parties and hiring any such employee(s) who responds to such general solicitation, and the same shall not constitute a breach of this Paragraph 5, or (ii) soliciting for employment or hiring any employee of the Company who has been terminated by the Company.

Section 6. *Non-Competition*. Employee acknowledges that during the course of Employee's employment with the Company, its subsidiaries, and affiliates, Employee will become familiar with the Company's trade secrets and Confidential Information, that Employee will represent, embody, and benefit from the goodwill of the Company in Employee's dealings with others, and that Employee's services will be of special, unique, and extraordinary value to the Company, and, therefore, and as a further material inducement for the Company to continue to employ Employee, Employee agrees that during Employee's employment with the Company and for the six (6) month period following the end of Employee's employment (regardless of whether Employee resigns or is terminated, or the reason for any such resignation or termination) (the "Non-Competition Restricted Period"), Employee shall not, without the express written approval from the board of directors of the Company in the case of the CEO, or the CEO in the case of any other officer of the Company, directly or indirectly: (i) own any equity or other ownership interest in any Competing Business (as defined below), (ii) manage, operate, finance, or control a Competing Business, (iii) serve in a similar role or function as that which Employee performed for the Company for the twenty-four (24) months immediately preceding Employee's resignation or termination from the Company (whether prior to the execution of this Agreement or after the execution of this Agreement) for a Competing Business or (iv) engage in duties for, consult with, advise, or provide services or products to a Competing Business; provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement shall preclude Employee from investing Employee's personal assets in the securities of any Competing Business if such securities are traded on a

national stock exchange or in the over-the-counter market and if such investment does not result in Employee beneficially owning, at any time, more than two percent (2%) of such Competing Business. As used in this Agreement, "Competing Business" means any business that is engaged in direct competition with the Company for the provision of services, technology, and solutions to the oil and gas industry that are the same or substantially similar to those then being provided by the Company; provided that Employee shall be restricted from engaging in any of the foregoing activities only to the extent reasonably necessary to protect the legitimate business interests of the Company Entities, including customer goodwill, trade secrets, other Confidential Information, and the Company Entities' relationship with customers, clients, and investors.

Section 7. Non-Disparagement; Non-Publicity. Except as provided in Paragraph 1 above, Employee agrees that, both during and after Employees' employment, (a) Employee will not directly or indirectly, make, publish, encourage, ratify, or authorize, or aid, assist, or direct any other person or entity in making or publishing, any statements that in any way defame, criticize, malign, impugn, reflect negatively on, or disparage any Company Party, or place any Company Party in a negative light, in any manner whatsoever; and (b) absent the explicit written approval of an officer of the Company, Employee will not (i) comment upon or discuss any of the Company Parties (whether disparagingly or otherwise) on any Media (as defined below); (ii) make any statement, posting, or other communication in, on, to or through any media (whether print, television, radio, the internet, social media, or with or through any reporter, blogger, "app" (such as Instagram, Snapchat, or the like), or otherwise, collectively "Media") that purports to be on behalf of any Company Party, or which a third party may perceive (A) has been authorized, approved, or endorsed by a Company Party or (B) reflects the views of any Company Party; (iii) share, post, transmit, or upload any material related to any of the Company Parties (regardless of whether such comments, statements, or material are disparaging) with, to, through, or on any Media; (iv) utilize Employee's Company email account on any Media or for any other non-work purpose, (v) utilize any Company Party's logo, graphics, trade names, or trademarks on any Media or for any other purpose; (vi) provide any Company Party's promotional material to any Media outlet; or (vii) aid, assist, or direct any other person or entity to do any of the foregoing. Nothing contained in this Paragraph 7 shall (i) preclude Employee from enforcing his/her rights under this Agreement, (ii) restrict or impede Employee from exercising protected rights to the extent that such rights cannot be waived by agreement, (iii) restrict or impede Employee from complying with any applicable law or regulation or a valid order of a court of competent jurisdiction or an authorized government agency, provided that such compliance does not exceed that required by the law, regulation, or order, or (iv) restrict or impede Employee from truthfully testifying in response to a legal process or governmental inquiry.

Section 8. *Reasonableness/Tolling*. Employee acknowledges that the restrictions set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 7 of this Agreement are fair and reasonable, and will not prevent Employee from earning a livelihood after leaving the Company's employ. Employee recognizes that these restrictions are appropriate based on the nature of the services Employee will render, the access to the Company's Confidential Information that Employee will enjoy, the access to the Company's investors that Employee will have as a result of Employee's employment and position with the Company, and the risk of unfair competition that the Company will face absent such restrictions. Employee agrees that should Employee breach any of the provisions of Paragraphs 5 and/or 6, above, the running of the Non-Solicit Restricted Period and/or the Non-Competition Restricted Period shall be tolled during the period of such breach; provided that the tolling of the Non-Competition Restricted Period shall not exceed twelve (12) months.

Section 9. *Remedy for Breach*. Employee agrees that Employee's breach or threatened breach of any of the restrictions set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 7 of this Agreement will result in irreparable and continuing damage to the Company for which there is no adequate

remedy at law. Thus, in addition to the Company's right to arbitrate disputes hereunder (as set forth in Paragraph 10, below), the Company and the Company Parties shall be entitled to obtain emergency equitable relief, including a temporary restraining order and/or preliminary injunction from any state or federal court of competent jurisdiction, without first posting a bond, to restrain any such breach or threatened breach. Employee agrees such suit for equitable relief may be brought in U.S. state and federal courts located in Harris County, Texas for any and all such claims. Employee agrees that venue and personal jurisdiction in such location is proper. Employee specifically consents to the jurisdiction and venue of such courts for the purpose of any proceeding brought to enforce this Agreement. Employee expressly waives any claim that such jurisdiction is an inconvenient or inappropriate forum. Upon the issuance (or denial) of an injunction, the underlying merits of any dispute will be resolved in accordance with the arbitration provisions of Paragraph 10 of this Agreement. The relief described in this Paragraph 9 shall be in addition to any and all other remedies, including damages, available to the Company and the Company Parties against Employee for such breaches or threatened breaches.

Section 10. Arbitration.

Except as provided in Paragraph 9 of this Agreement, the Parties irrevocably and unconditionally agree that any past, present, or future dispute, controversy, or claim arising under or relating to (i) Employees' employment or the termination thereof, (ii) this Agreement, (iii) any employment or other agreement between Employee and any Company Party, (iv) any federal, state, local, or foreign statute, regulation, law, ordinance, or the common law (including but not limited to any law prohibiting discrimination); involving Employee, on the one hand, and any of the Company Parties, on the other hand, including both claims brought by Employee and claims brought against Employee, shall be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act ("FAA") and submitted to binding arbitration before the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") for resolution. The Parties further agree that any claims will be adjudicated on an individual basis, and each waives the right to participate in a class, collective, representative, Private Attorney General Act, or other joint action with respect to the claims. The Parties further agree that the arbitrator may not consolidate more than one person's claims and may not otherwise preside over any form of a representative or class proceeding, and that claims pertaining to different employees shall be heard in separate proceedings. Such arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with AAA's Employment Arbitration Rules and Procedures. Within 10 business days of the initiation of an arbitration hereunder, the Parties shall each separately designate an arbitrator, who shall be a former partner at an "AmLaw 200" law firm based in Houston, Texas and within 20 business days of selection, the appointed arbitrators shall appoint a neutral arbitrator from the AAA Panel of Employment Arbitrators. Such arbitration shall be conducted in Houston, Texas, and the arbitrators shall apply Texas law, including federal statutory law as applied in Texas courts. Except as set forth in Paragraph 9 above, the arbitrators, and not any federal, state, or local court or adjudicatory authority, shall have exclusive authority to resolve any dispute relating to the interpretation, applicability, enforceability, and/or formation of this Agreement, including but not limited to any dispute as to whether (i) a particular claim is subject to arbitration hereunder, and/or (ii) any part of this Paragraph 10.1 is void or voidable. The arbitrators shall issue their written decision (including a statement of finding of facts and the reasons for the award) within 30 days from the date of the close of the arbitration hearing, or as soon as reasonably practicable. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Parties shall treat any arbitration as strictly confidential, and shall not disclose the existence or nature of any claim or defense, unless required by applicable law (including public disclosures under applicable securities laws); any documents, correspondence, pleadings, briefing, exhibits, or information exchanged or presented in connection with any claim or defense; or any rulings, decisions, or results of any claim, defense, or argument (collectively, "Arbitration Materials") to any third party, with the exception of the Parties' legal counsel, spouses and/or tax advisors or such other similar consultants (who the applicable Party shall ensure complies with these confidentiality terms). Except as provided in Paragraph 10.3 below, the arbitrators shall not have authority to

award attorneys' fees or costs, punitive damages, compensatory damages, damages for emotional distress, penalties, or any other damages not measured by the prevailing party's actual losses, except to the extent such relief is explicitly available under a statute, ordinance, or regulation pursuant to which a claim is brought. IN AGREEING TO ARBITRATE THEIR CLAIMS HEREUNDER, THE PARTIES HEREBY RECOGNIZE AND AGREE THAT THEY ARE WAIVING THEIR RIGHT TO A TRIAL IN COURT AND/OR BY A JURY.

- 10.2 In the event of any court proceeding to challenge or enforce an arbitrators' award, the Parties hereby consent to the exclusive jurisdiction of the state and federal courts sitting in Harris County, Texas; agree to exclusive venue in that jurisdiction; and waive any claim that such jurisdiction is an inconvenient or inappropriate forum. There shall be no interlocutory appeals to any court, or any motions to vacate any order of the arbitrators that is not a final award dispositive of the arbitration in its entirety, except as required by law. The Parties agree to take all steps necessary to protect the confidentiality of the Arbitration Materials in connection with any court proceeding (and/or any proceeding under Paragraph 9, above), agree to use their best efforts to file all Confidential Information (and documents containing Confidential Information) under seal, and agree to the entry of an appropriate protective order encompassing the confidentiality terms of this Agreement.
- 10.3 Employee and the Company Parties shall each bear their own expenses, legal fees and other fees incurred in connection with this Agreement; provided, that the prevailing party in any such action shall be fully reimbursed by the other party for all costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, court costs, expert or consultants' fees and reasonable travel and lodging expenses, incurred by the prevailing party in its successful prosecution or defense thereof, including any appellate proceedings.
- Section 11. *Entire Agreement; No Waiver*. This Agreement replaces and supersedes any and all previous or existing agreements, arrangements, or understandings, whether oral or written, between Employee and any Company Entity with respect to the subject matters set forth herein. Employee specifically acknowledges and agrees that notwithstanding any discussions or negotiations Employee may have had with any of the Company Parties prior to the execution of this Agreement, Employee is not relying on any promises or assurances other than those explicitly contained in this Agreement with respect to the matters set forth herein. This Agreement contains the entire agreement and understanding of the Parties with respect to the matters set forth herein, and the terms and conditions of Employee's employment can be modified only in an agreement signed by Employee and a duly authorized officer of the Company. No provision of this Agreement may be amended modified, waived, or discharged except as agreed to in a writing signed by both Employee and a duly authorized officer of the Company. The failure of a Party to insist upon strict adherence to any term of this Agreement on any occasion shall not be considered a waiver thereof or deprive that Party of the right thereafter to insist upon strict adherence to that term or any other term of this Agreement.
- Section 12. Construction/Severability. The headings in this Agreement are included for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation of this Agreement. This Agreement shall be interpreted strictly in accordance with its terms, to the maximum extent permissible under governing law, and shall not be construed against or in favor of any Party, regardless of which Party drafted this Agreement or any provision hereof. If any provision of this Agreement is determined to be unenforceable as a matter of governing law, an arbitrator or reviewing court shall have the authority to "blue pencil" or otherwise modify such provision so as to render it enforceable while maintaining the parties' original intent to the maximum extent possible. In the event that the applicable court or arbitrator does not exercise the power granted to it in the prior sentence, Employee and the Company Entities agree to replace such invalid or unenforceable term or provision with a valid and enforceable term or provision that will achieve, to the extent possible, the economic, business and other purposes of

such invalid or unenforceable term. Each provision of this Agreement is severable from the other provisions hereof, and if one or more provisions hereof are declared invalid, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect. The terms of this Agreement shall survive the termination of Employee's employment with the Company, regardless of whether Employee resigns or is terminated or the reason for any such resignation or termination.

- Section 13. *Governing Law.* This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas applicable to agreements made and/or to be performed in that State, without regard to any principles of conflicts of law.
- Section 14. *Third Party Beneficiaries*. Each of the Company Parties are intended to be, and are, third party beneficiaries of this Agreement and shall be entitled to enforce this Agreement in accordance with its terms.
- Section 15. *Successors and Assigns*. This Agreement may be assigned by the Company. Upon such assignment, the rights and obligations of the Company hereunder shall become the rights and obligations of such assigned party. Employee may not assign or delegate Employee's rights and/or obligations under this Agreement. Any purported assignment or delegation by Employee in violation of the foregoing shall be null and void ab initio and of no force or effect.
- Section 16. *Counterparts*. This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, which together shall constitute one and the same agreement. Facsimile, pdf, and other true and accurate copies of this Agreement shall have the same force and effect as originals hereof.
- Section 17. *Continuation of At-Will Relationship*. Employee acknowledges and agrees that Employee's employment is at-will and nothing in this Agreement alters the at-will status of the Employee's employment with the Company. The Company also reserves the right to modify the terms, benefits, and conditions of Employee's employment at any time.

[signature page follows]

[Employee Name] Date: Weatherford International plc By:___ Name: Title:

Date:

ACCEPTED AND AGREED:

Exhibits intentionally omitted

Significant Subsidiaries

Listed below are the significant subsidiaries of the Registrant as of December 31, 2022, and the states or jurisdictions in which they are incorporated or organized. The names of other subsidiaries have been omitted from the list below, since they would not constitute, in the aggregate, a significant subsidiary as of December 31, 2022.

Name of CompanyJurisdictionWeatherford International Ltd.BermudaWeatherford Oil Tool Middle East LimitedBritish Virgin IslandsWeatherford U.S., L.P.Louisiana

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements (No. 333-256809) on Form S-8 and (No. 333-265636) on Form S-3 of our reports dated February 8, 2023, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Weatherford International plc and subsidiaries and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Houston, Texas February 8, 2023

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Girishchandra K. Saligram, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Weatherford International plc;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15(f) and 15d 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 8, 2023

/s/ Girishchandra K. Saligram

Girishchandra K. Saligram
President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Arunava Mitra, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Weatherford International plc;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15(f) and 15d 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 8, 2023

/s/ Arunava Mitra

Arunava Mitra
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the annual report on Form 10-K of Weatherford International plc (the "Company") for the period ended December 31, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Girishchandra K. Saligram, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Girishchandra K. Saligram

Name: Girishchandra K. Saligram

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 8, 2023

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

The certification the registrant furnishes in this exhibit is not deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section. Registration Statements or other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission shall not incorporate this exhibit by reference, except as otherwise expressly stated in such filing.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the annual report on Form 10-K of Weatherford International plc (the "Company") for the period ended December 31, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Arunava Mitra, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Arunava Mitra

Name: Arunava Mitra

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 8, 2023

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

The certification the registrant furnishes in this exhibit is not deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section. Registration Statements or other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission shall not incorporate this exhibit by reference, except as otherwise expressly stated in such filing.